



The Biostatistics Graduate Program at Boston University (MS/PhD)



Program Handbook 2020-2021



Boston University Graduate School of Arts & Sciences **Boston University** School of Public Health

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Mission Statements

The mission of the Graduate School of Arts & Sciences (GRS) is the advancement of knowledge through research and scholarship, and the preparation of future researchers, scholars, college and university teachers, and other professionals.

The mission of the Boston University School of Public Health is to improve the health of local, national and international populations, particularly the disadvantaged, underserved and vulnerable, through excellence and innovation in education, research and service.

The mission of the Department of Biostatistics:

- To teach students the proper conduct of research studies through rigorous study design and appropriate descriptive and analytic methods that enable valid, interpretable conclusions to be drawn
- To collaborate in research projects to ensure that studies are properly designed, appropriately analyzed, and suitably interpreted
- To develop and evaluate new methods of biostatistical analysis and strategies for study design

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Section

Introduction to the Biostatistics Graduate Program

OVERVIEW

Today biostatisticians play a critical role in studies of risk factors for disease, in assessing safety and efficacy of new therapies in clinical trials, and in the evaluation of patient outcomes. The results of these studies have public health and policy implications. From discussions with investigators about fine-tuning research questions to developing appropriate study designs, planning and implementing proper statistical analyses, and writing up the results, biostatisticians are involved in all aspects of research investigations. The goals of the faculty of the Department of Biostatistics are to participate actively in innovative research, to advance medical and statistical science, and to teach and work closely with students so that they may acquire the knowledge to pursue productive careers in medical and public health research and academia at the highest levels.

Students may pursue graduate study in biostatistics through the Biostatistics Graduate Program, jointly administered by the Department of Biostatistics of the School of Public Health and the Department of Mathematics and Statistics of the Graduate School of Arts and Sciences. The program offers students the opportunity to not only gain expertise in mathematical statistics, but also to specialize in the epidemiologic, medical, and bioscientific applications of statistics. Students are required to take courses in both the Department of Mathematics and Statistics and the Department of Biostatistics. The program offers a Master of Science (MS) in Biostatistics and a Doctor of Philosophy (PhD) in Biostatistics. Students pursue the PhD degree on a full-time basis and can choose to pursue the MS degree on either a full- or part-time basis, although they must complete their programs within a specified period of time as required by the Graduate School of Arts & Sciences.

Students who complete these programs will gain knowledge of probability, statistical inference and hypothesis testing, the design and conduct of experimental and epidemiological studies, statistical computation, and data analysis. Research interests of the Biostatistics department faculty include multivariate modeling, survival analysis, medical statistics, clinical trials methodology, statistical genetics, robust statistics, methods for the analysis of correlated data (longitudinal, spatial) data, estimation theory, and the design of experiments. Further information can be obtained from the directors of the program.



Admission Requirements

APPLICATION FOR ADMISSION

The application deadline for the Biostatistics Program for Fall admission is **December 1** of the prior year for PhD applicants and **May 1** for MS applicants. We do not offer spring admission. All applications for admission are to be completed online through the <u>Graduate School of Arts and Sciences (GRS)</u>. Please review all of the application instructions carefully, including the <u>Frequently Asked Questions</u>.

Department-specific admissions questions should be directed to biostat@bu.edu. Questions about the general admissions process should be directed to the Graduate School, grs@bu.edu.

APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS

- GRS online application
- Official transcripts in English from all colleges and universities attended
- One page personal statement
- Three letters of recommendation
- Official report of TOEFL or IELTS scores for applicants whose native language is not English (see International Students below)
- Previous Coursework Document

PROGRAM PRE-REQUISITES

- At least the equivalent of a Bachelor's degree; no specific undergraduate major is required
- One year of calculus including multivariate calculus
- One formal course in linear algebra (with a minimum of four credits)

Applicants who have not met the pre-requisites will not be considered for admission.

INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS

Students from abroad must submit official English translations of all academic records. **We do not accept transcripts or evaluations from WES.** Official transcripts must be in English and sent directly from the college/university attended. Students must also submit results of the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL), with minimum score requirements of 550 for the paper-based test. GRS policy requires that applicants meet the minimum requirements *of each section* on the internet-based test:

Reading-21

Listening-21

Speaking-21

Writing—21

As an alternative to the TOEFL, the International English Language Testing System (IELTS) is also accepted as proof of English proficiency. The band score of 7.0 or higher is required for admission to the Graduate School of Arts & Sciences.

Applicants who do not meet the minimum requirements of English proficiency are not eligible for admission. This requirement is waived *only* if the student has received, or expects to receive, an undergraduate or graduate degree from a college or university in any of the following countries prior to enrollment in the Graduate School of Arts & Sciences: The United States, Canada, The United Kingdom, Australia, New Zealand, or Ireland. Studying in the medium of English in a country other than the ones previously listed or studying as an exchange student in an English-speaking country without completing a degree program is not sufficient to waive the English proficiency requirement.

Section 3

MS Degree Requirements

OVERVIEW OF THE MS DEGREE

The Master of Science in Biostatistics program is aimed primarily at students with the equivalent of a Bachelor's degree who wish to pursue advanced study in the theory and methods of biostatistics. The program prepares students to function as collaborators on research projects in academia, industry or government, and prepares students for doctoral programs in biostatistics or other quantitative areas of health research.

The Masters of Science in Biostatistics (MSB) was formerly called the Masters of Arts in Biostatistics (MA). The degree's name change was made to more adequately portray the scientific depth and rigor of the degree, and to show a progressive move forward into the modern world of Arts & Sciences education. Students who enrolled in the program prior to Fall 2021 will receive the MA in Biostatistics upon graduation. Students who enroll in the program in Fall 2021 and moving forward will receive an MS in Biostatistics upon graduation. The degree requirements for the previously named MA in Biostatistics and the newly named MS in Biostatistics remain the same.

MS LEARNING OUTCOMES

A candidate for a Master of Science degree in Biostatistics is expected to demonstrate mastery of knowledge in biostatistics by

- Demonstrating mastery at a Master's level of biostatistical theory and application through high achievement in course work and on written comprehensive examinations.
- Demonstrating commitment to advancing the values of scholarship by keeping abreast of current advances within biostatistics and showing commitment to personal professional development through engagement in professional societies and publication.
- Conducting scholarly work in a professional and ethical manner guided by the principles of the profession.

MS DEGREE REQUIREMENTS

The Graduate School or Arts & Sciences requires students pursuing a Master of Science in Biostatistics to:

- Complete the 32-credit curriculum
- Fulfill the Residency Requirement
- Fulfill the Grade Requirement
- Pass both the Theory and Applied Biostatistics Qualifying Examinations
- Complete the MS degree within 3 years of matriculation to the program

MS CURRICULUM

Students in the MS program must complete a total of 32 credits as follows:

Course #	Course Title	When Offered***		
1. Six Core Courses, required (24 credits):				
CAS MA575	Linear Models	Fall		
CAS/MET MA581	Probability	Fall/Spring		
CAS/MET MA582	Mathematical Statistics	Fall/Spring		
SPH EP770	Concepts and Methods in Epidemiology	Fall/Spring		
SPH BS805 or	Intermediate Statistical Computing & Applied Regression	Fall/Spring/ Summer		
SPH BS806	Multivariable Analysis for Biostatisticians	Fall		
SPH BS852	Statistical Methods in Epidemiology	Fall/Spring		
2. Elective	Courses (8 credits):			
CAS MA576	Generalized Linear Models	Spring		
CAS MA583	Introduction to Stochastic Processes	Spring		
CAS MA585	Time Series Modeling and Forecasting	Spring		
CAS MA588	Nonparametric Statistics	Spring		
CAS MA589	Computational Statistics	Fall		
CAS MA592	Introduction to Causal Inference	Fall (every other year)		
GRS MA685	Advanced Topics in Applied Statistical Analysis	Fall		
GRS MA751 [#]	Statistical Machine Learning	Spring		
GRS MA781*	Estimation Theory	Fall		
GRS MA782*	Hypothesis Testing	Spring		
GRS MA861*	Seminar: Applied Mathematics			
GRS MA881*	Seminar: Statistics			
GRS MA882	Seminar: Statistics (Limit 4 credits)	Fall/Spring		
CAS CS542 [#]	Machine Learning	Fall, Spring, Summer		
SPH BS722	Design and Conduct of Clinical Trials	Fall/Spring		
SPH BS728	Public Health Surveillance, a Methods Based Approach (2 cr)	Fall		
SPH BS775	Applications of Statistical Methods in Clinical Research	Alt Springs (even years)		
SPH BS810	Meta-analysis for Public Health and Medical Research	Fall		
SPH BS820	Logistic Regression/Survival Analysis	Spring		
SPH BS821	Categorical Data Analysis	Fall		
SPH BS825	Advanced Infectious Disease Epidemiology (2 credits)	Fall		
SPH BS831	Genomics Data Mining and Statistics (2 credits)	Spring		
SPH BS845	Applied Statistical Modeling & Programming in R	Fall		
SPH BS849 Bayesian Modeling for Biomedical Research & Public Health (2 credits)		Spring		

2. Elective Courses (8 credits; continued):				
SPH BS851	Applied Statistics in Clinical Trials I	Fall/Spring		
SPH BS853	Generalized Linear Models with Applications Spring			
SPH BS854	Bayesian Methods in Clinical Trials	Alt Falls (odd years)		
SPH BS856	Adaptive Designs for Clinical Trials	Alt Springs (odd years)		
SPH BS857	Analysis of Correlated Data	Spring		
SPH BS858	Statistical Genetics I	Fall		
SPH BS859	Applied Genetic Analysis	Alt Springs (odd years)		
SPH BS860	Statistical Genetics II	Alt Springs (even years)		
SPH BS861	Applied Statistics in Clinical Trials II	Spring		
SPH BS901**	Directed Study in Biostatistics	TBD		
SPH BS902**	Directed Research in Biostatistics	TBD		
SPH EP854*	Modern Epidemiology	Fall		

^{*} Must obtain permission from academic advisor and/or instructor to take this course as an elective.

MS PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS AND POLICIES

Residency Requirements: Students must be registered in both the semester in which the last degree requirements are completed and in the preceding semester. For example, if a student plans to complete their degree requirements in the Spring of 2021, they must be registered in both Spring 2021 and Fall 2020.

Grade Requirements: Students must earn a grade of B- or better in all courses applied to the degree.

Responsible Conduct of Research (RCR) Requirement

The Biostatistics department requires all doctoral students who entered the program in Fall 2014 or later to complete the University's Responsible Conduct of Research training each year. In addition, students who started the program prior to Fall 2014 and are funded by an NIH training grant or NSF grant are required to complete the RCR training each year. The University will email students information about the training and a link to the online training modules. RCR consists of two steps:

- <u>Step 1:</u> Complete CITI RCR Training, which consists of self-guided online modules and quizzes, offered through the Collaborative Institutional Training Initiative (CITI) Program.
- <u>Step 2:</u> Complete Advanced RCR (Live) discussion workshops. These four workshops, offered every semester, incorporate faculty mentor-led group discussions around the practical and ethical questions surrounding authorship, conflicts of interest, collaborative science, social responsibilities, research misconduct, mentor/mentee relationships, data acquisition and management, and peer review.

[#] Only one of these two courses may count as an elective

^{**} A maximum of 4 credits is allowed across these two courses.

^{*** &}lt;u>Important note:</u> Please see the <u>BU Course Search Database</u> and the course listings on the <u>BU Bulletin</u> for full course descriptions. Course semester offerings are subject to change; for the most upto-date course offering information, please see the University Class Schedule on the <u>StudentLink</u>.

