

RESEARCH ON TAP

The Biology of Aging

Wednesday, March 26 | 4-6 pm

bu.edu/research/events

Agenda

Opening Remarks

Ana Fiszbein
Brianne Connizzo
Thomas Perls

Presentations

Tom Perls
Stacy Andersen
George Murphy
Stefano Monti
Brianne Connizzo
Samuel Beck
LaDora V. Thompson
Ana Fiszbein
Jeroen Eyckmans
Daniel Dempsey
Slava Labunsky
Vladimir Botchkarev
Hadi T. Nia
Tristan Barako

Funding Opportunities & Closing Remarks

Foundation Relations
Tristan Barako
Katharine Canfield

A Natural Model of Exceptional Health Span and Longevity

Thomas Perls MD, MPH

Professor

Department of Medicine, Chobanian and Avedisian and School of Medicine

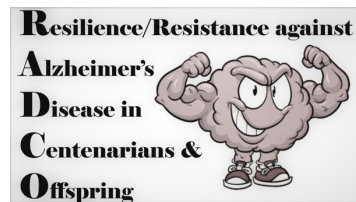
The New England Centenarian Study

Our NIH-NIA Funded Projects

Longevity
Consortium's



Centenarian
Project



Stefano Monti
(CAM)



Rhoda Au
(CAM)



Daniel Segrè
(CRC)



George
Murphy
(CREM)

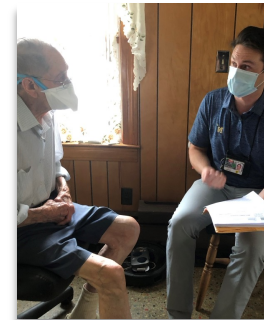
Key Underlying Premise



- ▶ People age differently from one another but at ages beyond 100, at older and older ages, they are more and more alike.
- ▶ About 90% of centenarians are disability-free up through their early nineties. “the older you get, the healthier you’ve been”!
- ▶ 15% are “Escapers”. At age 100, escaped aging-related diseases
- ▶ Supercentenarians: 70% “escapers” at 100 and live independently until 106 years old!

Nature v. Nurture?

- ▶ To live to age 90, 75% of how we age is due to our health behaviors. To live to age 106+ years, 75% due to about 200 protective genes
- ▶ They are so alike, so need sample size of 500-1000
- ▶ They have protective genes. They don’t lack disease genes



Data and Biological Samples We Collect

■ Data


- Careful and detailed cognitive function
- 1 week's worth of physical and sleep function data
- Family pedigree data
- Medical and dental history
- Dietary habits and intake
- Brain MRIs

■ Biological samples

- Blood
- Fecal samples
- Blood for creating induced pluripotent stem cells (iPSCs)
- Brain donation



Race and ethnicity dynamics in survival to 100 years in the United States

■ Nadine Ouellette¹ & Thomas T. Perls² 

From the ¹Department of Demography, Université de Montréal, Montreal, Quebec, Canada; ²Department of Medicine, Geriatrics Section, Boston University Chobanian & Avedisian School of Medicine, Boston, Massachusetts, USA

Aging Cell

Open Access

ANATOMICAL
SOCIETY

A longevity-specific bank of induced pluripotent stem cells from centenarians and their offspring

[Todd W. Dowrey](#), [Smuel F. Cranston](#), [Nicholas Skvir](#), [Yvonne Lok](#), [Brian Gould](#), [Bradley Petrowitz](#), [Daniel Villar](#), [Jidong Shan](#), [Marianne James](#), [Mark Dodge](#), [Anna C. Belkina](#), [Richard M. Giadone](#), [Sofiya Milman](#), [Paola Sebastiani](#), [Thomas T. Perls](#), [Stacy L. Andersen](#), [George J. Murphy](#)

Article

Cell Reports

Metabolite signatures of chronological age, aging, survival, and longevity

[Volume 43, Issue 11](#) November 26, 2024

Current Directions

- Enhance diversity (different paths to 100+ years)
- Generate longitudinal omics (e.g. genetics, metabolites, microbiome, proteomics etc) data from our centenarian and offspring participants
- Enroll and study cognitive superagers (people with the cognitive function norms of people 30 years younger)
- Dr. Andersen:
 - Preclinical markers of cognitive decline v. resilience
 - Markers of rate of cognitive aging
- Dr. Murphy
 - iPSCs, differentiated lines and functional studies
 - Clocks
- Dr. Monti
 - Network Models, Pathways, Candidate Interventions

Insights into Alzheimer's Disease from Longevity Studies

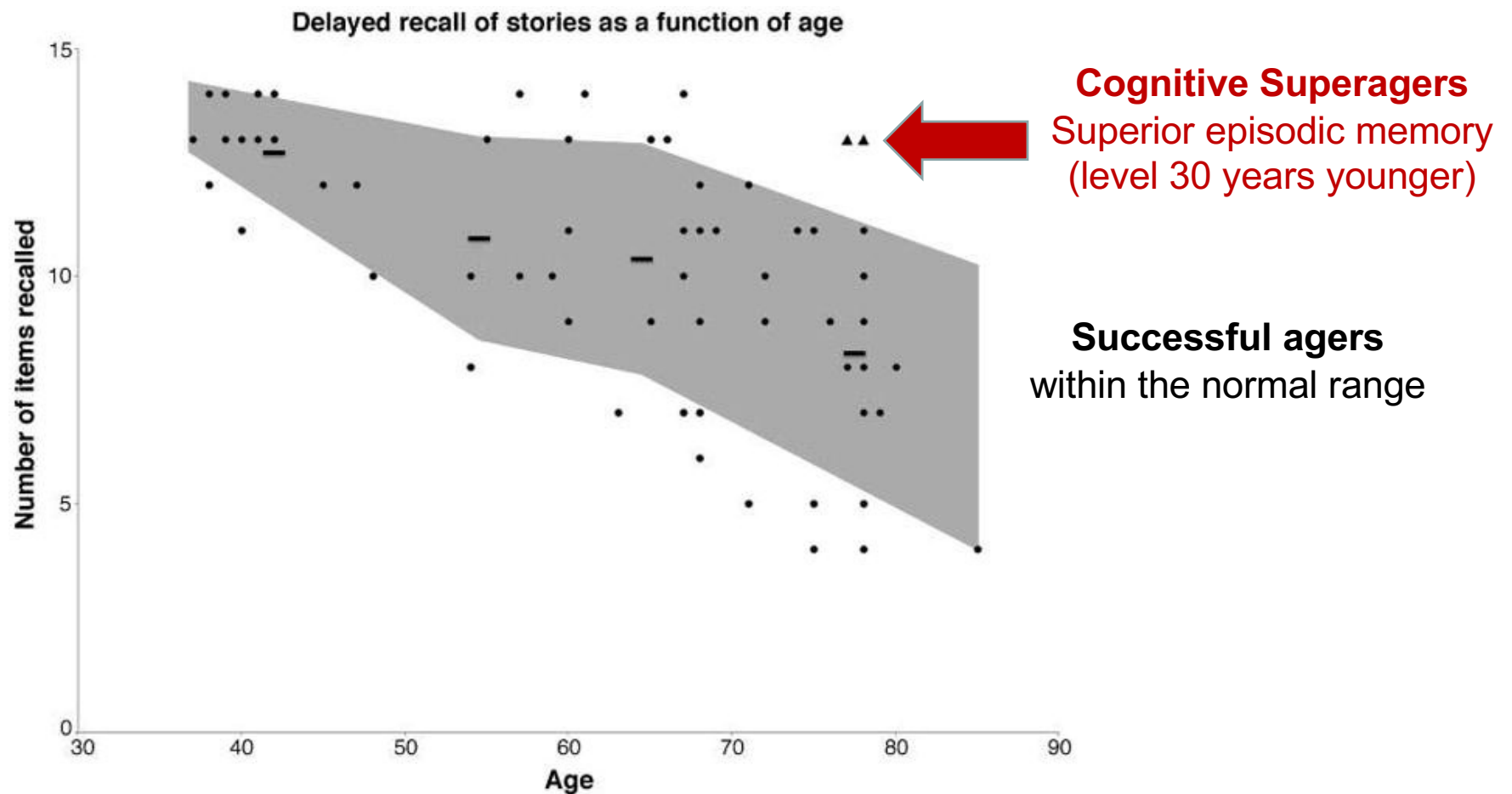
Stacy Andersen, PhD

Assistant Professor

Dept of Medicine, Chobanian & Avedisian School of Medicine

Cognitive Superagers

Youthful episodic memory function





Blood Biomarkers

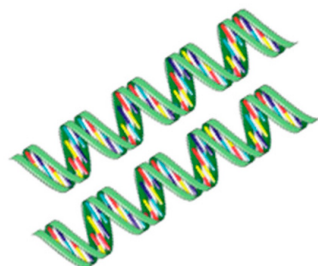


Neuroimaging

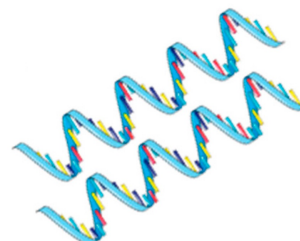


Neuropathology

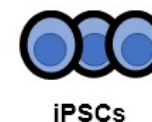
Resilience/Resistance against Alzheimer's Disease in Centenarians & Offspring



GENOMICS (DNA)



TRANSCRIPTOMICS (RNA)