SPH PH700 Foundations of Public Health

All MS and PhD Biostatistics students must complete the zero-credit, self-paced, online course <u>SPH PH700</u> Foundations of Public Health. PH700 is an online <u>Blackboard</u> course that consists of 17 self-paced modules, which cover foundational knowledge in public health that prepare students to fully engage in their program of study. PH700 fulfills criteria for foundational public health knowledge, as required of all graduate students by SPH's accrediting body, the Council on Education for Public Health (<u>CEPH</u>).

Qualifying Examinations:

The MS candidate must satisfactorily pass two comprehensive written examinations upon completion of coursework. These will require proficiency in the material covered in the six core courses.

The MS Biostatistics Theory Qualifying Examination is given in the spring semester. Candidates must satisfactorily answer four of six questions based on material covered in MA581 and MA582. The MS Biostatistics Applied Qualifying Examination is given in December and in April each year. Candidates must satisfactorily answer a total of four questions based on material covered in MA575, BS805/BS806, and BS852 with at least one question from each of the three course areas.

Students can use one single-sided reference sheet (printer size [8.5in x 11in] or smaller, handwritten or typed) in the Applied examination. A reference sheet is not allowed in the Theory examination. The reference sheet will be collected at the end of the exam.

Students are strongly urged to meet with their advisors to discuss preparation for the Qualifying Examinations. Students are allowed two attempts to pass a Qualifying Exam. The Biostatistics Qualifying Exam Committee will evaluate requests by students to take an exam for the third time on a case-by-case basis.

Important Note: For May graduates only, diplomas will be available at the commencement ceremonies. Otherwise, approximately one month following the date of graduation and depending on a student's preference, the diploma is either available for pick-up from the Diploma Office at the Office of the University Registrar, 881 Commonwealth Avenue, or it will be mailed to the address specified on the Diploma Dispersal form that is submitted with the Diploma Application.

Policies

All students must adhere to all Boston University Graduate School of Arts & Sciences <u>academic policies</u>; and the University's <u>Administrative Policies</u>. Note that this information may change at any time.

MS GRADUATION

Please review the detailed graduation timeline and procedures on the <u>GRS Dissertation and Graduation Procedures webpage</u>. Note that several steps, including the <u>Intent to Graduate</u> form, must be taken well in advance of the intended graduation date. It is the student's responsibility to keep track of all graduation procedures.

Master of Science students in Biostatistics are eligible and invited to participate in both the GRS and SPH Commencement ceremonies. Many students choose to participate in only the SPH ceremony. Students must register in advance for each Commencement ceremony in which they plan to participate. Information and instructions about Commencement will be sent directly from SPH and GRS. It is the student's responsibility to keep track of all Commencement ceremony procedures.



PhD Degree Requirements

OVERVIEW OF THE PHD DEGREE

The PhD program in Biostatistics is geared toward the graduate student who seeks a career as an academic, industrial, or governmental biostatistician. The Program meets the needs of the

professional who wishes to achieve a high graduate degree specialized in statistical theory and methods for biomedical or clinical research applications. Students who complete the PhD program will gain knowledge in probability, statistical inference and hypothesis testing, the design and conduct of experimental and observational studies, statistical computation, and data analysis. Research interests of the program faculty include estimation and hypothesis testing theory, multivariate analysis, survival analysis, clinical trials methodology, statistical genetics and genomics, disease surveillance, robust statistics, longitudinal data analysis, time series, regression modeling for correlated data, causal inference, and the design of experiments.

PHD LEARNING OUTCOMES

A candidate for a Doctor of Philosophy degree in Biostatistics is expected to demonstrate mastery of knowledge in biostatistics and to synthesize and create new knowledge, making an original and substantial contribution to the field in a timely fashion by:

- Demonstrating mastery at a doctoral level of biostatistical theory and application through high achievement in course work and on written comprehensive examinations.
- Making an independent, original, and substantial contribution to the field of biostatistics, assessed through an oral defense of the dissertation work.
- Demonstrating commitment to advancing the values of scholarship by keeping abreast of current advances in the field of biostatistics and showing commitment to personal professional development through engagement in professional societies and publication.
- Conducting scholarly work in a professional and ethical manner guided by the principles of the profession.

PHD DEGREE REQUIREMENTS

The Graduate School of Arts & Sciences requires all students pursuing a Doctor of Philosophy in Biostatistics to:

- Complete the 64-credit (post-BA), or 32-credit + co-requisites (post-MA) curriculum
- Fulfill the Residency Requirement
- Fulfill the Grade Requirement
- Pass both Qualifying Examinations
- Attend seminars and presentations as described below.
- Complete a dissertation that conforms to program and Graduate School requirements (outlined below)
- Pass the Final Oral Defense Examination
- Fulfill the teaching requirement by working as a Biostatistics TA for at least 1 semester
- Complete the PhD degree within 7 years of matriculation to the program

Additionally, students in Dissertation Phase are required to:

- Present the status of their dissertation research once per year
- · Meet with their full dissertation committee at least twice per year
- Submit dissertation progress reports twice per year

Review all GRS requirements for doctoral students here.

PHD CURRICULUM

The intent of the curriculum is to provide a firm foundation in biostatistics and mastery of a broad range of applied techniques. Students in the PhD program entering with only a bachelor's degree must complete a total of 64 credits.

Students entering the PhD program with MS degrees may be accepted into an eight-course (32 credits) post-Master's PhD program. However, they may be required to take additional co-requisites if there are deficiencies in their backgrounds. For post-Master's PhD students, the core courses required will be determined at the start of their program by the Co-Directors. The remaining courses must come from the list of Biostatistics (either BS or MA) or Elective courses.

Course #	urse # Course Title			
1. Ten Core Courses, required (40 credits):				
CAS MA575	inear Models Fall			
CAS/MET MA581	Probability	Fall/Spring		
CAS/MET MA582	Mathematical Statistics	Fall/Spring		
SPH EP770	Concepts and Methods in Epidemiology	Fall/Spring		
SPH BS805 OR	Interm. Statistical Computing & Applied Regression	Fall/Spring/Summer		
SPH BS806	OR Multivariable Analysis for Biostatisticians	Fall		
SPH BS852	Statistical Methods in Epidemiology	Fall/Spring		
SPH BS853	Generalized Linear Models with Applications	Spring		
SPH BS857	Analysis of Correlated Data	Spring		
GRS MA781	Estimation Theory	Fall		
GRS MA782	Hypothesis Testing Spring			
2. At least 12	2 credits from the following Biostatistics courses:			
SPH BS722	Design and Conduct of Clinical Trials	Fall/Spring		
SPH BS728	SPH BS728 Public Health Surveillance, a Methods Based Approach (2 credits)			
SPH BS775	Applications of Statistical Methods in Clinical			
SPH BS810	Meta-analysis for Public Health and Medical Research	Fall		
SPH BS820	Logistic Regression/Survival Analysis	Spring		
SPH BS821	Categorical Data Analysis	Fall		
SPH BS825 Advanced Methods in Infectious Disease Epidemiology (2 credits)		Fall		
SPH BS831	Genomics Data Mining and Statistics (2 credits)	Spring		
SPH BS845	Applied Statistical Modeling and Programming in R	Fall		

2. At le	east 12 credits from the following Biostatistics cou	rses (<i>continued</i>):
SPH BS849	Bayesian Modeling for Biomedical Research and Public Health (2 credits)	Spring
SPH BS851	Applied Statistics in Clinical Trials I	Fall/Spring
SPH BS854	Bayesian Methods in Clinical Trials	Alt Falls (odd years)
SPH BS856	Adaptive Design for Clinical Trials	Alt Springs (even years)
SPH BS858	Statistical Genetics I	Fall
SPH BS859	Applied Genetic Analysis	Alt Springs (odd years)
SPH BS860	Statistical Genetics II	Alt Springs (even years)
SPH BS861	Applied Statistics in Clinical Trials II	Spring
the foll	aining courses may be selected from the above se owing Elective Courses. One elective may be in the dits):	
the foll	owing Elective Courses. One elective may be in the	
the foll (12 cre	owing Elective Courses. One elective may be in the dits):	e biological sciences#
the foll (12 cre	owing Elective Courses. One elective may be in the dits): Introduction to Analysis I	Fall
the following (12 cres) CAS MA511 CAS MA512	owing Elective Courses. One elective may be in the dits): Introduction to Analysis I Introduction to Analysis II	Fall Spring
the following (12 cres) CAS MA511 CAS MA512 CAS MA555	owing Elective Courses. One elective may be in the dits): Introduction to Analysis I Introduction to Analysis II Numerical Analysis I	Fall Spring Spring
CAS MA511 CAS MA512 CAS MA555 CAS MA556	Introduction to Analysis I Introduction to Analysis II Numerical Analysis II	Fall Spring Spring Fall Fall
the following the control of the con	owing Elective Courses. One elective may be in the dits): Introduction to Analysis I Introduction to Analysis II Numerical Analysis I Numerical Analysis II Generalized Linear Models	Fall Spring Fall Spring Fall Spring Fall Spring
CAS MA511 CAS MA512 CAS MA555 CAS MA556 CAS MA576 CAS MA578	Introduction to Analysis I Introduction to Analysis II Numerical Analysis II Numerical Analysis II Generalized Linear Models Bayesian Statistics	Fall Spring Fall Spring Fall Spring Fall Spring Spring Spring
the following the control of the con	Introduction to Analysis I Introduction to Analysis II Numerical Analysis II Numerical Analysis II Generalized Linear Models Bayesian Statistics Introduction to Stochastic Practices	Fall Spring Fall Spring Fall Spring Fall Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring
the following the control of the con	Introduction to Analysis I Introduction to Analysis II Numerical Analysis II Numerical Analysis II Generalized Linear Models Bayesian Statistics Introduction to Stochastic Practices Time Series Modeling and Forecasting	Fall Spring Fall Spring Fall Spring Fall Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring
the following the control of the con	Introduction to Analysis I Introduction to Analysis II Introduction to Analysis II Numerical Analysis I Numerical Analysis II Generalized Linear Models Bayesian Statistics Introduction to Stochastic Practices Time Series Modeling and Forecasting Nonparametric Statistics	Fall Spring Fall Spring Fall Spring Fall Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring
the following the control of the con	Introduction to Analysis I Introduction to Analysis II Numerical Analysis II Numerical Analysis II Generalized Linear Models Bayesian Statistics Introduction to Stochastic Practices Time Series Modeling and Forecasting	Fall Spring Spring Fall Spring Fall Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring
the following the control of the con	Introduction to Analysis I Introduction to Analysis II Numerical Analysis II Numerical Analysis II Generalized Linear Models Bayesian Statistics Introduction to Stochastic Practices Time Series Modeling and Forecasting Nonparametric Statistics Computational Statistics	Fall Spring Fall Spring Fall Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Fall Spring Fall Fall Fall Fall
the following control (12 cres) CAS MA511 CAS MA512 CAS MA555 CAS MA556 CAS MA576 CAS MA578 CAS MA583 CAS MA583 CAS MA588 CAS MA589 CAS MA592	Introduction to Analysis I Introduction to Analysis II Introduction to Analysis II Numerical Analysis II Generalized Linear Models Bayesian Statistics Introduction to Stochastic Practices Time Series Modeling and Forecasting Nonparametric Statistics Computational Statistics Introduction to Causal Inference	Fall Spring Fall Spring Fall Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Spring Fall Fall (every other year)
the following the control of the con	Introduction to Analysis I Introduction to Analysis II Numerical Analysis II Seneralized Linear Models Bayesian Statistics Introduction to Stochastic Practices Time Series Modeling and Forecasting Nonparametric Statistics Introduction to Causal Inference Advanced Topics in Statistics	Fall Spring Spring Fall Spring Sometimes Fall, sometimes
the following the control of the con	Introduction to Analysis I Introduction to Analysis II Introduction to Analysis II Numerical Analysis II Generalized Linear Models Bayesian Statistics Introduction to Stochastic Practices Time Series Modeling and Forecasting Nonparametric Statistics Introduction to Causal Inference Advanced Topics in Statistics Statistical Analysis of Network Data	Fall Spring Fall Fall (every other year) Fall/Spring Sometimes Fall, sometimes Spring; alternating years

* Only one of these two	courses may be	taken as an elective.
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Statistical Machine Learning

Directed Study in Biostatistics

Directed Research in Biostatistics

Probability Theory I

Probability Theory II

Modern Epidemiology

Seminar: Statistics

Machine Learning

Advanced Epidemiology Seminar: Issues in Study

Design

GRS MA751*

GRS MA779

GRS MA780

GRS MA882

CAS CS542*

SPH BS901**

SPH BS902**

SPH EP854[‡]

SPH EP855[‡]

Spring

Spring

Spring

TBD

TBD

Fall

Spring

Fall, Spring, Summer

Fall

^{**} Limit of 4 credits among the two. Post-Bachelor's PhD students may petition Co-Directors to allow more than 4 credits.