iPSCs



iNeuron

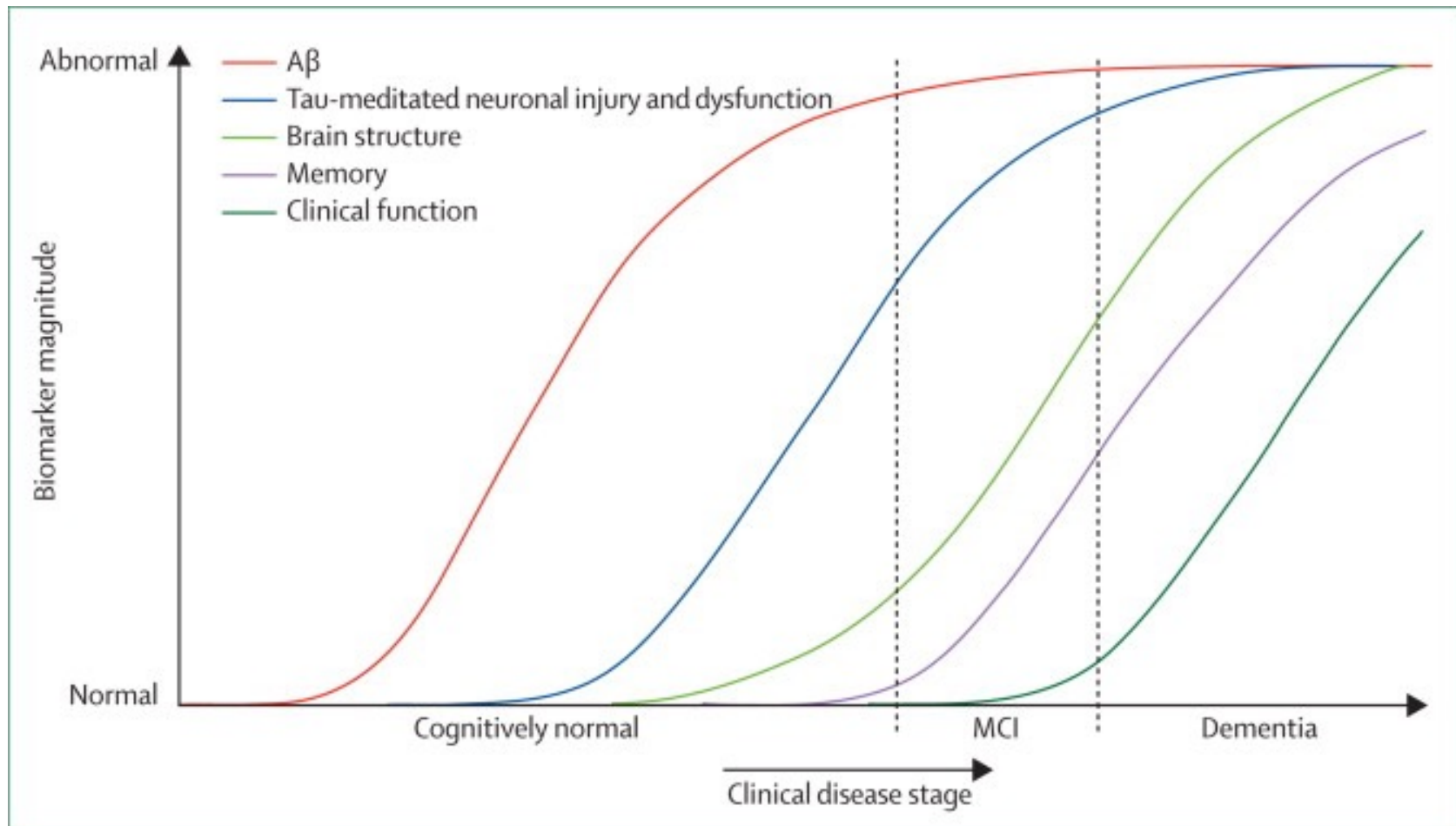


iAstrocyte



iMGL

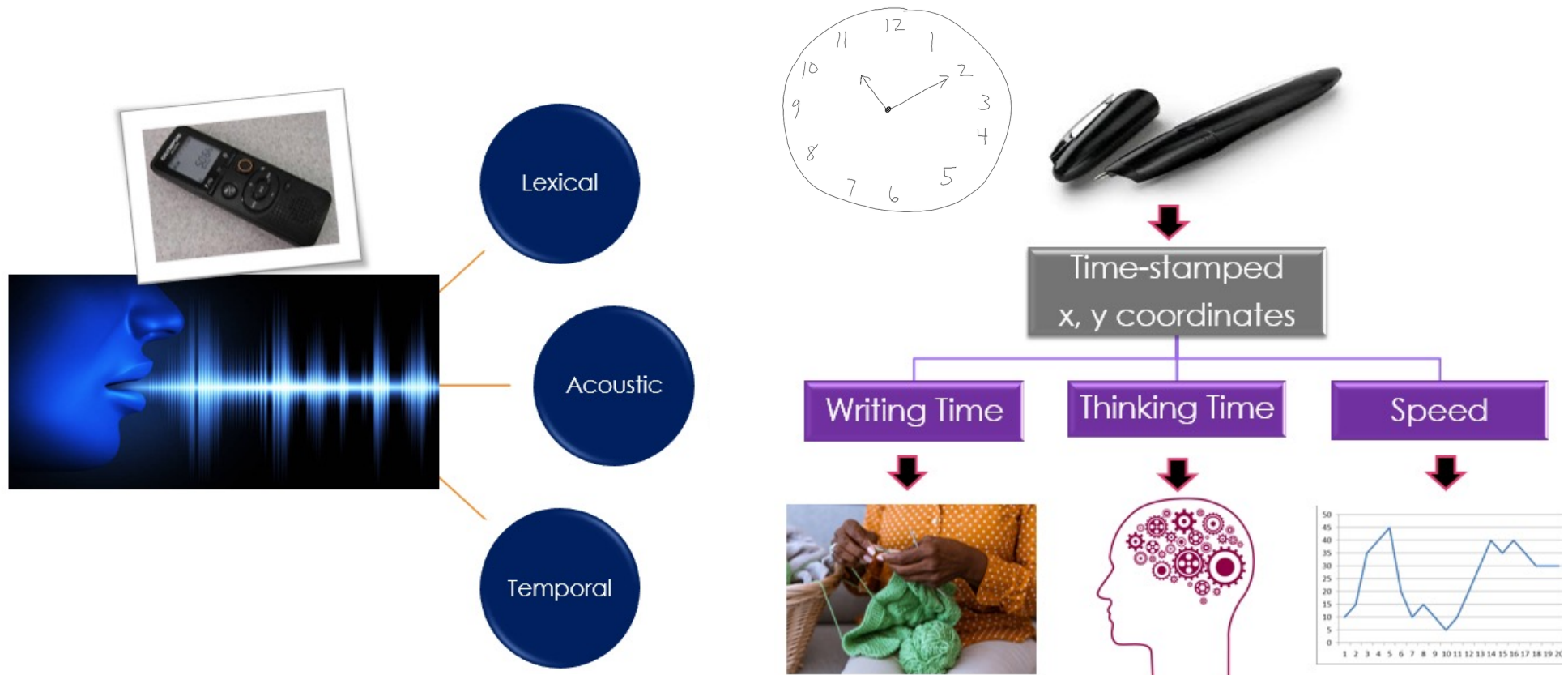
Early detection of Alzheimer's Disease



Jack et al., 2010. *Lancet Neurology*

Preclinical detection of cognitive impairment

The power of digital technologies



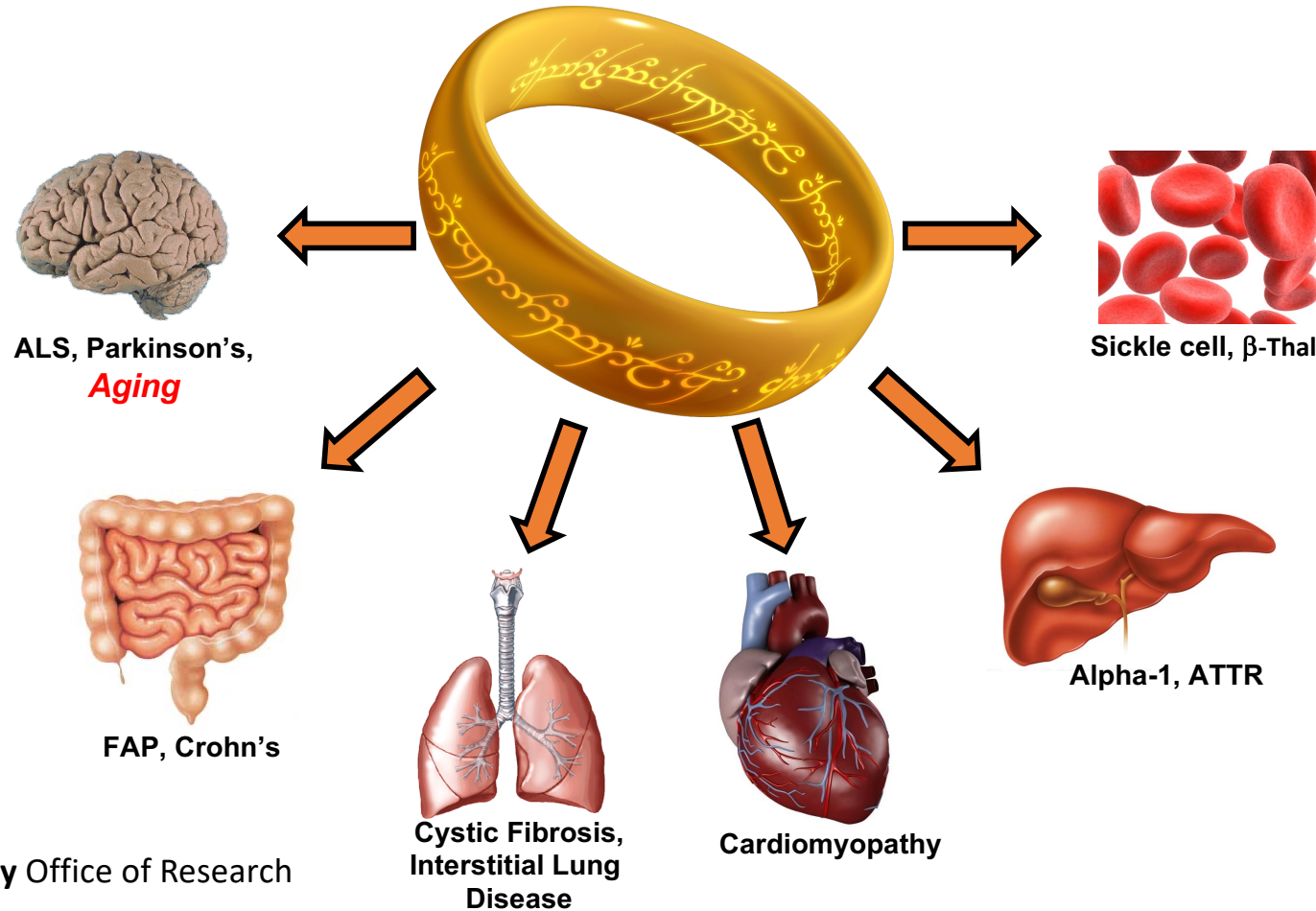


Uncovering the Molecular Mechanisms of Exceptional Longevity through iPSC-based Modeling of Resiliency

George J. Murphy
Associate Professor of Medicine
Co-Founder Center for Regenerative Medicine (CReM)
Chobanian & Avedisian School of Medicine



Pluripotent Stem Cells: *One Cell to Rule Them All*



A longevity-specific bank of induced pluripotent stem cells from centenarians and their offspring

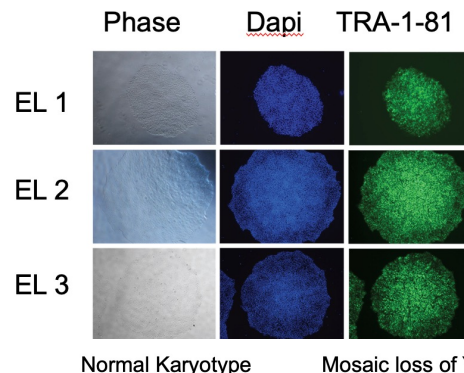
Exceptional Longevity (EL) Bank

Age	Sex	PBMC Collected	iPSC Generated
100-104	Male	13	1
	Female	18	2
105-109	Male	7	6
	Female	8	5
110+	Male	0	0
	Female	2	2
EL	Male	18	1
Offspring	Female	31	3
Non-EL	Male	5	0
controls	Female	2	0
Total		104	20