[‡] Only one of these two courses may count as an elective.

[#] Given the large number of biology courses, a comprehensive list is not provided here. Please contact the Program Co-Directors to seek permission for a specific course in the biological sciences.

*** <u>Important note:</u> Please see the <u>BU Course Search Database</u> and the course listings on the <u>BU Bulletin</u> for full course descriptions. Course semester offerings are subject to change; for the most upto-date course offering information, please see the University Class Schedule on the <u>StudentLink</u>.

Specialization Areas

Students in the PhD program may also select one of three areas of specialization by completing the nine core courses, at least one of the courses in the MA series above, and three courses from the four listed within a specific area as follows:

Analysis of Observational Studies				
SPH EP813	Intermediate Epidemiology			
SPH BS820	Logistic Regression/Survival Analysis			
SPH BS857	Analysis of Correlated Data			
SPH BS810	Meta-analysis for Public Health and Medical Research			
Clinical Trials				
SPH BS722	Design and Conduct of Clinical Trials			
SPH BS810	Meta-analysis for Public Health and Medical Research			
SPH BS851	Applied Statistics in Clinical Trials I			
SPH BS854	Bayesian Methods in Clinical Trials			
SPH BS856	Adaptive Designs for Clinical Trials			
SPH BS861	Applied Statistics in Clinical Trials II			
Statistical Gen	Statistical Genetics			
SPH BS831	Genomics Data Mining and Statistics			
SPH BS858	Statistical Genetics I			
SPH BS859	Applied Genetic Analysis			
SPH BS860	Statistical Genetics II			

PHD ADVISING SYSTEM

Academic Advisor. Upon entry into the Biostatistics Program, each student will be appointed an Academic Advisor from the Biostatistics faculty. This person will act as the student's primary academic advisor and a general point of contact within the department until the student identifies a dissertation advisor.

RA or TG Advisor. In addition to the academic advisor, each doctoral student will be assigned either a Research Assistantship (RA) advisor or a Training Grant (TG) advisor at the start of the program. This advisor will oversee the assistantship or training grant placement for the upcoming year. Students should work with their RA/TG advisor in addition to the academic advisor when finalizing a course schedule, in case there are classes that would be particularly relevant to the Assistantship or Training Grant that the RA/TG advisor recommends.

Dissertation Advisor. Each PhD student will identify one or more research advisors within 6 months of entering dissertation phase. Students are encouraged to identify their research advisors early in the program, based upon published research, academic advising, teaching, working group affiliation, or other criteria relevant to the student's research interests. Dissertation advisors are selected by mutual agreement between the student and advisor. Once identified, the student should

notify the Program Manager of their dissertation advisor and this person should be clearly listed on all dissertation progress updates. The primary dissertation advisor may be a faculty member from outside the Biostatistics Department if approved by GRS; in this case, the second reader on the dissertation committee must be a Biostatistics faculty member. The dissertation advisor takes the place of the academic advisor for students in dissertation phase.

PHD PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS AND POLICIES

Residency Requirements: The minimum residency requirement is the equivalent of 2 consecutive regular semesters of full-time graduate study at Boston University. Students who have completed their course requirements must register each subsequent semester for BS980 Continuing Study/Dissertation Seminar until they have completed all requirements for the degree. Upon written petition and appropriate cause, students will be allowed up to 2 semesters of leave of absence.

Students must be registered in both the semester in which the last degree requirements are completed and in the preceding semester. For example, if a student plans to complete their degree requirements in Spring of 2021, they must be registered in both Spring 2021 and Fall 2020. If a student plans to defend in Summer 2021, they must be registered in Spring 2021 and Summer 2021. Any student who plans to defend in early fall should meet with GRS Records to discuss their plans.

A full explanation of GRS residency requirements can be found here.

Grade Requirements: Students must earn a grade of B- or better in all courses applied to the degree.

Teaching Requirements: Starting in fall 2016, one semester of teaching was added as a curriculum requirement for the PhD program. Students must complete the teaching requirement before defending their dissertation. Students complete the teaching requirement by working as a Teaching Assistant or Co-Instructor for a 3 or 4 credit Biostatistics course for at least one semester.

Seminar and Presentation Attendance Requirement:

- 1. Seminars: All PhD students must attend at least 4 qualifying seminars per semester (fall and spring). Eligible events include: Biostatistics Lunchtime Seminar Series, working group meetings, Biostatistics Student Association (BSA) and Boston University Student Chapter of the American Statistical Association (BUSCASA) seminars, Department of Mathematics and Statistics seminars, and biostatistics-related seminars of the Boston University Clinical and Translational Science Institute (CTSI). A sample of upcoming events that count towards this requirement will be included in the departmental newsletter throughout the academic year.
- 2. Presentations: Doctoral students must also attend doctoral student dissertation presentation sessions each semester (fall and spring). Both the regularly scheduled dissertation research presentation sessions and dissertation defenses can be used to fulfill this requirement. Students in coursework phase must attend at least one doctoral student presentation session each semester (fall and spring). Students in dissertation phase must attend at least three doctoral student presentation sessions each semester (fall and spring), not including their own presentation session.

3. **L. Adrienne Cupples Award**. All doctoral students are required to attend the L. Adrienne Cupples Award presentation and associated student meeting in the spring semester.

The Program Manager will track compliance with these requirements, which are also reviewed by the Biostatistics Program Advisory Committee. Students who do not attend the required number of events each semester will be required to make a special presentation in the spring.

Responsible Conduct of Research (RCR) Requirement

The Biostatistics department requires all doctoral students who entered the program in Fall 2014 or later to complete the University's Responsible Conduct of Research training each year. In addition, students who started the program prior to Fall 2014 and are funded by an NIH training grant or NSF grant are required to complete the RCR training each year. The University will email students information about the training and a link to the online training modules. RCR consists of two steps:

- <u>Step 1:</u> Complete CITI RCR Training, which consists of self-guided online modules and quizzes, offered through the Collaborative Institutional Training Initiative (CITI) Program.
- <u>Step 2:</u> Complete Advanced RCR (Live) discussion workshops. These four workshops, offered every semester, incorporate faculty mentor-led group discussions around the practical and ethical questions surrounding authorship, conflicts of interest, collaborative science, social responsibilities, research misconduct, mentor/mentee relationships, data acquisition and management, and peer review.

SPH PH700 Foundations of Public Health

All MS and PhD Biostatistics students must complete the zero-credit, self-paced, online course <u>SPH PH700</u> Foundations of Public Health. PH700 is an online <u>Blackboard</u> course that consists of 17 self-paced modules, which cover foundational knowledge in public health that prepare students to fully engage in their program of study. PH700 fulfills criteria for foundational public health knowledge, as required of all graduate students by SPH's accrediting body, the Council on Education for Public Health (<u>CEPH</u>).

Awarding the MS Degree to Doctoral Students

Students accepted to the 64-credit doctoral program in Fall 2017 or later, will be awarded the MS and PhD degrees simultaneously upon the completion of the doctoral program. Any student who withdraws from the doctoral program prior to completion can petition the Biostatistics Program Advisory Committee to receive their Master of Science degree. These requests will be considered by the Committee on a case-by-case basis.

Qualifying Examinations

The doctoral candidate must satisfactorily pass two comprehensive written examinations upon completion of coursework. These will require proficiency in material covered in the nine core courses. Students can use one single-sided reference sheet (printer size [8.5in x 11in] or smaller, handwritten or typed) for both examinations. The reference sheet will be collected at the end of the exam.

The Statistical Theory Qualifying Examination is given each year in the fall semester. Candidates must answer a total of four of six questions based on material covered in MA781

and MA782. The PhD Applied Statistics Qualifying Examination is given each year in December and in April. Candidates must satisfactorily answer one of two questions based on material covered in BS853, plus a total of four questions based on material covered in MA575, BS805/BS806, and BS852, and BS857, with at least one question from each of the four course areas.

Students are strongly urged to meet with their advisors to discuss preparation for the Qualifying Examinations. Students are allowed two attempts to pass a Qualifying Exam. The Biostatistics Qualifying Exam Committee will evaluate requests by students to take an exam for the third time on a case-by-case basis.

Access to Department

All Biostatistics doctoral students will have after-hours access to the Biostatistics Department on the 3rd floor of the Crosstown building, to use the student workstations outside of normal business hours.

Policies

All students must adhere to all Boston University Graduate School of Arts & Sciences <u>academic policies</u>; and the <u>University's Policies</u>. Note that this information <u>may change</u> at any time.

Fellowships

PhD students are eligible to apply for external fellowships, such as the F31 fellowship from the NIH. The department is very supportive of these fellowships as they provide valuable training and opportunities for students. Successful candidates typically apply once they are completing coursework, have done preliminary research on a dissertation topic, and have identified a strong and experienced mentoring team.

To ensure adequate departmental support of the application, students who intend to apply for a fellowship are required to notify the program co-directors and their RA supervisor, if applicable, of their intent to apply at least three months prior to the application deadline in order to receive approval to apply. The applicant must supply information on the proposed research topic, faculty supervisors, and timeline for submission of the application. Students with successful applications will work with the program directors to ensure a smooth transition from their current funding source upon funding of the fellowship.

PhD Students & Outside Summer Internships

PhD students who wish to do an outside internship over the summer must complete the following steps:

- 1. Discuss the internship with all advisors, including the RA advisor and dissertation advisor (if the student has not yet identified a dissertation advisor, this would be the academic advisor).
 - The internship should be relevant to dissertation research &/or dissertation preparation.
 - International students must demonstrate that the internship is integral to their dissertation; see step 4 below.
- 2. Obtain the RA advisor's approval to pause RA work for the duration of the internship.
- 3. Complete the Biostatistics Summer Internship Proposal Form.
 - Obtain signatures from both: 1) the RA or TG advisor, and 2) the dissertation advisor (if applicable).
 - Submit the form to the academic program manager for the Biostatistics PhD Co-Directors to review and approve.

- 4. <u>International Students:</u> Work with BU's International Students and Scholars Office (ISSO) to obtain <u>Curricular Practical Training (CPT)</u> authorization.
 - The CPT authorization application process involves the student completing a form and obtaining an approval letter from their dissertation advisor (the letter must be signed by both the dissertation advisor and one of the Biostats PhD Co-Directors).
 - The paperwork must demonstrate that the internship is directly related to the student's dissertation work and that it is a unique opportunity which cannot be accomplished using BU facilities.
 - The dissertation advisor certifies that they will monitor the student's offcampus research.
 - If the student is still in the coursework phase and does not have a
 dissertation advisor yet, the student can work with their academic advisor or
 RA advisor, to establish the connection between the outside summer
 internship and the student's course of study and prospective dissertation
 topic.