Clinical history of EL subjects

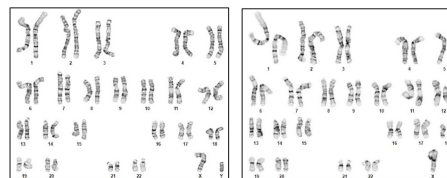
- Cognitive status (superager, normal, impaired)
- Disease, hospitalization
- Medications
- Quality of life (independence, fitness)
- Frailty index

Characterized EL iPSC lines

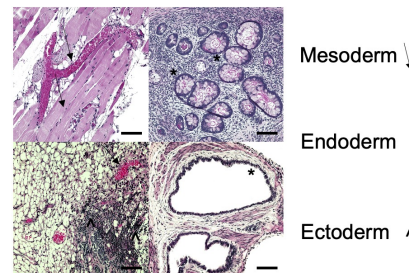


Normal Karyotype

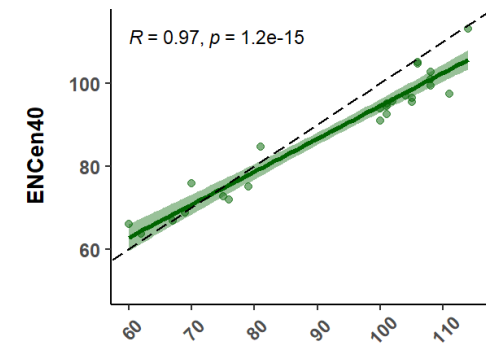
Mosaic loss of Y



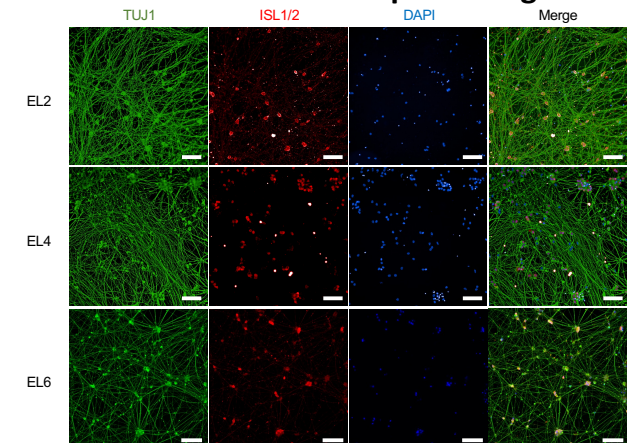
Teratoma assay



Application of biological age clocks

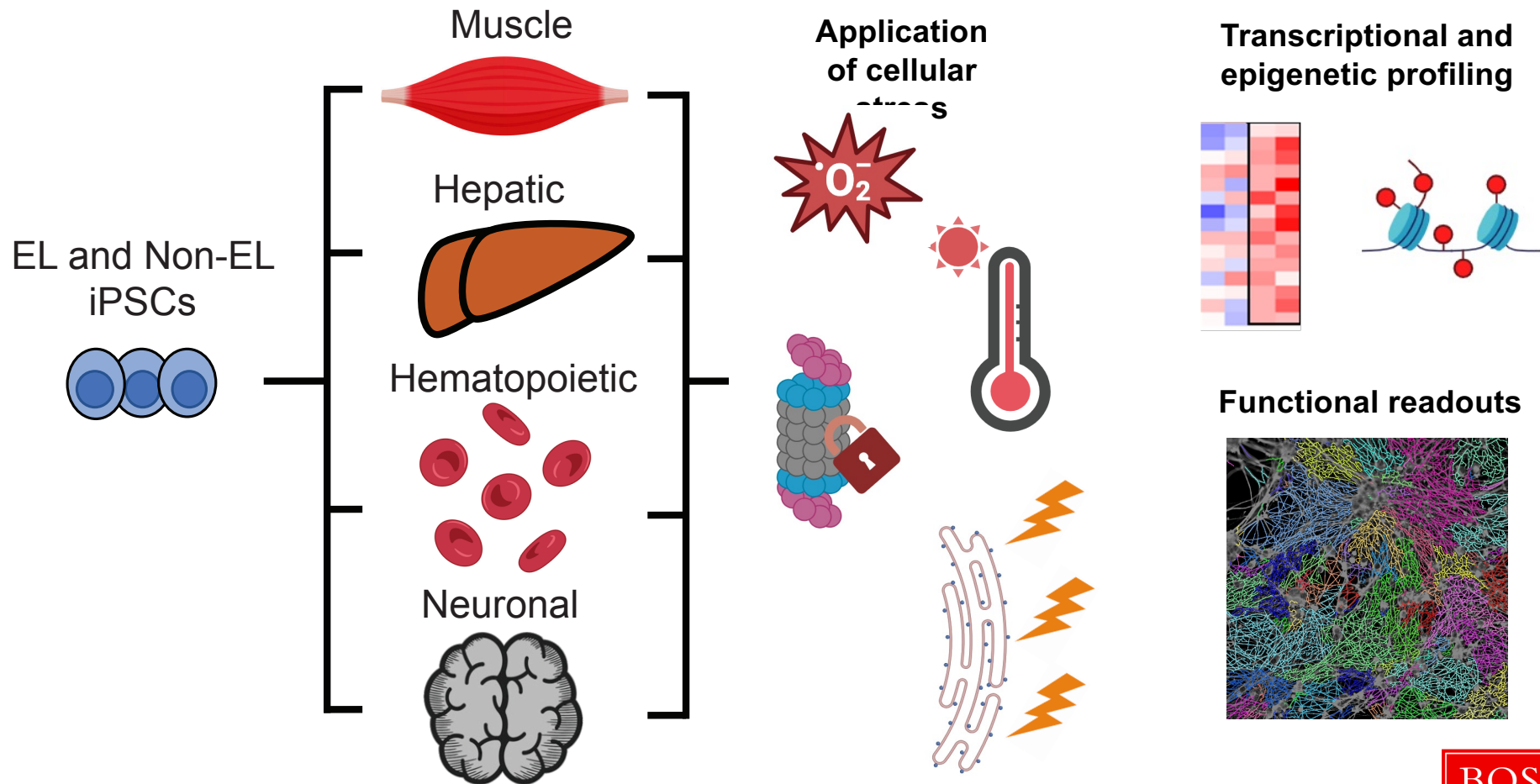


Efficient neuronal patterning



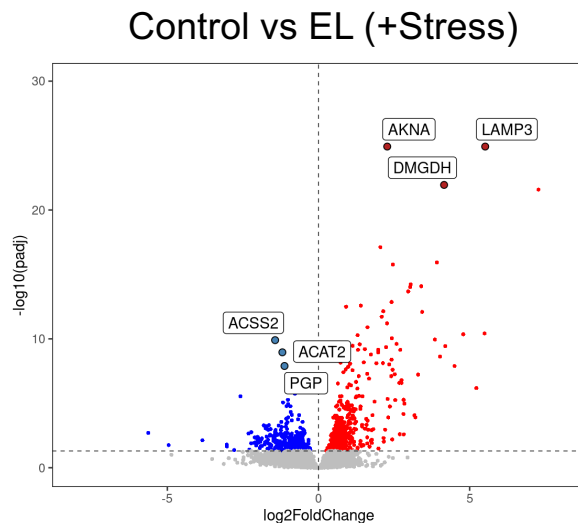
Dowrey et al., *Aging Cell* 2024

Establishing stress signatures in EL iPSC-derived cells

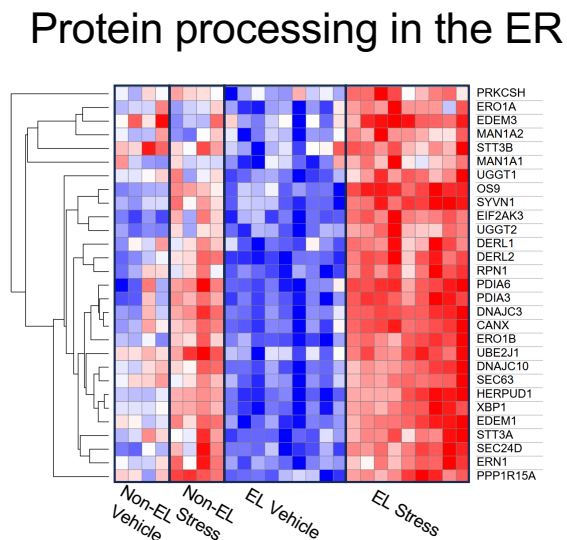


Application of resiliency signatures in discovery and validation

Generate molecular signatures of resiliency

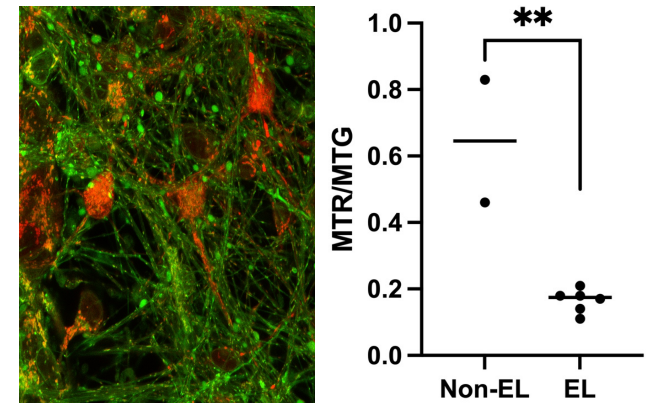


Curate context-specific pathways of interest



Assess functional capacity in longevity-specific cells

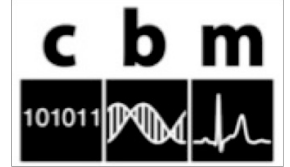
Mitochondrial activity



EL subjects maintain a molecularly and functionally “quieter” landscape while maintaining the ability to productively and robustly respond to stress



Chobanian & Avedisian School of Medicine
Department of Medicine



Multi-Omics Modeling to Study Healthy Aging and Exceptional Longevity (EL)

Stefano Monti

Section of Computational Biomedicine @ BUSM

Department of Biostatistics @ BSPH

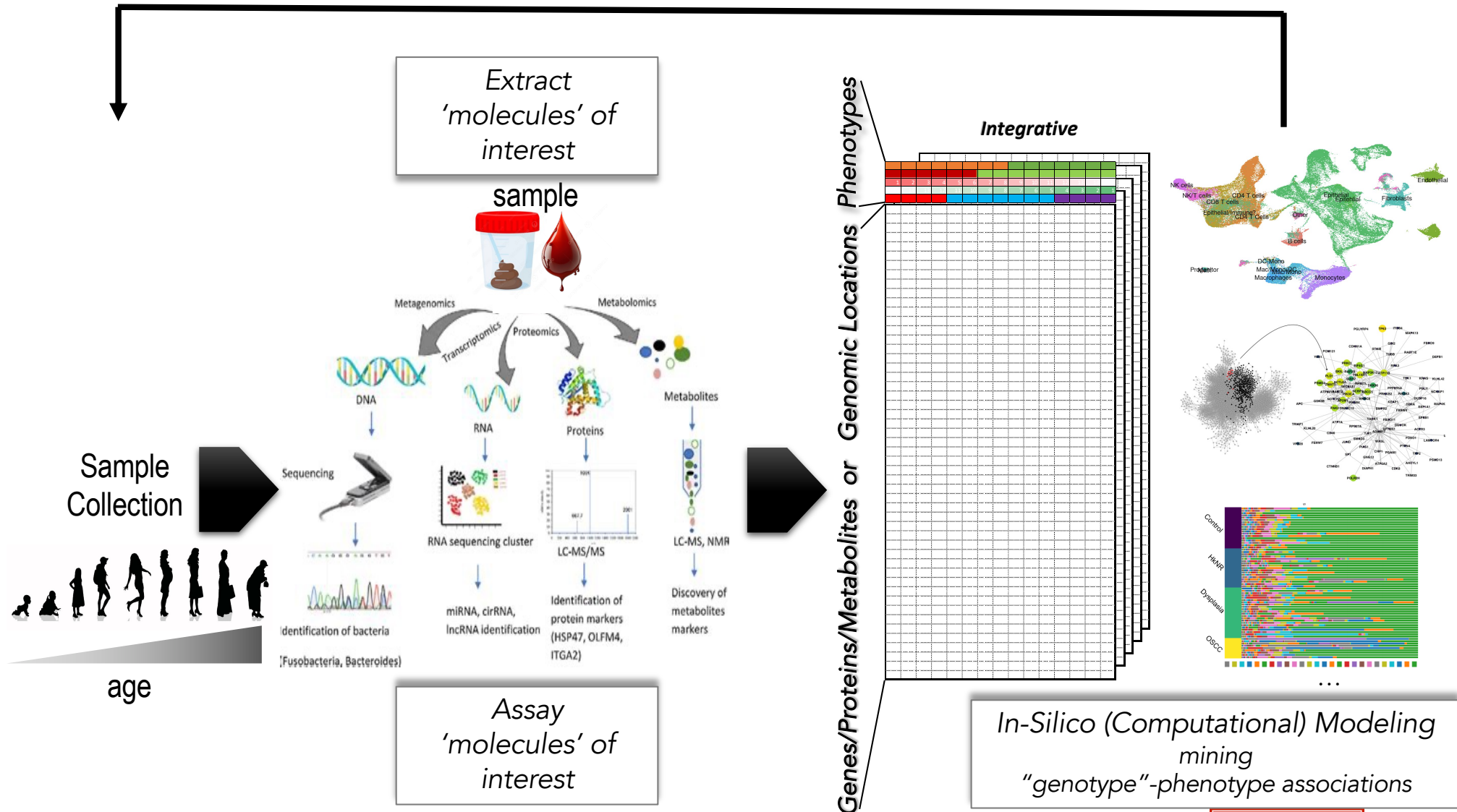
Bioinformatics Program @ CDS

smonti@bu.edu

<https://www.bumc.bu.edu/combiomed/labs/monti/>

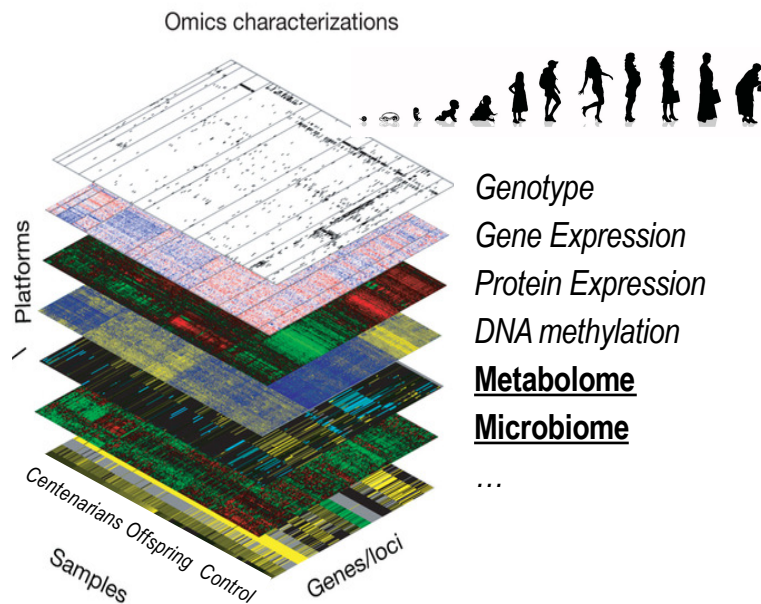
From Experiments to (Multi-Omics) Data

molecular epidemiology of age



Integrative Multi-Omics

The Study of Healthy Aging & Longevity



Collaboration with

- Tom Perls, Paola Sebastiani, Stacy Andersen-Toomey
- New England Centenarian Study (NECS)
- George Murphy, et al.

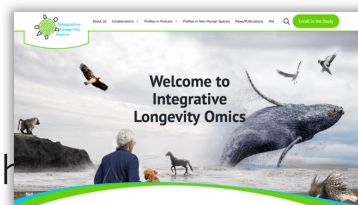
Several Consortia

- Longevity Consortium (Schork et al.)
- Long Life Family Study (LLFS) (Province et al.)
- Integrative Longevity Omics (ILO) (Perls et al.)

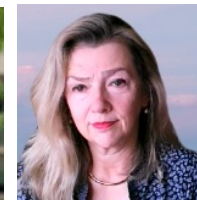
Exciting Challenges

- Analysis of “new” omics layers (Metabolomics, Metagenomics, ...)
- Integrative Analysis of Multi-Omics

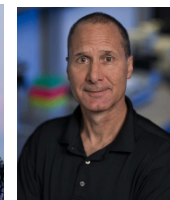
Boston University Office of Research



Perls



Sebastiani



Schork

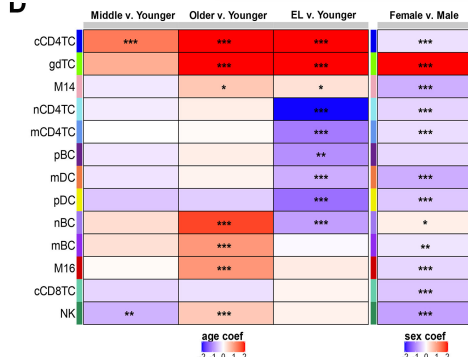
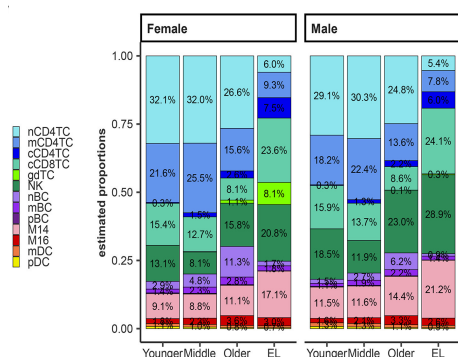


Province



et al.

Single Cell Transcriptomics

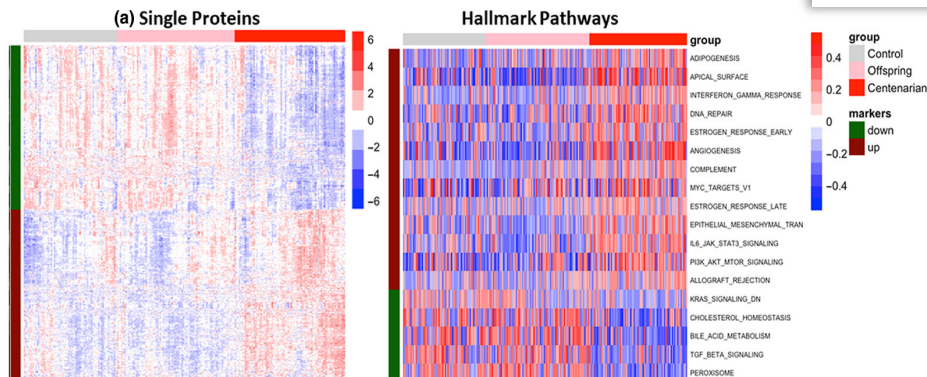


www.thelancet.com Vol 90 April, 2023

Multi-modal profiling of peripheral blood cells across the human lifespan reveals distinct immune cell signatures of aging and longevity

Tanya T. Karagiannis,^{a,n,*} Todd W. Dowrey,^{b,n} Carlos Villacorta-Martin,^b Monty Montano,^{c,d} Eric Reed,^e Anna C. Belkina,^{f,g} Stacy L. Andersen,^h Thomas T. Perls,^h Stefano Monti,^{i,j,k,n} George J. Murphy,^{b,i,n} and Paola Sebastiani^{a,m,n}

Bulk Proteomics

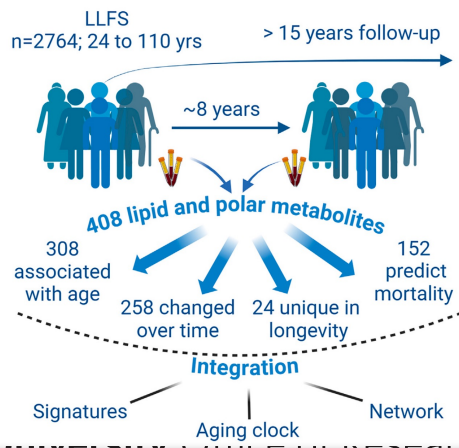


ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Protein signatures of centenarians and their offspring suggest centenarians age slower than other humans

Paola Sebastiani¹ | Anthony Federico^{2,3} | Melody Morris⁴ | Anastasia Gurinovich² | Toshiko Tanaka⁵ | Kevin B. Chandler⁶ | Stacy L. Andersen⁷ | Gerald Denis⁸ | Catherine E. Costello⁹ | Luigi Ferrucci⁵ | Lori Jennings⁴ | David J. Glass^{4,10} | Stefano Monti^{2,3} | Thomas T. Perls⁷

Bulk Metabolomics



Cell Reports

Metabolite signatures of chronological age, aging, survival, and longevity

Graphical abstract

LLFS
n=2764; 24 to 110 yrs

> 15 years follow-up

Authors

Paola Sebastiani, Stefano Monti, Michael S. Lustgarten, ..., Noa Rappaport, Thomas T. Perls, Gary J. Patti



Boston University

many (multi-)omics studies in the pipeline (transcriptomics, metabolomics, metagenomics) ...