Dissertation Requirements

Dissertation Phase: Students enter dissertation phase after completing all of their required coursework and passing both Qualifying Exams. Students in dissertation phase may officially audit one class per semester during the academic year (i.e., not including Summer Term). This course must be related to the dissertation research, or be considered as background or preparation for the dissertation research or topic. More information on the GRS Auditing Courses Policy is available here.

Students in dissertation phase are required to fulfill additional requirements as outlined below.

<u>Dissertation</u>: The PhD dissertation provides students with the opportunity to design, conduct, and report on independent, original research in biostatistics. The dissertation consists of original research in the development of statistical methodology for biomedical or epidemiologic applications. The dissertation must be an original contribution to the body of knowledge in biostatistics. It is expected that the dissertation content will address a relevant question in statistical methodology and will pose a new approach, extend an existing approach, or provide novel application of an existing method. Dissertations will often utilize simulation, but simulation studies without methodological development or a theoretical component are not sufficient. Additionally, simulations are not required and use of real data sets in combination with theoretical work may suffice.

Transition towards the Dissertation Phase: Upon successful completion of the Qualifying Examinations and required coursework, doctoral students select dissertation advisors who will guide them through their dissertation research. Prior to meeting the requirements to officially enter the dissertation phase, students may begin doing protoresearch with a potential dissertation advisor. This would include limited work to identify and begin developing a research topic for the dissertation. This must be done with the guidance of the student's academic advisor, to ensure that this work does not detract from successfully completing coursework and passing the qualifying exams.

Dissertation format: The dissertation must meet all <u>formatting requirements specified by GRS</u>. Within these requirements, two approaches to the dissertation are allowed. The first is a single body of work comprehensively addressing one problem. The second format consists of two or three problems in a single area of research. For either format, the content of the dissertation should be at least equal to the content of three journal articles. The format of the dissertation (single body of work versus multiple related problems) should be agreed

upon by consensus of the student, the primary reader and the committee members.

Dissertation Proposal and Prospectus: Each doctoral student will work with a primary dissertation advisor or advisors to develop a dissertation proposal. By the end of the third year (or within one year of completion of qualifying exams and coursework, whichever is later), students are required to submit a dissertation proposal to the program directors. This proposal describes the dissertation project that the student intends to work on and should have the following sections: 1) introduction (with literature review); 2) basic outline of the problems the dissertation will address, and 3) (optional) preliminary results. It is expected that the student will develop this document with guidance from their dissertation committee. The student must have the approval of their dissertation committee before submitting the document to the program co-directors. This document is not binding, since it is recognized that the scope and content of the dissertation can change. The purpose of this document is to ensure that the student is making appropriate progress to defining a dissertation problem and working closely with their committee. The dissertation proposal will be reviewed and evaluated by the Program Co-Directors.

If adequately developed, this document may be used as the prospectus required by GRS (GRS Prospectus instructions available here). Otherwise, this document should be treated as a preliminary version of the prospectus to be submitted at a later date (must be submitted at least six months prior to the dissertation defense). When the prospectus has been approved by the student's dissertation committee, the department will submit a Dissertation Prospectus Approval to GRS on the student's behalf.

GRS has limited specific guidance for the format and content of the dissertation prospectus. The dissertation prospectus, generally a formal paper <u>not exceeding 20 double-spaced (or 10 single-spaced) pages of 12-point font</u>, should be completed before the more extensive phase of dissertation research is undertaken. The readers, the Director of Graduate Studies/Program Director must approve the final draft.

In addition, the following are recommendations for the dissertation prospectus for biostatistics. This document should have a well-developed background and literature review for the dissertation projects. Methods and results for the first project can be included in the prospectus. The document should outline the scope of the dissertation and the projects that the student will complete, as agreed upon by the dissertation committee. Examples of past students' prospectuses are available from the department to model appropriate formatting.

<u>Dissertation Progress</u>: Doctoral students in the dissertation phase of the program are required to meet with their dissertation committee at least twice per year. It is beneficial to have at least three committee members in attendance at each meeting, particularly as the dissertation nears completion. Progress on the dissertation will be closely monitored by the committee and co-directors through progress update forms submitted in October and May each year. Any student who fails to meet with their committee and submit the dissertation progress update on time will be prevented from registering for the subsequent semester until the progress update has been submitted. See detailed timeline starting on page 20 of this document.

Doctoral Dissertation Presentations: Presentations of doctoral student dissertation research in progress will be held regularly throughout the fall and spring semesters. Students in dissertation phase must (a) present the status of their dissertation work to students and faculty at least once per year and (b) attend at least 3 other doctoral dissertation presentation sessions or dissertation defenses per semester (fall and spring). There are no exceptions. Any student who does not comply with the doctoral dissertation presentation requirements (presenting and attending other presentations) will be required to make an additional presentation in the spring semester.

Prepare a scholarly manuscript for publication. All doctoral students are required to have submitted at least one first-author paper based on their dissertation to a peer-reviewed journal for publication prior to the dissertation defense. The article must conform to the requirements of a specific statistical or otherwise appropriate journal. The dissertation committee must confirm that this submission has occurred prior to the defense being scheduled.

Final Oral Defense Examination: Each doctoral candidate will present an oral defense of the dissertation before a five-member doctoral committee.

Time Limits: The PhD program must be completed within seven years after the first registration for doctoral study. All doctoral students are expected to adhere to Biostatistics Program guidelines regarding the following milestones in their programs of study toward degree completion:

- Successfully complete all core courses no later than 3 years after matriculation.
- Pass at least one (Theoretical or Applied) Biostatistics Qualifying Examination no later than 3 years after matriculation.
- Pass both Qualifying Exams no later than 4 years after matriculation.
- Establish the members of the dissertation committee no later than 6 months after passing the final qualifying exam and completing required coursework.

PHD GRADUATION

Please review the detailed graduation timeline and procedures on the <u>GRS Dissertation and Graduation Procedures webpage</u>. Note that several steps, including the <u>Intent to Graduate</u> form, must be taken well in advance of the intended graduation date. It is the student's responsibility to keep track of all graduation procedures.

Doctoral students in Biostatistics are eligible and invited to participate in both the GRS and SPH Commencement ceremonies. Many students choose to participate in only the SPH ceremony. Students must register in advance for each Commencement ceremony in which they plan to participate. Information and instructions about Commencement will be sent directly from SPH and GRS. It is the student's responsibility to keep track of all Commencement ceremony procedures.



Administrative Timeline & Progress to Degree

TIMELINE TO DOCTORAL DEGREE

Students are responsible for monitoring the progress of their program with the help of their academic advisor. The following are steps students should take to completing their PhD Dissertation. Students should direct questions to the one of the Co-Directors.

Years 1-4	Complete coursework Sit for Qualifying Exams o Applied Qualifying Exam offered in April and December. o Theory Qualifying Exam offered in October.
Dissertation Phase (after completing all coursework and qualifying exams)	Identify dissertation advisor, topic, and timeline to completion within 6 months of entering dissertation phase. Identify full committee within the first year of dissertation phase. A Committee consists of five members. At least two members must be Biostatistics Program faculty members. The primary reader may be someone from outside of the Program. If any committee member does not have a BU faculty appointment, the student must file a Special Service Appointment form with the Graduate School of Arts and Sciences. Complete the dissertation proposal by the end of the third year or within one year of entering dissertation phase. Once the full committee has been selected, meet with the full committee at least twice per year throughout the remainder of dissertation phase. Fulfill doctoral dissertation presentation requirements Present dissertation research at least once per year. The abstract and summary should be sent to Howard Cabral (hjcab@bu.edu) at least one week before the presentation. Attend at least 3 doctoral student dissertation presentations per semester (fall and spring)
By the end of the third year (or within one year of completion of qualifying exams and coursework, whichever is later)	Submit a dissertation proposal to the program directors.

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	Prepare Dissertation Prospectus and submit to committee for feedback and approval.			
7-9 months prior to defense	Submit approved prospectus and signed <u>Dissertation Prospectus Approval Form</u> to Program Manager at least 6 months prior to defense.			
	Review dissertation formatting requirements and sample pages.			
4-5 months prior to graduation	Submit Intent to Graduate form to GRS.			
3 months prior	First draft of dissertation should be submitted to readers.			
to defense	Schedule an Appointment at GRS to review format of dissertation.			
1 month prior to defense	Submit one article based on the dissertation to a peer-reviewed journal for consideration of publication and be listed as first author. The dissertation advisor must sign off on fulfillment of this requirement. Submit dissertation abstract to committee for approval.			
	Schedule individual meetings with members of the committee to discuss the content and presentation of material in the dissertation.			
3 weeks prior to defense	Submit Schedule of Final Oral Examination with Abstract Approval to Program Manager. Submit draft of dissertation to Program Manager. You will be notified if the format is approved or if any changes are required by GRS. Provide a final copy of dissertation to each member of the committee. Select a Chair from the members of your Committee and notify GRS of the name of the Chair. The Chair must be a member of the Biostatistics program faculty (Math or Biostatistics Department). Appropriate paperwork will be sent to Chair in advance of the defense.			
Day of defense	Prepare and bring appropriate signature pages according to GRS specifications for the defense. Present dissertation using a PowerPoint or similar electronic presentation.			
After defense	Submit final approved dissertation electronically to the ETD Administrator and make an appointment with GRS Records to submit required materials in person. Submit a final electronic copy of the dissertation to the Co-Directors of the Program. Complete an exit interview form and meeting with one of the Co-Directors within			
	one month of program completion.			



Professional and Career Development

The Graduate Program in Biostatistics in the Graduate School of Arts and Sciences offers a seminar series on topics relating to professional development and career planning for both Master and Doctoral degree students. Topics of discussion and activities include how to negotiate salaries and resources, ethical and professional issues in biostatistical practice, how to present the key concepts and results of one's work on a dissertation or research project, planning one's career path, the review of curricula vitae/resumes, and the conduct of mock job interviews.

In addition, the Boston University Center for Career Development offers a wide range of workshops, seminars, and trainings that are open to graduate students from all programs and are available from the student's first day in a program through graduation and beyond (http://www.bu.edu/careers/connect).

The University's Office of Career Planning and Professional Development for Doctoral Students (http://www.bu.edu/grad/career-development/phd-professional-development) provides focused resources for doctoral students that include the Broadening Experiences in Scientific Training (BEST) program and help guide students in creating and refining their Individual Development Plans (IDPs). BU additionally offers several programs to provide dissertation writing support (http://www.bu.edu/erc/dwg/).

As a joint sponsor of the Graduate Program in Biostatistics, the Career and Practicum Office of the School of Public Health (https://www.bu.edu/sph/careers) also provides support for our Master and Doctoral degree students and is a major connecting point for organizations in health care and biomedical research seeking to hire graduates from our Programs.

The Biostatistics Graduate Program is also pleased to have been chosen as one of the six units at Boston University that will participate in the PhD Education Initiative of the American Association of Universities (AAU). The mission of this initiative is to "promote more student-centered doctoral education at AAU universities by making diverse PhD career pathways visible, valued, and viable".

As a long-standing and successful program at Boston University that integrates education and research between the Graduate School of Arts and Sciences and the School of Public Health, the Biostatistics Graduate Program supports its students in planning for careers in industry and government as well as in academia.

Section 7

Course Descriptions

BIOSTATISTICS COURSE DESCRIPTIONS

Comprehensive and up to date course descriptions can be found on: https://www.bu.edu/phpbin/course-search/index.php.

SPH BS 722 - Design and Conduct of Clinical Trials

This course covers the development, conduct, and interpretation of clinical trials. It is suitable for concentrators in any department. Topics include principles and practical features such as choice of experimental design, choice of controls, sample size determination, methods of randomization, adverse event monitoring, research ethics, informed consent, data management, and statistical analysis issues. Students write a clinical trial protocol during the semester.

Prereq: The MPH biostatistics concentration core courses or SPH PH717 or consent of the instructor [4 cr.]