Looking for what is unique about EL subjects

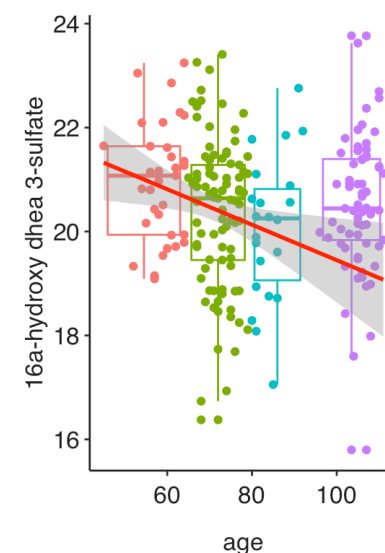
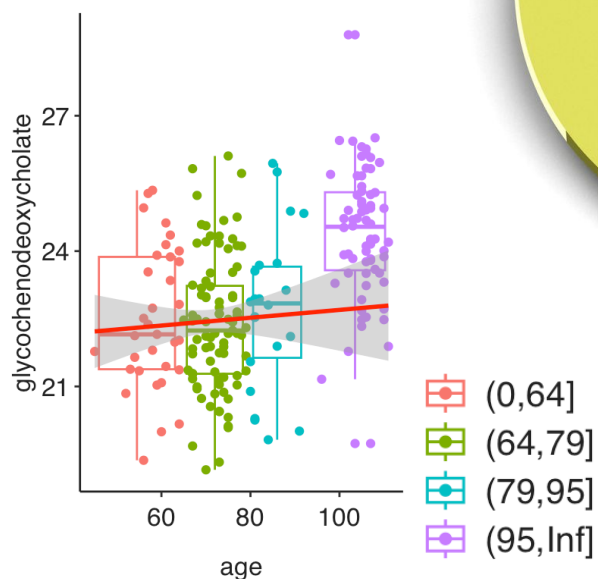
“EL-only” vs. “Age-only” molecular features

EL studies

age-associations in populations enriched for EL subjects

Age Studies

age-associations in “standard” populations



Major Challenge

distinguishing End of Life (EoL) markers from Exceptional Longevity (EL) markers

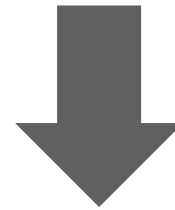
Improving musculoskeletal health to extend healthspan

Brianne Connizzo

Assistant Professor

Biomedical Engineering

MOBILITY IS CRITICAL TO HEALTHY AGING



**Blood Pressure
Disease Risk
Stress & Anxiety**



**Strength
Community
Independence**

HEALTH

TUESDAY, JAN. 11, 2011 ••• THE NEWS JOURNAL **D3**

Gait speed linked to longevity

In a study, older people who walked faster lived longer

By JANICE LLOYD
USA Today

Want to know how long you or your aging parents will live? One simple indi-

talization.

"My hope is that we begin to think about ways to reflect the health and function of older people that goes beyond diseases."

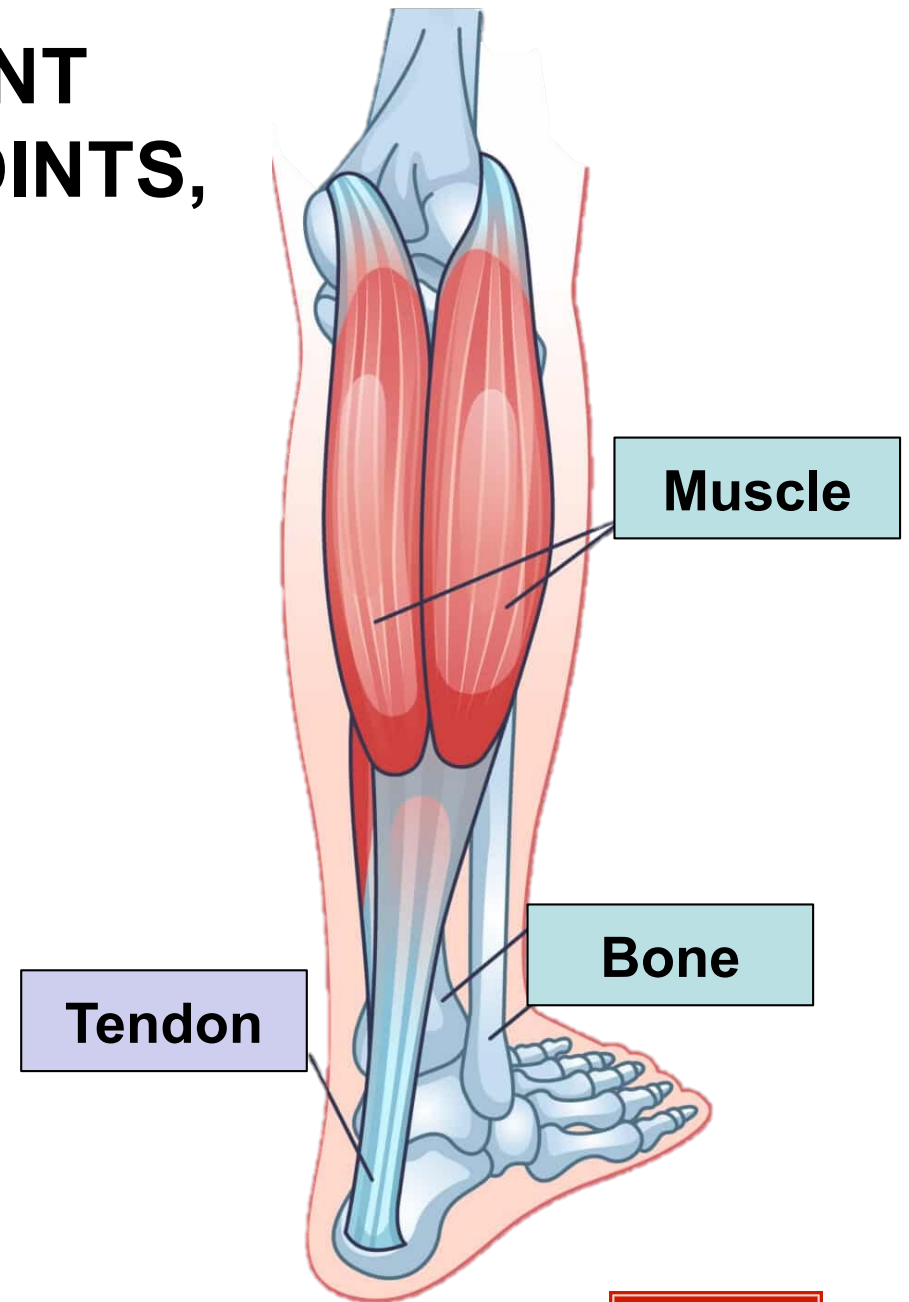
vide doctors with an inexpensive, safe and simple way of measuring performance that can help identify health problems, she said, and in many cases the re-

EFFICIENT MOVEMENT REQUIRES HEALTHY JOINTS, AND TENDONS!

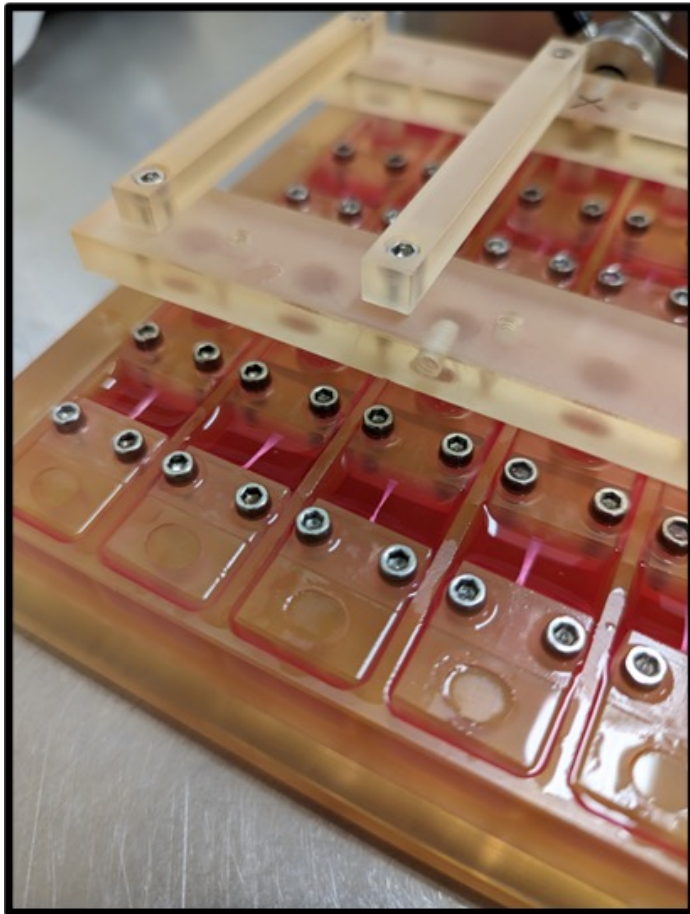
**Required for Joint
Stability and Efficient
Movement**

**ECM-Rich Tissue with
Few Cells**

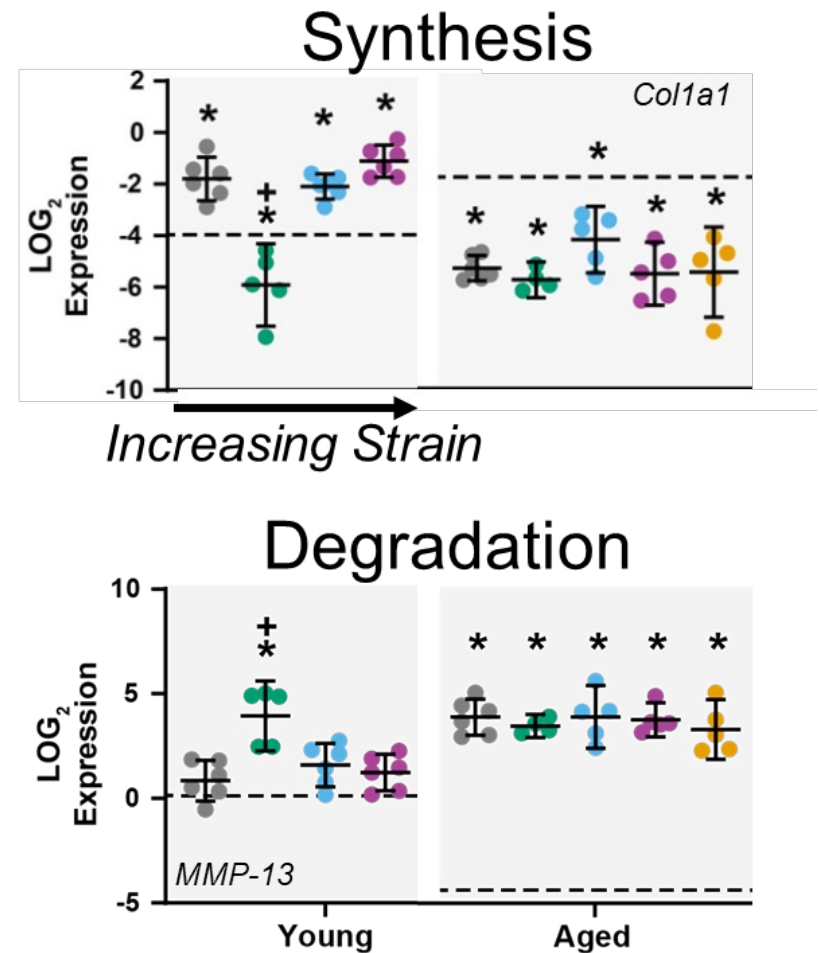
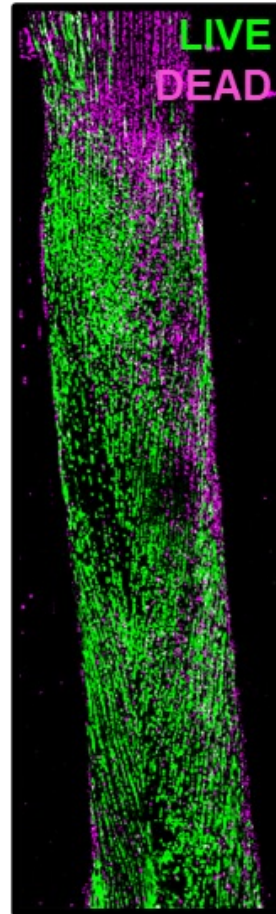
**Relatively Quiescent
But High Capacity for
Adaptation**



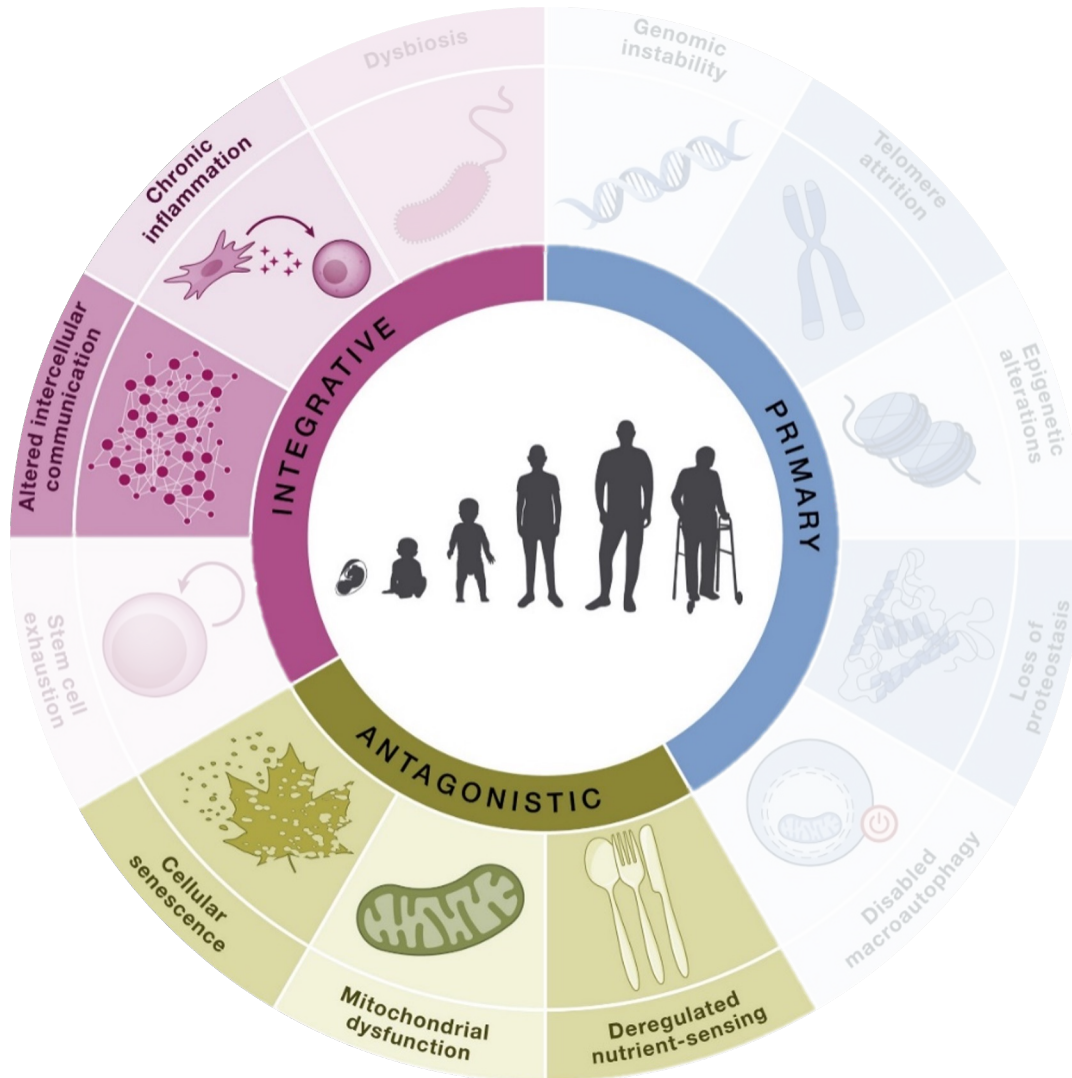
ADAPTATION TO CHANGING FUNCTION IS LOST WITH AGING



Aggouras, Stowe et al. JBME (2024)



WHAT CAUSES DYSFUNCTIONAL ADAPTATION? HOW CAN WE PREVENT OR REVERSE IT?



**Adaptive remodeling
is lost in aging**

Aggouras, Stowe et al. JBME (2024)
Mlawer et al. (In Prep)
Stowe et al. (In Prep)

**Senescence disrupts
ECM remodeling**

Stowe et al. Aging Cell (2024)

**Intertissue signaling
is disrupted**

Kalço et al. (In Prep)

**Nutrient sensing +
processing is altered**

Mlawer et al. BioRxiv (2025)

***Beyond Epigenetics: Leveraging Big Data for Breakthrough
Anti-Aging Therapies***

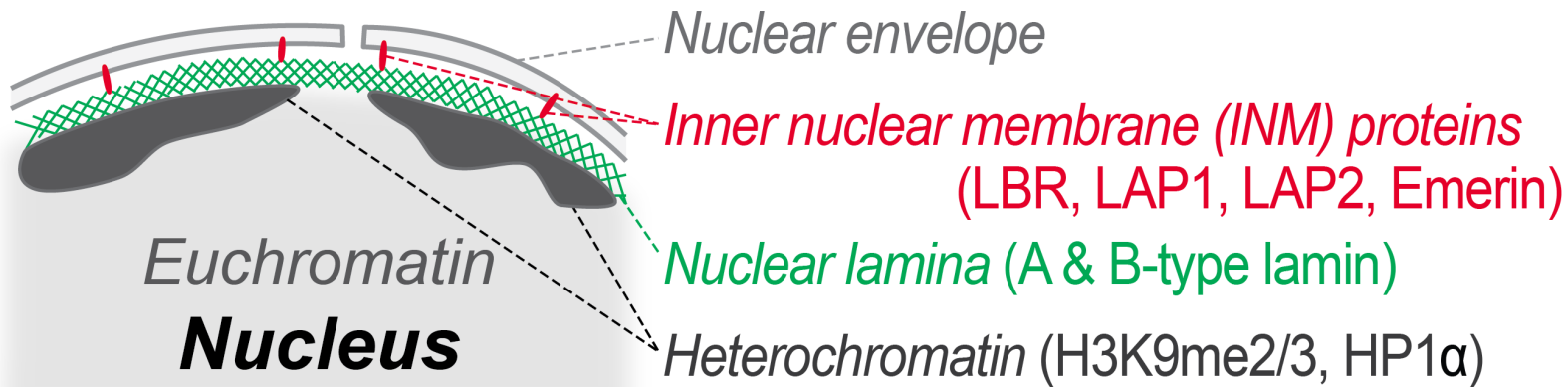
Samuel Beck, PhD

Assistant Professor

Department of Dermatology, Chobanian & Avedisian School of Medicine

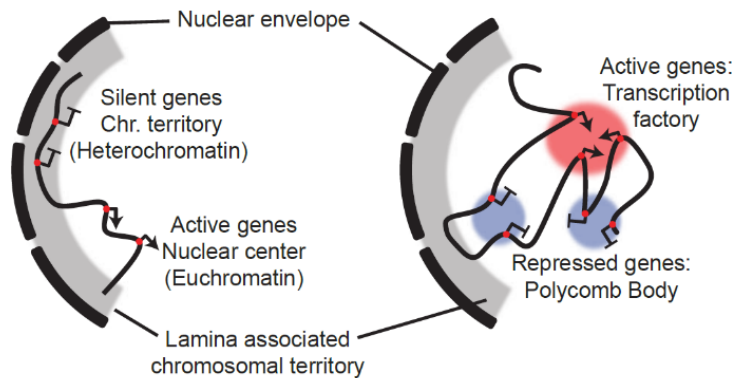
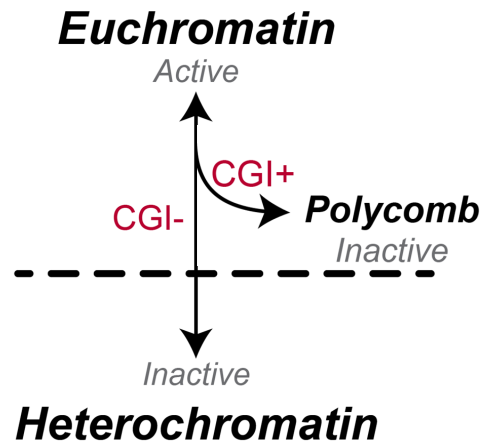
Question: Changes in chromatin architecture during aging

Cytoplasm



	Normative aging		Premature aging	
	Aged cells	Senescence	Progeria	Werner syndrome
Cause	Normative aging	Telomere shortening, oncogene induction	<i>LMNA</i> mutation	<i>WRN</i> mutation
INM protein	Loss of LAP2β / LBR	Loss of LBR	Loss of LAP2α	Loss of LAP2β / LBR
Nuclear lamina	Loss of Lamin A, Progerin accumulation	Degradation of Lamin B1	Progerin accumulation	Lamin B1 mislocalization
Heterochromatin	Global decondensation of heterochromatin, Degradation of HP1α			

Hypothesis: Does aging cause uncontrolled expression of CGI- genes?

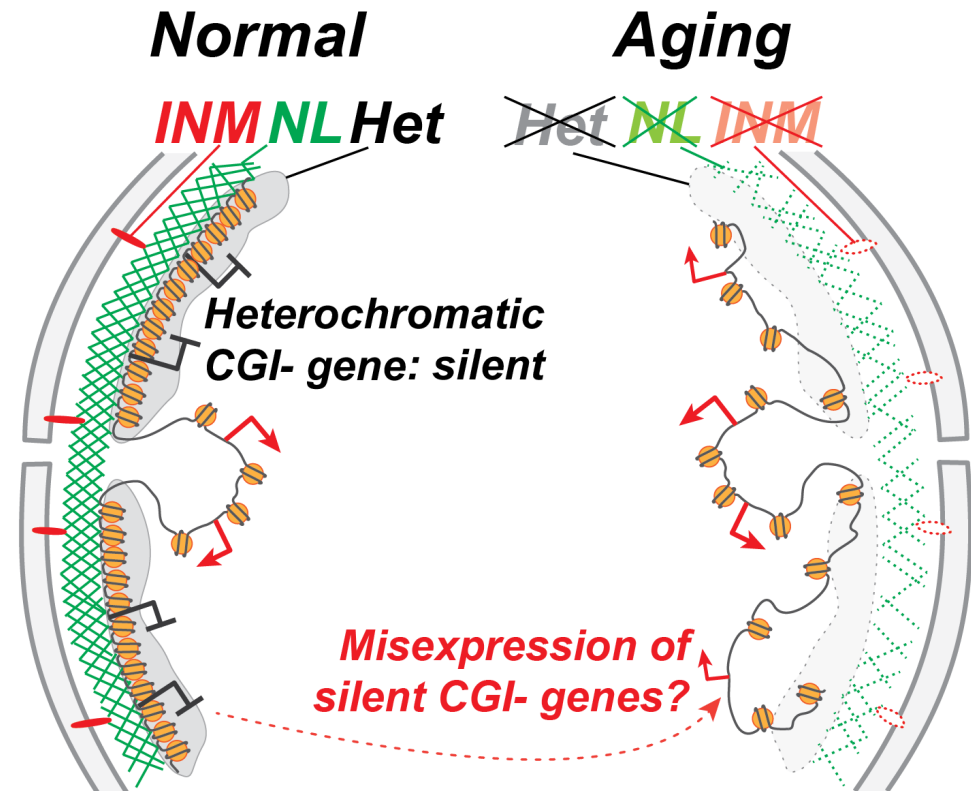


CT-extrusion model
(CGI- genes)