SPH BS 728 - Public Health Surveillance, a Methods Based Approach

Thacker wrote, "Surveillance is the cornerstone of public health practice." This course will provide an introduction to surveillance and explore its connections to biostatistics and public health practice. Topics will include complex survey design, weighted sampling, capture-recapture methods, time series analyses and basic spatial analyses. Students will learn about available surveillance data, how to analyze these data, and how to write about their findings. This class carries Epidemiology concentration credit.

Prereq: The MPH biostatistics core course or equivalent and BS723 or equivalent or (permission of instructor) are required. [2 cr.]

SPH BS 775 - Applications of Advanced Statistical Methods in Clinical Research

This course provides a non-technical (no computer programming) overview of concepts in statistical methods used for clinical research and their applications. Each week, students read a methodologic article and a clinical research article. The first portion of the class is a didactic presentation; the second portion is a discussion of the clinical research article, incorporating the concepts discussed in the didactic presentation. Students explore statistical test selection, alternative tests or approaches. Students examine interpretations of scientific articles in the lay press. [4 cr.]

<u>SPH BS 805 - Intermediate Statistical Computing and Applied Regression Analysis</u>

Emphasis is placed on the use of intermediate-level programming with the SAS statistical computer package to perform analyses using statistical models with focus on linear models. Computing topics include advanced data file manipulation, concatenating and merging data sets, working with date variables, array and do-loop programming, and macro construction. Statistical topics include analysis of variance and covariance, multiple linear regression, principal component and factor analysis, linear models for correlated data, and statistical power. Includes a required lab section.

Prereq: BS723 or consent of the instructor. BS805 and BS806 cannot both be taken for credit. It is also not recommended that BS805 and BS852 be taken concurrently. BS805 and BS852, however, can be taken concurrently with the approval of the instructors of both courses.[4 cr.]

SPH BS 806- Multivariable Analysis for Biostatisticians

This course will focus on skills required for effective conduct of data analysis. This course will focus on the multiple regression modeling and multivariate analysis to cover multi-way anova, multiple linear regression, classification and regression trees, automated model search, model fit and diagnostic, experimental design and multivariate analysis (PCA and cluster analysis) with particular emphasis on applications in medicine and public health. [4 cr.]

Prereq: Completion of an introductory statistical programming course, or consent of the instructor.

SPH BS 810 - Meta-Analysis for Public Health & Medical Research

Meta-analysis is the statistical analysis of research findings and is widely used in public health and medical research. Typically meta-analysis is employed to provide summary results of the research in an area, but other uses include exploratory analyses to find types of subjects who best respond to a treatment or find study-level factors that affect outcomes. The course will cover the theory and use of the most common meta-analytic methods, the interpretation and limitations of results from these methods, diagnostic procedures, and some advanced topics with a focus on public health application. Grading will be based on homework, an exam and a project. [4 cr.]

Prereq: SPH BS704 or SPH PH717, and SPH BS723; or consent of the instructor [4 cr.].

SPH BS 820 - Logistic Regression and Survival Analysis

This course provides basic knowledge of logistic regression and analysis of survival data. Regression modeling of categorical or time-to-event outcomes with continuous and categorical predictors is covered. Checking of model assumptions, goodness of fit, use of maximum likelihood to determine estimates and test hypotheses, use of descriptive and diagnostic plots are emphasized. The SAS statistical package is used to perform analyses. Grading will be based on homework and exams.

Prereq: The MPH biostatistics concentration core courses or SPH PH717; and BS723 or BS852. [4 cr.]

SPH BS 821 - Categorical Data Analysis

This course focuses on the statistical analysis of categorical outcome data. Topics include the binomial and Poisson distributions, logistic and Poisson regression, nonparametric methods for ordinal data, smoothed regression modeling, the analysis of correlated categorical outcome data, cluster analysis, missing data and sample size calculations. The course emphasizes practical application and makes extensive use of the SAS programming language.

Prereq: SPH BS704 or SPH PH717, and SPH BS723; or consent of the instructor [4 cr.].

SPH BS 825 - Advanced Methods in Infectious Disease Epidemiology

This course aims to introduce students to statistical and mathematical methods used in infectious disease epidemiology. Students will be able to evaluate and appraise the literature in this field, be able to select which methods to use in different circumstances, implement some methods in simple situations and we will provide sufficient background reading that students can further examine methods that are of particular interest. This will be a hands-on course involving class discussions, computer lab sessions and a class debate on a controversial topic in infectious disease epidemiology.

Prereq: SPH EP755 and SPH BS730 (or SPH BS723 with consent of the instructor) [2 cr.]

SPH BS 831 – Genomics Data Mining and Statistics

The goal of this course is for the students to develop a good understanding and hands-on skills in the design and analysis of data from microarray and high-throughput sequencing experiments, including data collection and management, statistical techniques for the identification of genes that have differential expression in different biological conditions, development of prognostic and diagnostic models for molecular classification, and the identification of new disease taxonomies

based on their molecular profile. These topics will be taught using real examples, extensively documented hands-on's, class discussion and critical reading. Students will be asked to analyze real gene expression data sets in their homeworks and final project. Principles of reproducible research will be emphasized, and students will become proficient in the use of the statistical language R (an advanced beginners knowledge of the language is expected of the students entering the class) and associated packages (including Bioconductor), and in the use of R markdown (and/or electronic notebooks) for the redaction of analysis reports. [2 cr.]

SPH BS 845 - Applied Statistical Modeling and Programming in R

This course covers applications of modern statistical methods using R, a free and open source statistical computing package with powerful yet intuitive graphic tools. R is under more active development for new methods than other packages. We will first review data manipulation and programming in R, then cover theory and applications in R for topics such as linear and smooth regressions, survival analysis, mixed effects model, tree based methods, multivariate analysis, boot strapping and permutation.

Prereq: SPH BS723 or SPH BS730 or consent of the instructor [4 cr.].

SPH BS 849 - Bayesian Modeling for Biomedical Research & Public Health

The purpose of this course is to present Bayesian modeling techniques in a variety of data analysis applications, including both hypothesis and data driven modeling. The course will start with an overview of Bayesian principles through simple statistical models that will be used to introduce the concept of marginal and conditional independence, graphical modeling and stochastic computations. The course will proceed with the description of advanced Bayesian methods for estimation of odds and risk in observational studies, multiple regression modeling, loglinear and logistic regression, hierarchical models, and latent class modeling including hidden Markov models and application to model-based clustering. Applications from genetics, genomics, and observational studies will be included. These topics will be taught using real examples, class discussion and critical reading. Students will be asked to analyze real data sets in their homework and final paper.

Prereq: At least one course of statistics to cover principle of probability and statistical inference, linear and logistic regression. Knowledge of R. [2 cr.]

SPH BS 851 - Applied Statistics in Clinical Trials I

This is an intermediate statistics course, focused on statistical issues applicable to analyzing efficacy data for clinical trials. Topics include design and analysis considerations for clinical trials, such as randomization and sample size determination, and the application of statistical methods such as analysis of variance, logistic regression and survival analysis to superiority and non-inferiority clinical trials. This course includes lectures and computer instructions. Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to have a working knowledge of how to collect and manage clinical trial data; will be to analyze continuous, dichotomous, and time-to-event clinical trial data; and will be able to contribute to the statistical portions of a clinical trial study design. The student will also gain the overall knowledge required to interpret clinical trial statistical results.

Prereq: The MPH biostatistics concentration core courses or SPH PH717; and SPH BS723; or consent of the instructor [4 cr.].

SPH BS 852 - Statistical Methods in Epidemiology

This course covers study design and intermediate-level data analysis techniques for handling confounding in epidemiologic studies. Confounding is carefully defined and distinguished from interaction. Course content covers stratification and multivariable techniques for controlling confounding in both matched and independent sample study designs, including analysis of covariance, logistic regression, and proportional hazards models. Model fit and prediction are discussed. Students are required to apply these methods with the aid of computerized statistical packages. The course will use statistical software R and SAS.

Prereq: The biostatistics and epidemiology core course requirements and BS723 (or equivalent).

It is not recommended that BS805 and BS852 be taken concurrently. BS805 and BS852, however, can be taken concurrently with the approval of the instructors of both courses. [4 cr.].

SPH BS 853 - Generalized Linear Models with Applications

This course introduces statistical models for the analysis of quantitative and qualitative data, of the types usually encountered in health science research. The statistical models discussed include: Logistic regression for binary and binomial data, Nominal and Ordinal Multinomial logistic regression for multinomial data, Poisson regression for count data, and Gamma regression for data with constant coefficient of variation. All of these models are covered as special cases of the Generalized Linear Statistical Model, which provides an overarching statistical framework for these models. We will also introduce Generalized Estimating Equations (GEE) as an extension to the generalized models to the case of repeated measures data. The course emphasizes practical applications, making extensive use of SAS for data analysis.

Prereq: The biostatistics and epidemiology MPH core course requirements and BS805 or consent of the instructor [4 cr.].

SPH BS 854 - Bayesian Methods in Clinical Trials

Bayesian statistical methods use prior information or beliefs, along with the current data, to guide the search for parameter estimates. In the Bayesian paradigm probabilities are subjective beliefs. Prior information/ beliefs are input as a distribution, and the data then helps refine that distribution. The choice of prior distributions, posterior updating, as well as dedicated computing techniques are introduced through simple examples. Bayesian methods for design, monitoring analysis for randomized clinical trials are taught in this class. These methods are contrasted with traditional (frequentist) methods. The emphasis will be on concepts. Examples are case studies from the instructors' work and from medical literature. R will be the main computing tool used.

Prereg: SPH BS851 or SPH BS861 or consent of the instructor [4 cr.].

SPH BS 856 - Adaptive Designs for Clinical Trials

An adaptive design is a clinical trial design that allows modification to aspects of the trial after its initiation without undermining the validity and integrity of the trial. Adaptive designs have become very popular in the pharmaceutical industry because they can increase the probability of success, considerably reduce the cost and time of the overall drug development process. With a recent rapid development in this area, there is a high demand for statisticians proficient in designing and conducting adaptive clinical trials. Students will learn different (both frequentist and Bayesian) adaptive designs and gain hands-on experiences on adaptive randomization, adaptive dose-finding, group sequential, and sample-size reestimation designs.

Prereq: SPH BS851 [4 cr.].

SPH BS 857 - Analysis of Correlated Data

The purpose of this advanced seminar is to present some of the modern methods for analyzing tricorrelated observations. Such data may arise in longitudinal studies where repeated observations are collected on study subjects or in studies in which there is a natural clustering of observations, such as a multi-center study of observations clustered within families. Students start with a review of methods for repeated measures analysis of variance and proceed to more complicated study designs. The course presents both likelihood-based methods and quasi-likelihood methods. Marginal, random effects and transition models are discussed. Students apply these methods in homework assignments and a project.

Prereq: BS805 and BS852 [4 cr.]

SPH BS 858 - Statistical Genetics I

This course covers a variety of statistical applications to human genetic data, including collection and data management of genetic and family history information, and statistical techniques used to identify genes contributing to disease and quantitative traits in humans. Specific topics include basic population genetics, linkage analysis and genetic association analyses with related and unrelated individuals.

Prereg: SPH BS723 or SPH BS730, or equivalent as determined by instructors [4 cr.]

SPH BS 859 - Applied Genetic Analysis

Statistical tools such as linkage and association analysis are used to unravel the genetic component of complex disease. Investigators interested in the genetic analysis of complex traits need a basic understanding of the strengths and weaknesses of these methodologies. This course will provide the student with practical, applied experience in performing linkage and association analyses, including genome-wide analyses. Special emphasis is placed on understanding assumptions and issues related to statistical methodologies for genetic analysis to identify genes influencing complex traits. Students will use specialized genetics software for homework assignments. [4 cr.]