Nuclear subcompartment model
(CGI+ genes)

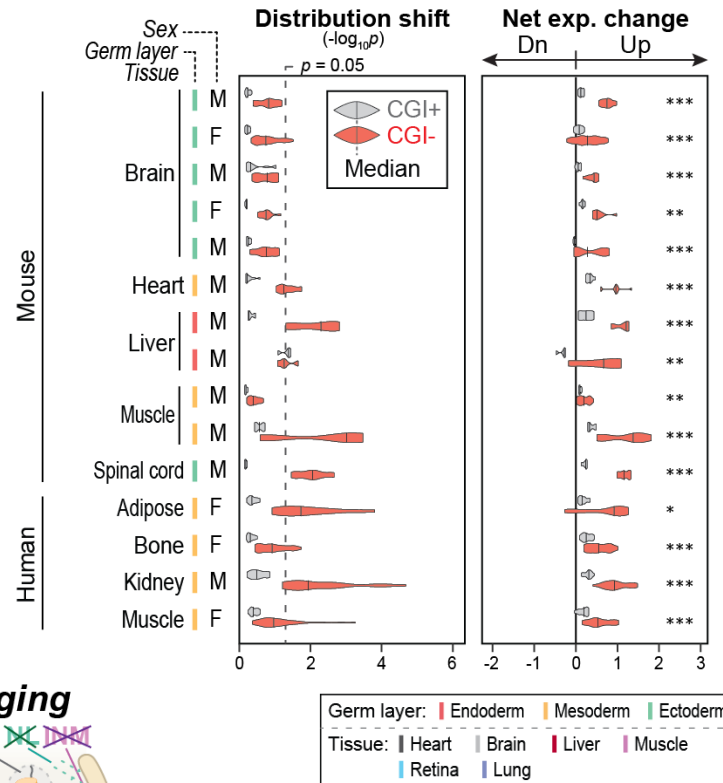
< CGI-mediated dual-mode gene regulation >

Nat Commun. 2014; Nucleic Acids Res. 2018, 2021

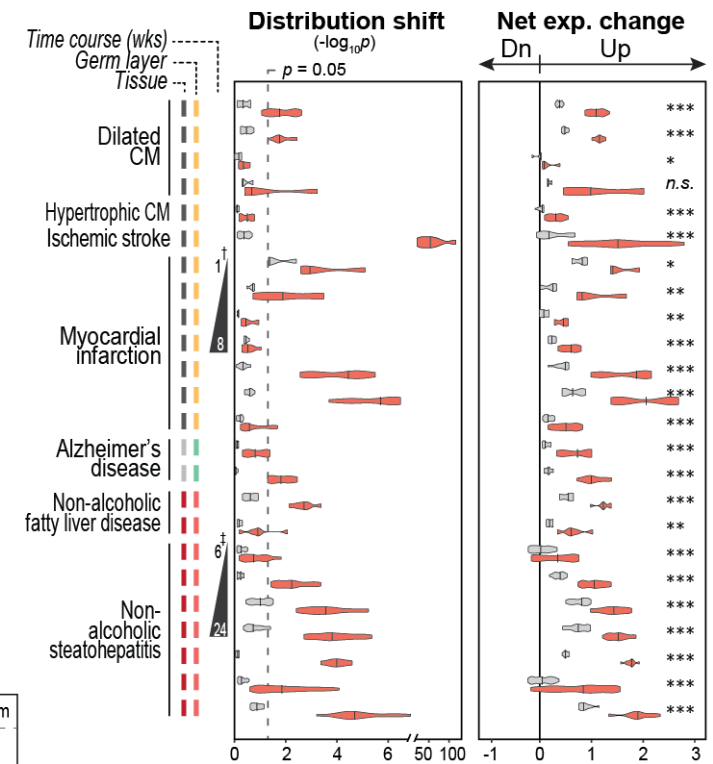


Global misexpression of CGI- genes in aging and diseases

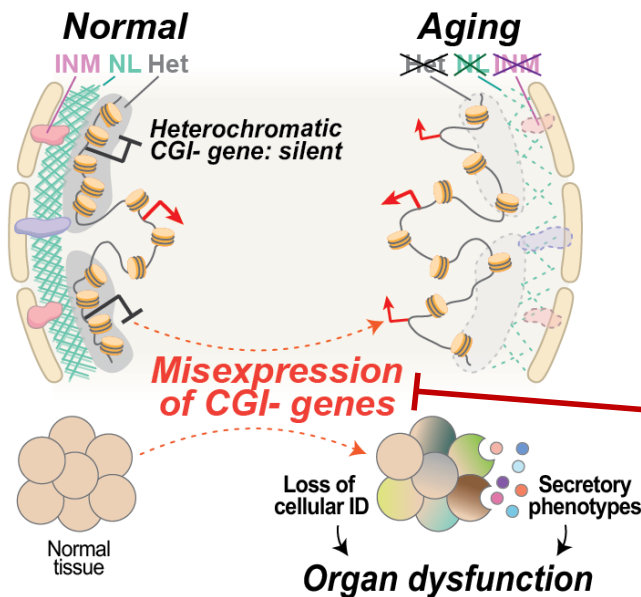
< Normative aging >



< Age-associated diseases >

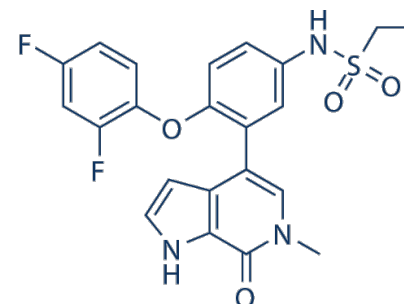
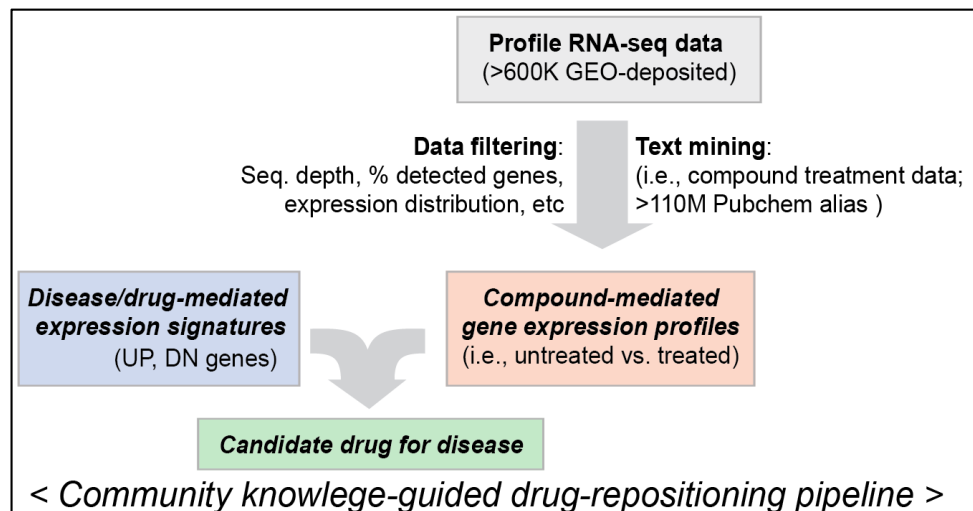


Lee et al., Sci Adv 2021; OAJ Gerontol & Geriatric Med 2022

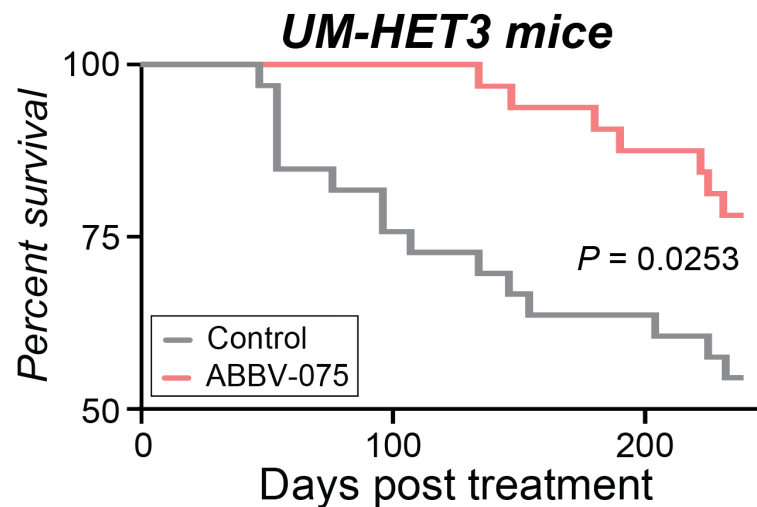
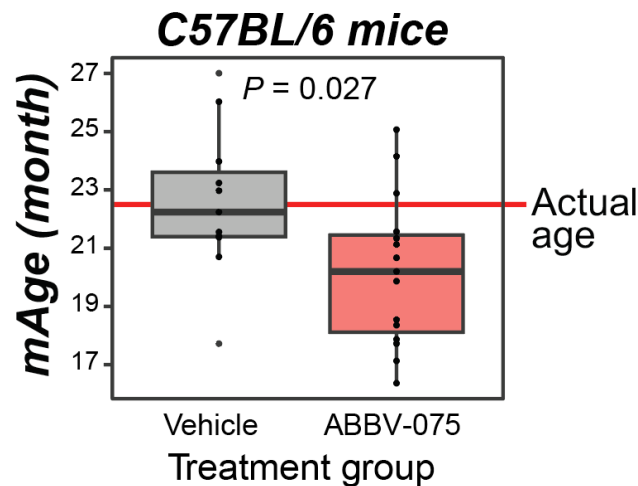


Anti-aging intervention

Crowdsourced drug discovery and validation



ABBV-075: BET inhibitor



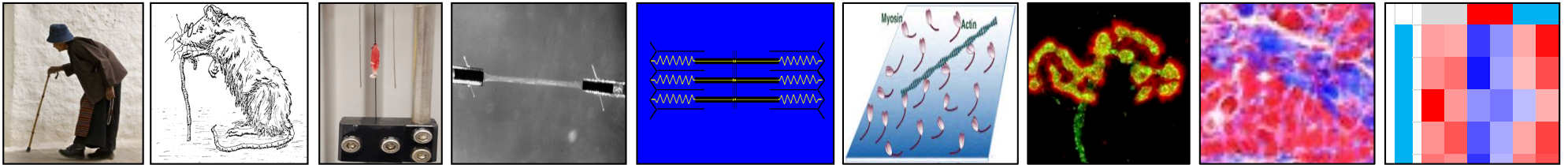
Living Longer, Healthier, and Better (Can aging be cured?)