SPH BS 860 - Statistical Genetics II

This course covers current topics in statistical genetics, with emphasis on how statistical techniques can be used with various types of genetics data for mapping genes responsible/contributing to complex human diseases. Topics such as genetics map functions, gene mapping in experimental organisms, advanced linkage analysis methods, statistical approaches for the analysis of genome-wide high density SNP scans in unrelated and family samples will be discussed. [4 cr.]

SPH BS 861 - Applied Statistics in Clinical Trials II

This course covers a variety of biostatistical topics in clinical trials, including presentation of statistical results to regulatory agencies for product approval, analysis of safety data, intent-to-treat analyses and handling of missing data, interim analyses and adaptive designs, analyses of non-randomized trials, and analyses of multiple endpoints. Upon completion of the course, students will be able to make and defend decisions for many study designs and for issues faced when analyzing efficacy and safety data from clinical trials. Students will also be able to present, in a written format following standard guidelines accepted by the clinical trials' community, results of such efficacy and safety analyses to the medical reviewers and statistical reviewers of regulatory agencies.

Prereq: BS851 or consent of the instructor [4 cr.].

SPH BS 901 – Directed Study in Biostatistics

Directed Studies provide the opportunity for students to explore a special topic of interest under the direction of a full-time SPH faculty member. Students may register for 1, 2, 3, or 4 credits of BS901 by submitting a paper registration form and a signed directed study proposal form. Directed studies with a non-SPH faculty member or an adjunct faculty member must be approved by and assigned to the department chair. The Directed Study Proposal Form lists the correct course number per department; students are placed in a section by the Registrar's Office according to the faculty member with whom they are working. Students may take no more than eight credits of directed study, directed research, or practica courses during their MPH education. [Var. cr.]

SPH BS 902 – Directed Research in Biostatistics

Directed Research sections in Biostatistics provide the opportunity for students to explore a special topic of Biostatistics research under the direction of a full-time SPH faculty member. Students may register for 1, 2, 3, or 4 credits. Directed studies with a non-SPH faculty member or an adjunct faculty member must be approved by and assigned to the department chair. To register, students must submit a paper registration form and signed directed research proposal form. Students are placed in a section by the Registrar's Office according to the faculty member with whom they are working. Students may take no more than eight credits of directed study, directed research, or practica courses during their MPH education. [Var. cr.]

SPH BS 980 - Continuing Study in Biostatistics

Doctoral students in Biostatistics register each summer and fall for Continuing Study in Biostatistics until they have graduated from their doctoral program. Students will participate in a dissertation workshop and other activities while they are preparing their dissertation. Students

are charged for 2 credits equivalent of tuition and for medical insurance. They are certified full time. Students must be registered for this course at GRS.

Prereq: For students in the doctoral program in Biostatistics who are approved for dissertation work. Students must be registered for this course by the GRS Registrar [0 cr.].

MATHEMATICS COURSE DESCRIPTIONS

CAS MA 511 - Introduction to Analysis I

Fundamental concepts of mathematical reasoning. Properties of the real-number system, elementary point-set theory, metric spaces. Limits, sequences, series, convergence, uniform convergence, continuity. Differentiability for functions of a single variable, Riemann-Stieltjes integration.

Prereq: CAS MA 225 or CAS MA 230 [4 cr.].

CAS MA 512 - Introduction to Analysis II

Background of <u>CAS MA 511</u> used to develop further topics of calculus. Exponential and logarithmic functions, Taylor series, power series, real analytic functions. Differential and integral calculus for functions of several variables. Line and surface integrals, divergence theorem, Stokes's theorem, inverse and implicit function theorems, change of variables. Fourier analysis. Prereg: CAS MA 511 [4 cr.].

CAS MA 555 - Numerical Analysis I

Numerical solutions of equations, iterative methods, analysis of sequences. Theory of interpolation and functional approximation, divided differences. Numerical differentiation and integration. Polynomial theory. Ordinary differential equations.

Prereg: CAS MA 225 or CAS MA 230 [4 cr.].

CAS MA 556 - Numerical Analysis II

Numerical linear algebra; norms, elimination methods, error analysis, conditioning, eigenvalues, iterative methods, least squares and nonlinear functional minimization. Partial differentiation equation boundary value and initial value problems. Finite element methods. Legendre and Chebyshev polynomials. Treatment in greater depth of selected topics from <u>CAS MA 555</u>. Prereq: CAS MA 555 and CAS MA 242 or CAS MA 442; or consent of the instructor [4 cr.].

CAS MA 575 - Linear Models

This course covers the general linear model, generalized inverse, quadratic forms and their distributions, least-square estimation, estimable function, Gauss-Markov Theorem, confidence region, test of linear hypothesis, and prediction.

Prereq: one semester each of college-level linear algebra and applied statistics, or CAS MA582, or consent of the instructor [4 cr.].

CAS MA 576 - Generalized Linear Models

This continuation of CAS MA 575 covers analysis of variance, analysis of repeated measures, random-effect models, regression with random coefficients, multivariate models, two-stage linear models, and generalized estimating equations.

Prereg: CAS MA575 or consent of the instructor [4 cr.].

CAS MA 578 - Bayesian Statistics

This course covers principles and methods of Bayesian statistics including subjective probability, Bayes rule, posterior distributions, and predictive distributions. Computationally based inference using Monte Carlo integration, Markov chain simulation, hierarchical models, mixture models, model checking, and methods for Bayesian model selection are also covered.

Prereq: Probability (CAS MA581), Mathematical Statistics (CAS MA582), or consent of the instructor [4 cr.].

CAS MA 581 - Probability

This course covers basic probability, conditional probability, independence, discrete and continuous random variables, mean and variance, functions of random variables, and moment generating functions. Jointly distributed random variables, conditional distributions, independent random variables, methods of transformations, law of large numbers, and the central limit theorem are also covered.

Prerequisite: One semester of college-level multivariable calculus or consent of the instructor [4 cr.].

CAS MA 582 - Mathematical Statistics

The goal of this course is to provide a basic foundation in mathematical statistics. Topics include: point estimation including unbiasedness, efficiency, consistency, sufficiency, minimum variance unbiased estimator, the Rao-Blackwell theorem, and the Rao-Cramer inequality. The course also covers maximum likelihood and method of moment estimations; interval estimation; tests of hypothesis, uniformly most powerful tests, uniformly most powerful unbiased tests, likelihood ratio test, and the chi-square test.

Prereq: CAS MA581 [4 cr.].

CAS MA 583 - Introduction to Stochastic Processes

This course provides a working knowledge of basic concepts and techniques of stochastic processes as they are most often used to construct models for a variety of problems of practical interest. Topics include Markov Chains, Poisson processes, birth and death processes, queuing theory, renewal processes, and reliability.

Prereg: CAS MA581 or consent of the instructor [4 cr.].

CAS MA 585 - Time Series and Forecasting

Autocorrelation and partial autocorrelation functions; stationary and nonstationary processes; ARIMA and Seasonal ARIMA model identification, estimation, diagnostics, and forecasting. Modeling financial data via ARCH and GARCH models. Volatility estimation; additional topics, including long-range dependence and state-space models.

Prereg: CAS MA581 or consent of the instructor [4 cr.].

CAS MA 588 - Nonparametric Statistics

This course examines theory and logic in the development of nonparametric techniques including order statistics, tests based on runs, goodness-of-fit, rank-order (for location and scale), measures of association, analysis of variance, asymptotic relative efficiency.

Prereq: CAS MA582 or equivalent, or consent of the instructor [4 cr.].

CAS MA 589 – Computational Statistics

Topics from computational statistics that are relevant to modern statistical applications: random number generation, sampling, Monte Carlo methods, computational inference, MCMC methods, graphical models, data partitioning, and bootstrapping. Emphasis on developing solid conceptual understanding of the methods through applications [4 cr.].

CAS MA592 – Introduction to Causal Inference

Concepts and methods for causal inference. You may have heard "association does not imply causation." But, what implies causation? In this course, we study how to estimate causal effects from data. We cover both experimental and non-experimental settings.

Prereq: CAS MA575 or consent of the instructor [4 cr.].

GRS MA 685 - Advanced Topics in Applied Statistics Analysis

Topics covered in GRS MA 684 are examined at a more advanced level: canonical correlation, multivariate analysis of variance, multivariate regressions, categorical dependent variables techniques, discriminant analysis, principal-axes, rotations, factor scores, cluster analysis, power analysis, and extensive use of statistical software.

Prereq: CAS MA684 or consent of the instructor [4 cr.].

GRS MA 703 - Statistical Analysis of Network Data

Methods and models for the statistical analysis of network data, including network mapping and characterization, community detection, network sampling and measurement, and the modeling and inference of network and networked-indexed processes. Balance of theory and concepts, illustrated through various applications.

Prereq: CAS MA575 or GRS MA681 or consent of the instructor.

GRS MA 711 – Real Analysis

Measure theory and integration on measure spaces, specialization to integration on locally compact spaces, and the Haar integral. Lp spaces, duality, and representation theorems. Introduction to Banach and Hilbert spaces, open mapping theorem, spectral theorem for Hermitian operators, and compact and Fredholm operators.

Prereq: CAS MA 512 or substantial mathematical experience [4 cr.].

GRS MA 750 - Nonparametric and Semiparametric Data Modeling

Introduces theory and methods of non- and semiparametric data analysis. Topics include scatterplot smoothers, bias/variance trade-off, selection of smoothing parameter, generalized additive model, smoothing spline, and Bayesian nonparametric models. Applications in various fields are discussed.

Prereq: CAS MA575 and CAS MA581, or consent of the instructor [4 cr.].

GRS MA 751 - Statistical Machine Learning

Foundations and applications of statistical machine learning. Supervised and unsupervised learning. Machine classification and regression methods, regularized basis methods, kernel methods, boosting, neural networks, support vector machines, and graphical models.

Prereq: CAS MA575 and CAS MA581, or consent of the instructor [4 cr.].

GRS MA 779 - Probability Theory I

Introduction to probability with measure theoretic foundations. Fundamentals of measure theory. Probability space. Measurable functions and random variables. Expectation and conditional expectation. Zero-one laws and Borel-Cantelli lemmas. Chracteristic functions. Modes of convergence. Uniform integrability. Skorokhod representation theorem. Basic limit theorems.

Prereq: CAS MA 511 or consent of the instructor [4 cr.].

GRS MA 780 - Probability Theory II

Probability topics important in applications and research. Laws of large numbers. Three series theorem. Central limit theorems for independent and non-identically distributed random variables. Speed of convergence. Large deviations. Laws of the iterated logarithm. Stable and infinitely divisible distributions. Discrete time martingales and applications.

Prereq: GRS MA 711 [4 cr.].

GRS MA 781 - Estimation Theory

This course provides a review of probability, populations, samples, sampling distributions, delta theorems; parametric point estimation, Rao-Cramer inequality, sufficient statistics, Rao-Blackwell

theorem, maximum likelihood estimation, least squares estimation, general linear model of full rank, confidence intervals, Bayesian analysis, and decision theory.

Prereq: CAS MA581, CAS MA582, or consent of the instructor [4 cr.].

GRS MA 782 - Hypothesis Testing

This course is an advanced course in mathematical statistics and covers the following topics: parametric hypothesis testing, uniformly and locally the most powerful tests, similar tests, invariant tests, likelihood ratio tests, linear model testing, asymptotic theory of likelihood ratio, and chi-squared test, Logit and log-lin analysis of contingency tables.

Prereq: Estimation Theory (GRS MA781) or consent of the instructor [4 cr.].

GRS MA 882 - Seminar: Statistics

Advanced seminar in topics in statistics of current research interest.

Prereq: GRS MA 782 [4 cr.].

EPIDEMIOLOGY COURSE DESCRIPTIONS

SPH EP 770 - Concepts and Methods in Epidemiology

This course further develops comprehension and application of epidemiologic concepts and methods introduced in the MPH Quantitative Core (PH717). Topics include elements of study design, data analysis, and inference in epidemiologic research, including issues related to bias, confounding, and stratified analysis. This course emphasizes practical knowledge and focuses on developing basic skills in critical evaluation and communication of epidemiologic data. Workshops will use data from epidemiologic studies to reinforce concepts and build critiquing skills. This course is designed for MPH students in the Epidemiology and Biostatistics Certificate. Prereq: SPH PH717 or an equivalent [4 cr.].

SPH EP 854 - Advanced Epidemiology (formerly Modern Epidemiology)

This course covers the theory and application of key principles and methods of epidemiologic research in depth. The topics include causal models, confounding, randomization, interaction, statistical analysis and inference, and causal inference. Special emphasis is given to the meaning and interpretation of p-values, confidence intervals, and likelihoods. Alternative approaches are identified for selecting and interpreting measures of disease frequency and measures of effect. Guidance is offered for determining objectives and strategies in study design and analysis, especially for case-control research. Methods are presented for the assessment and control of confounding, misclassification bias, and selection bias. Strengths and weaknesses of standardization, pooling, modeling, and exposure-response analysis are reviewed. Formerly called "Modern Epidemiology."

Prereq: Masters students must obtain permission of instructor, mfox@bu.edu, before registering for course [4 cr.].

SPH EP 855: Advanced Epidemiology Seminar: Issues in Study Design

This course is structured around reading and discussing both historical and current methodological papers. The first section of the course focuses on papers by early theoreticians and methodologists. The second section focuses on contemporary methodologic questions. Substantive areas may evolve and vary over time. Recent topics have included case-control studies, study efficiency, measures of effect, exposure misclassification, sensitivity analysis, casual diagrams, and direct and indirect effects.

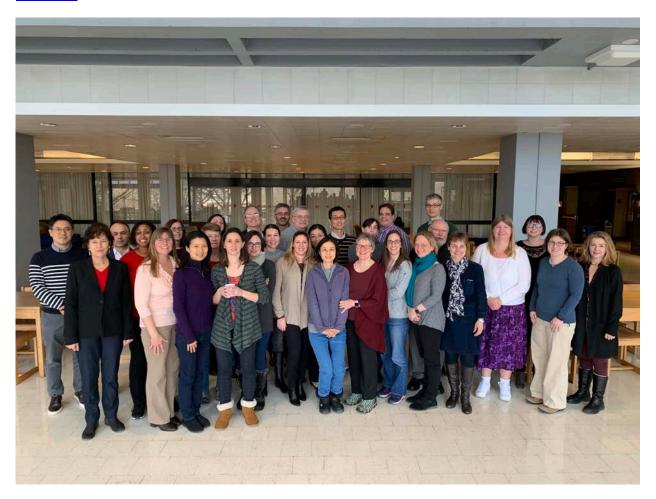
Prereq: Primarily for doctoral students. MPH students must have completed EP854 and have consent of the instructor [4 cr.].



Biostatistics Program Faculty

The Department of Biostatistics faculty is committed to the roles of teacher and mentor both inside and outside of the classroom. Their research brings depth and a real-life context to the classroom. The department's faculty has analyzed the multigenerational risk factors that contribute to heart disease, which led to a predictive tool for physicians to determine treatment strategies for patients with cardiovascular disease. In partnership with other academic institutions, members of the department have isolated and identified key factors that contribute to higher incidences of breast cancer and other diseases in African-American women. In addition, the department has designed and implemented an important comparative study that pinpoints risk factors for Alzheimer's disease. Members of the department are also actively engaged in clinical trials and methods for public health surveillance, designed to improve clinical treatments and aid the public health delivery system to identify disease hotspots.

Faculty bios can be found <u>here</u> and information about faculty research can be found on the Research section of our website.



Biostatistics Department Faculty

Faculty Name	Title	Areas of Expertise	Courses Taught	Email and Office
Josée Dupuis, PhD	Professor and Chair, Biostatistics Department	Statistical genetics	BS860 Statistical Genetics II	dupuis@bu.edu CT 324
Alexa Beiser, PhD	Professor of Biostatistics; Associate Chair for Education, Biostatistics Department; Professor of Neurology	Analysis of longitudinal cohort data; survival analysis; lifetime risk analysis; statistical computing		alexab@bu.edu CT 325
Howard Cabral, PhD	Professor of Biostatistics, Co- Director of Biostatistics Graduate Program	Analysis of longitudinal data, analysis of ordinal data, clinical trials, statistical computing, effects of missing data on estimation, and ethics in statistical practice.	BS805 Intermediate Statistical Computing and Applied Regression Analysis	hjcab@bu.edu CT 310
Debbie Cheng, ScD	Professor of Biostatistics	Design and analysis of clinical trials, longitudinal data analysis, alcohol, substance use, and HIV/AIDS research.	BS722 Design and Conduct of Clinical Trials	dmcheng@bu.edu CT 319
L. Adrienne Cupples, PhD	Professor of Biostatistics, Executive Co-Director of Biostatistics Program, Co- Director of Training Grant	Statistical methods for observational Studies, survival analysis, statistical genetics		adrienne@bu.edu CT 347
Serkalem Demissie, PhD	Associate Professor of Biostatistics	Statistical genetics; statistical computing; epidemiology; genome wide association study, meta-analysis, and multiple testing; modeling and clustering temporal data for gene expression experimental study		demissie@bu.edu CT 315
Anita DeStefano, PhD	Professor of Biostatistics, Director of the Graduate Certificate in Statistical Genetics	Statistical genetics	BS401 Survey in Biostatistical Methods	adestef@bu.edu CT 314
Gheorghe Doros, PhD	Professor of Biostatistics, Director of the Graduate Certificate in Biostatistics in Modern Clinical Trials	Censored data, data analysis, asymptotics, nonparametric estimation, and clinical trails	BS853 Generalized Linear Models with Applications, BS854 Bayesian Methods in Clinical Trials	doros@bu.edu CT 331
Susan Fish, PharmD	Professor of Biostatistics	Clinical trials, human subjects research, research ethics, study designs	BS722 Design and Conduct of Clinical Trials	sfish@bu.edu CT 330
David Gagnon, PhD, MD	Research Professor of Biostatistics	Statistical computing, longitudinal data analysis, pharmacoepidemiology, survival analysis, categorical data analysis, phenotyping, machine learning, classification, validation studies, natural language processing, Bayesian analysis, and MCMC methods.	BS775 Applications of Advanced Statistical Methods in Clinical Research, BS821 Categorical Data Analysis, BS852 Statistical Methods in Epidemiology	gagnon@bu.edu CT 328

Faculty Name	Title	Areas of Expertise	Courses Taught	Email and Office
Timothy Heeren, PhD	Professor of Biostatistics; Director of MPH Certificate in Design and Conduct of Public Health Research	Biostatistics, analysis of scaled data, analysis of observational data, longitudinal data analysis	BS704 Biostatistics, BS740 Design & Conduct of Public Health Research, BS852 Statistical Methods in Epidemiology	tch@bu.edu CT 309
Helen Jenkins, PhD	Assistant Professor of Biostatistics	Infectious diseases, analysis of spatial data	BS825 Advanced Infectious Disease Epidemiology BS852 Statistical Methods in Epidemiology	helenje@bu.edu CT 311
Martin Larson, SD	Research Professor of Biostatistics; Research Professor of Mathematics & Statistics; Research Associate Professor of Medicine	Analysis of 'omics' and longitudinal data, statistical genetics, missing data		mlarson@bu.edu CT 325
Michael LaValley, PhD	Professor of Biostatistics; Co- Director of MPH Certificate in Epidemiology and Biostatistics	Meta-analysis, analysis of longitudinal and correlated data, analysis of survival data, analysis of ordinal and count data, predictive modeling, and arthritis research.	BS810 Meta-Analysis for Public Health and Medical Research, BS820 Logistic Regression & Survival Analysis	mlava@bu.edu CT 336C
Robert A. Lew, PhD	Associate Professor of Biostatistics	Senior Biostatistician, Veterans Affairs		rlew@bu.edu CT 328
Ching-Ti Liu, PhD	Professor of Biostatistics	Development of statistical/computational approaches for genetics/genomics and bioinformatics studies	BS730 Introduction to Statistical Computing in R, BS723 Intro to Statistical Computing BS806 Multivariate Analysis for Biostatisticians	ctliu@bu.edu CT 329
Chunyu Liu, PhD	Research Associate Professor of Biostatistics	Statistical Genetics, mitochondrial genetics, maternal inheritance, integrative genetics and genomics.	BS805 Intermediate Statistical Computing and Applied Regression Analysis	liuc@bu.edu CT 332
Sara Lodi, PhD	Assistant Professor of Biostatistics	Causal inference, comparative effectiveness, infectious diseases, clinical trials.	BS851 Applied Statistics in Clinical Trials I	CT 316
Kathryn Lunetta, PhD	Professor of Biostatistics	Statistical genetics and genomics and genetic epidemiology	BS858 Statistical Genetics, BS859 Applied Genetic Analysis,	klunetta@bu.edu CT 313
Joseph Massaro, PhD	Professor of Biostatistics	Pharmaceutical and biologic randomized clinical trials, medical device randomized clinical trials, non-randomized clinical trials, propensity score matching and adjustment, clinical trials in rare diseases, adaptive designs in clinical trials, non-inferiority clinical trials, and risk prediction.	BS851 and BS861 Applied Statistics in Clinical Trials I & II	jmm@bu.edu CT 327
Jacqueline Milton, PhD	Clinical Assistant Professor	Statistical genetics and statistical education	BS401 Survey in Biostatistical Methods, BS704 Biostatistics, BS723 Intro to Statistical Computing,	jnmilton@bu.edu CT 336E

			BS730 Introduction to Statistical Computing in R, PH717 Quantitative Methods for Public Health	
Kerrie Nelson, PhD	Research Associate Professor	Statistical methods for reliability, modeling longitudinal and clustered data, diagnostic testing	BS704 Biostatistics	kerrie@bu.edu CT 336D
Prasad Patil, PhD	Assistant Professor of Biostatistics	Personized medicine, genomics, prediction, data visualization, and study reproducibility/replicability		patil@bu.edu CT 320
Gina Peloso, PhD	Assistant Professor of Biostatistics	Statistical genetics, mapping of complex traits, and cardiovascular risk factors	BS805 Intermediate Statistical Computing and Applied Regression Analysis BS858 Statistical Genetics I	gpeloso@bu.edu CT 336
Sarah Rosner Preis, PhD	Research Associate Professor of Biostatistics	Cardiovascular and nutritional epidemiology, epidemiologic methods	BS723 Introduction to Statistical Computing	srpreis@bu.edu CT 327
Lisa Sullivan, PhD	Professor of Biostatistics; Associate Dean of Education, BUSPH	Design and analysis of epidemiological studies, risk functions, clinical trials, undergraduate education	BS700 Essentials of Biostatistics, PH717 Quantitative Methods for Public Health	Isull@bu.edu CT 324
Ludovic Trinquart, PhD	Assistant Professor of Biostatistics		BS723 Introduction to Statistical Computing	CT 348
Yorghos Tripodis, PhD	Research Associate Professor of Biostatistics	Longitudinal Studies, Correlated Data, Instrumental Variable Models, Time series modeling, and Measurement Error models.	BS803 Statistical Programming for Biostatisticians, BS857 Analysis of Correlated Data	yorghos@bu.edu CT 312
Janice Weinberg, ScD	Professor of Biostatistics	Design and analysis of clinical trials, correlated data analysis, and statistical consulting	BS722 Design & Conduct of Clinical Trials BS723 Introduction to Statistical Computing	janicew@bu.edu CT 330
Laura White, PhD	Associate Professor of Biostatistics, Co-Director of Biostatistics Graduate Program	Spatiotemporal analysis, statistical modeling of disease outbreaks, infectious disease epidemiology, tuberculosis, and public health surveillance.	BS728 Public Health Surveillance, a Methods Based Approach;	Ifwhite@bu.edu CT 322
Qiong Yang, PhD	Associate Professor of Biostatistics	Biostatistics, statistical genetics	BS845 Applied Statistical Modeling and Programming with R	qyang@bu.edu CT 321

Mathematics and Statistics Department Faculty

Faculty Name	Title	Areas of Expertise	Courses Taught	Email and Office
Ralph D'Agostino, PhD	Professor of Mathematics & Statistics; Professor of Biostatistics; Executive Co- Director of Biostatistics Graduate Program	Longitudinal data analysis, multivariate data, analysis, biostatistics and robust procedures.		ralph@bu.edu MCS 176
Yves Atchade	Professor of Mathematics & Statistics			atchade@bu.edu MCS 270
Luis Carvalho, PhD	Associate Professor of Mathematics & Statistics	Bayesian statistics, computational biology, and statistical inference		lecarval@math.bu.e du MCS 221
Hyonho Chun	Associate Professor of Mathematics & Statistics			chunh@bu.edu MCS 249
Uri Eden, PhD	Professor of Mathematics & Statistics	Probability, Stochastic estimation and control, computational neural theory, neural signal processing.	MA582 Mathematical Statistics	tzvi@bu.edu MCS 220
Ashis Gangopadhyay, PhD	Associate Professor of Mathematics & Statistics	Nonparametric and semiparametric models, Bayesian Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques, financial time series modeling	MA781 Estimation Theory MA782 Hypothesis Testing	ag@bu.edu MCS 231
Paola Guasoni, PhD	Adjunct Associate Professor of Mathematics & Statistics	Mathematical Finance, Probability and Stochastic Processes.		guasoni@math.bu.e du MCS 233
Mamikon Ginovyan, PhD	Senior Lecturer		MA781 Estimation Theory	ginovyan@bu.edu
Thomas Kepler, PhD	Adjunct Professor of Mathematics & Statistics	Computational Biology, Biostatistics, Bioinformatics		tbkepler@bu.edu
Eric Kolaczyk, PhD	Professor of Mathematics & Statistics; Director of Statistics Program	Statistical analysis of network-indexed data, development of basic methodology and interdisciplinary, statistical multi-scale modeling		kolaczyk@bu.edu MCS 223
Mark Kon, PhD	Professor of Mathematics & Statistics	Statistical and machine learning, bioinformatics/computational biology, neural networks		mkon@bu.edu MCS 259
Asya Lyass, PhD	Research Assistant Professor of Mathematics & Statistics	Biostatistics		asya@bu.edu 704 Comm Ave, 509b
Konstantinos Spiliopoulos, PhD	Assistant Professor of Mathematics & Statistics	Stochastic processes, probability, mathematical finance, statistics.		kspiliop@bu.edu MCS 222
Daniel Sussman, PhD	Assistant Professor of Mathematics & Statistics	Statistical inference for network data	MA703 Statistical Analysis of Network Data MA681 Accelerated Introduction to Statistical Methods for Quantitative	sussman@bu.edu

			Research MA882 Seminar: Statistics	
Murad Taqqu, PhD	Professor of Mathematics & Statistics	Probability, stochastic processes, statistics.	MA681 Accelerated Introduction to Statistical Methods for Quantitative Research	murad@bu.edu MCS 252
Daniel Weiner, PhD	Associate Professor of Mathematics & Statistics	Probability, statistics.	MA581 Probability, MA582 Mathematical Statistics	weiner@bu.edu MCS 246
Haviland Wright, PhD	Professor of the Practice of Statistics			hav1126@bu.edu 64 Cummington, room 233
Masanao Yajima, PhD	Associate Professor of the Practice of Statistics			
Ting Zhang, PhD	Assistant Professor of Mathematics & Statistics	Probability, statistics.	MA575 Linear Models MA782 Hypothesis Testing	tingz@bu.edu

<u>Secondary Appointments and Adjunct Faculty</u>
In addition to the faculty based at the School, BUSPH employs a number of experienced public health professionals from the community as adjunct faculty. These adjunct faculty bring a wealth of knowledge to the classroom as well as help build bridges between the communities that surround the Medical Campus. They often connect students with practica, research opportunities, and community events.

Faculty Name	BU Appointment	Primary Appointment/Position	Biostatistics Courses Taught	Email and Office
Mark Chang, PhD	Adjunct Professor of Biostatistics	Executive Director of Department of Biostatistics and Data Management, AMAG Pharmaceuticals	BS856 Adaptive Designs for Clinical Trials	mychang@bu.edu
Lori Chibnik, PhD	Adjunct Assistant Professor of Biostatistics	Assistant Professor of Neurology, Harvard Medical School and BWH; Assistant Professor of Epidemiology at Harvard School of Public Health; Associated Scientist at Broad Institute		chibber@bu.edu
Kimberly Dukes, PhD	Adjunct Assistant Professor of Biostatistics	President, CEO of DM-STAT, Inc.		dukeska@bu.edu
Lindsay Farrer, PhD	Professor of Biostatistics			farrer@bu.edu
Jayandra Himali, PhD	Research Assistant Professor of Biostatistics	Research Assistant Professor, Neurology, BU School of Medicine	BS723 Introduction to Statistical Computing	jhimali@bu.edu
C. Robert Horsburgh, MD, MUS	Professor of Biostatistics	Professor of Epidemiology, BUSPH		rhorsbu@bu.edu
Shih-Jen Hwang, PhD	Adjunct Research Assistant Professor of Biostatistics			hwangs2@bu.edu
William Evan Johnson, PhD	Associate Professor of Biostatistics	Associate Professor of Medicine, Division of Computational Biomedicine, BUMC		wej@bu.edu
Mark Logue, PhD	Research Assistant Professor of Biostatistics			loguem@bu.edu
Elena Losina, PhD	Adjunct Associate Professor of Biostatistics	Professor of Orthopedic Surgery, Harvard Medical School		lenal@bu.edu
Sandeep Menon, PhD	Adjunct Assistant Professor	Director of Biostatistics, Bio-	BS856 Adaptive Designs for	sandeep.m.menon@

	of Biostatistics	therapeutics Research, Pfizer	Clinical Trials	pfizer.com
Stefano Monti, PhD	Associate Professor of Biostatistics		BS831 Genomics Data Mining and Statistics	smonti@bu.edu
Alexander Ozonoff, PhD	Adjunct Associate Professor of Biostatistics			Al.ozonoff@children s.harvard.edu
Michael Pencina, PhD	Adjunct Professor of Biostatistics	Director of Biostatistics, Duke Clinical Research Institute		michael.pencina@du ke.edu
Soe Soe Thwin, PhD	Adjunct Assistant Professor of Biostatistics	Biostatistician, Veterans Affairs		sst@bu.edu
Moshe Vardi, MD	Adjunct Assistant Professor of Biostatistics	Global Clinical Development Lead, Shire		vardi@bu.edu
Vanessa Xanthakis, PhD	Assistant Professor of Biostatistics	Instructor of Medicine, Investigator for the Framingham Heart Study, Section of Preventive Medicine and Epidemiology, Department of Medicine BUSM		vanessax@bu.edu
Bin Zhang, PhD	Adjunct Research Associate Professor of Biostatistics	Associate Professor of Genetics and Genomic Sciences, Mount Sinai		binzhang@bu.edu
Xiaoling Zhang, MD, PhD	Assistant Professor of Biostatistics	Assistant Professor of Medicine, Biomedical Genetics Section, Boston University School of Medicine		zhangxl@bu.edu

Biostatistics MS Degree Audit Sheet (32 credits)

I. MS Degree Required Courses: Six courses (24 credits)	Semester Completed	Grade Earned	Credits Earned
CAS MA 575 Linear Models			
CAS/ MET MA581 Probability			
CAS/ MET MA582 Mathematical Statistics			
SPH EP770 Concepts and Methods in Epidemiology			
SPH BS805 Intermediate Statistical Computing & Applied Regression			
or SPH BS806 Multivariable Analysis for Biostatisticians			
SPH BS852 Statistical Methods in Epidemiology			
II. MS Degree Electives: Any two (8 credits)	Semester Completed	Grade Earned	Credits Earned
CAS MA: 576, 583, 585, 588, 589, 592			
GRS MA: 685, 751 [#] , 781*, 782*, 861*, 881*, 882			
CAS CS: 542 [#]			
SPH BS: 722, 728, 775, 810, 820, 821, 825, 831, 845, 849, 851, 853,			
854, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 901**, 902**			
SPH EP 854*			

[#]Only one of these two courses may count as an elective.

^{**} Limit of 4 credits among the two.

III. Qualifying Exams	Date of Completion	Grade Earned
Applied Qualifying Exam		
Theory Qualifying Exam		

MS Requirements Checklist:

□ Credits	total: .	32 MS	graduate	credits or	approved	transfer	courses.
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- ☐ Grade of B- or better in all courses applied to the MS
- □ Any course waivers or transfer credit approved
- □ All incomplete classes completed and grades posted
- □ Submitted graduation application to GRS (2-3 months prior to commencement)

^{*} Must obtain permission from academic advisor to take this elective.

Biostatistics PhD Degree Audit Sheet

I. Post- BA PhD Required Courses: Ten courses (40 credits)	Semester Completed	Grade Earned	Credits Earned
CAS MA 575 Linear Models	•		
CAS/ MET MA581 Probability			
CAS/ MET MA582 Mathematical Statistics			
SPH EP770 Concepts and Methods in Epidemiology			
SPH BS805 Intermediate Statistical Computing & Applied Regression			
or SPH BS806 Multivariables Analysis for Biostatisticians			
SPH BS852 Statistical Methods in Epidemiology			
SPH BS853 Generalized Linear Models with Applications			
SPH BS857 Analysis of Correlated Data			
GRS MA781 Estimation Theory			
GRS MA782 Hypothesis Testing			
II. PhD Biostatistics Electives: At least 12 credits of the	Semester	Grade	Credits
following Biostatistics Courses:	Completed	Earned	Earned
SPH BS: 722, 728, 775, 810, 820, 821, 825, 831, 845, 849, 851, 854,			
856, 858, 859, 860, 861			
III. PhD Additional Elective Courses: The remaining courses			
may be selected from the above series of courses or from the	Semester	Grade	Credits
following Elective Courses. One elective may be in the	Completed	Earned	Earned
biological sciences [#] (12 credits):			
CAS MA: 511, 512, 555, 556, 576, 578, 583, 585, 588, 589, 592, 685;			
1 GD G 3 5 1 = 0.0 = 1.1 = 2.0 = 2.1 1 = 2.0 = 0.0 0.00			
GRS MA: 703, 711, 750, 751*, 779, 780, 882;			
CAS CS: 542*			

^{*} Only one of these two courses may be taken as an elective

[#]Given the large number of biology courses, a comprehensive list is not provided here. Please contact the Program Co-Directors to seek permission for a specific course in the biological sciences.

IV. Qualifying Exams	Date of Completion	Grade Earned
Applied Qualifying Exam		
Theory Qualifying Exam		

PhD Requirements Checklist:

- □ Total of 32-64 PhD graduate credits or approved transfer courses
- □ Grade of B- or better in all courses applied to the PhD
- □ All course waivers or transfer credit approved
- □ All incomplete classes completed and grades posted
- □ Attended and presented at Doctoral Student Presentation Seminars
- □ Submitted graduation application to GRS (2-3 months prior to commencement)

[‡] Only one of these two courses may count as an elective.

^{**} Limit of 4 credits among the two. Post-Bachelor's PhD students may petition Co-Directors to allow more than 4 credits.