LaDora V. Thompson, PhD, PT, FAPTA

Travis M Roy Endowed Professor of Rehabilitation Sciences
Physical Therapy, Sargent College

Mission, Vision & Values

The Thompson research team is hard at work trying to understand what causes aging and how to help people stay healthy longer. Her research uses cutting-edge technologies to reveal the intricacies of muscle aging, which sparks research to slow it, or even reverse it.



We strive to make the world a better place by answering essential questions at the intersection between the biology of aging and healthy aging.

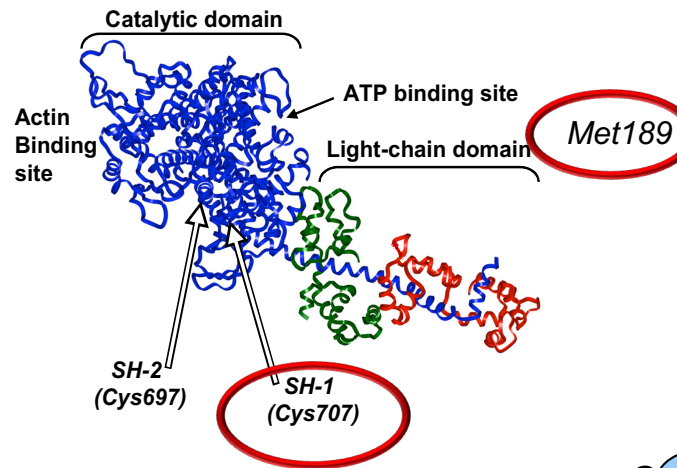
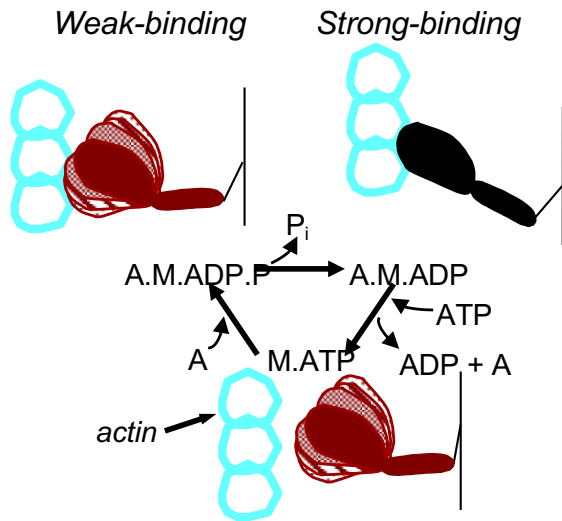
We believe that our discoveries will lead to fundamental new insights on how the muscle system adapts to stress to improve human health and combat disease.

We commit to the core principles of rigor in science, objective evaluation, ethical conduct, collaboration, and honesty.

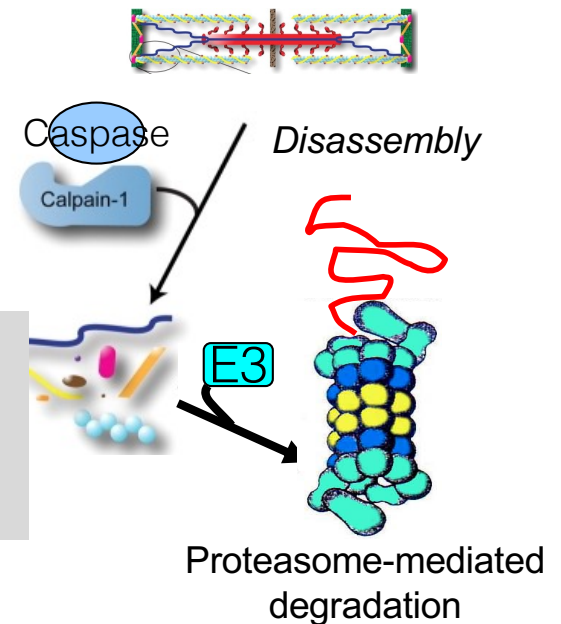
We foster an inclusive, constructive, and respectful training environment to educate the next generation of scientists and thinkers.

Mechanisms Contributing to Impaired Contractile Quality with Aging (weakness)

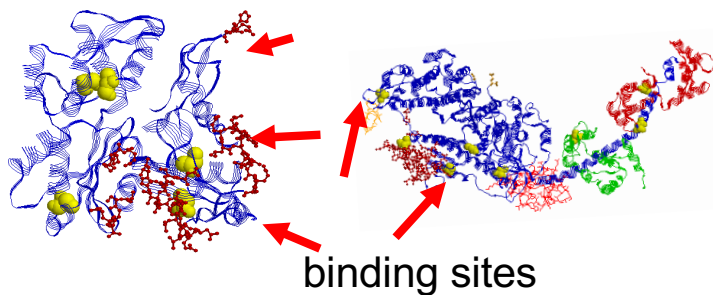
Protein Structure



Site-specific post-translational modifications

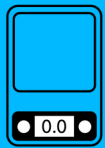
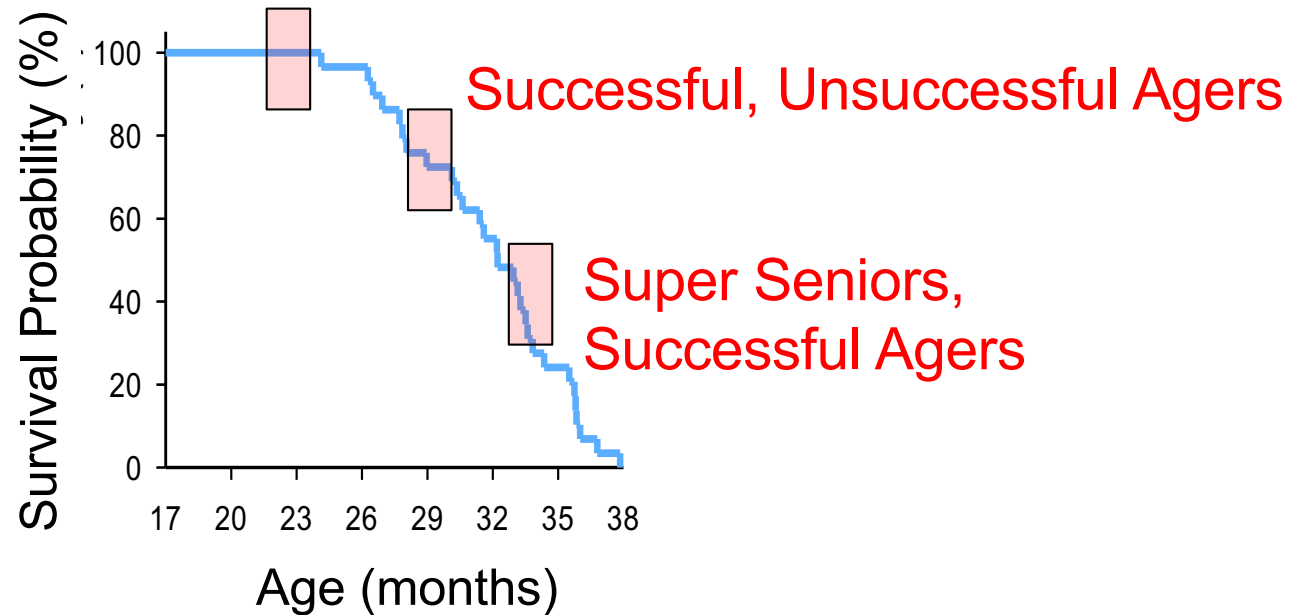


Protein-Protein Interactions



Proteasome accumulates damage

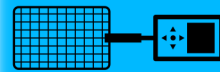
Chronological Age vs Biological Age



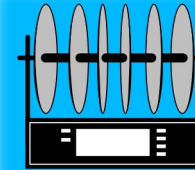
Body weight



Endurance



Strength



Walking speed



Activity

Therapeutics

Exercises



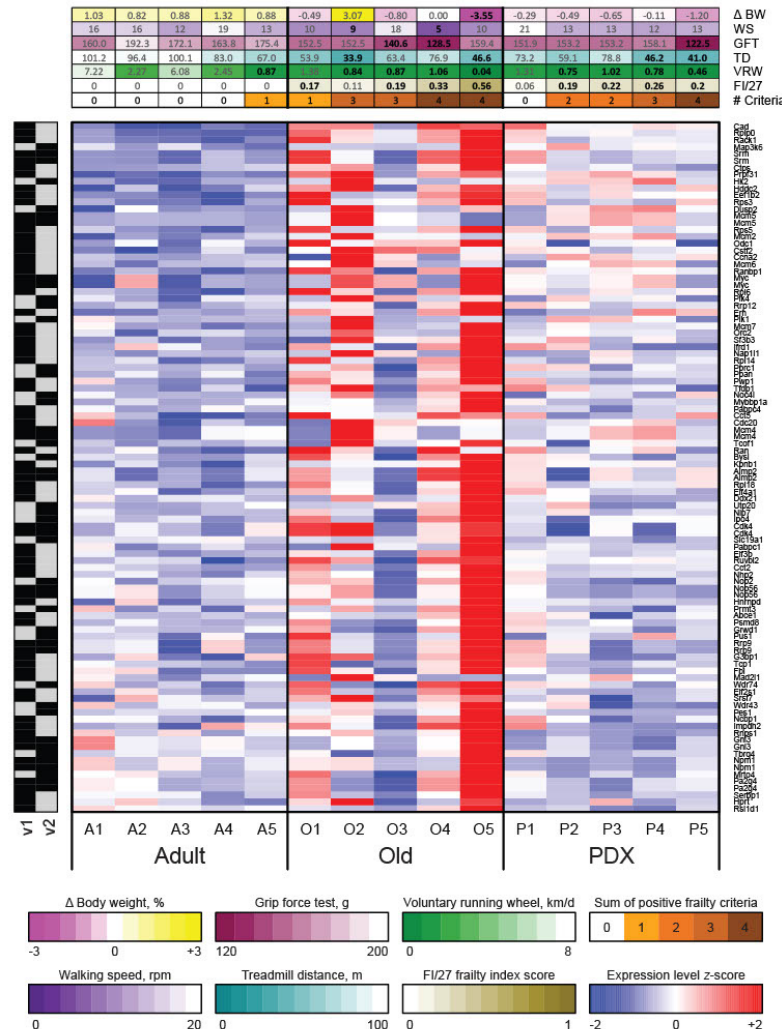
Precision Exercise

Pharmacological therapies



Inflammaging & senescence

PDX Treatment



Collaborators

Paola Divieti-Pajevic, MD, PhD
Brianne Connizzo, PhD
Chao Zhang, PhD
Beth Bragdon, PhD

THOMPSON LAB MEMBERS
PAST AND PRESENT

Funding

NIA/NIH

Hevolution Foundation
MHet BU ARC
Travis M Roy
Endowed Professorship

Tracking alternative gene boundaries in aging

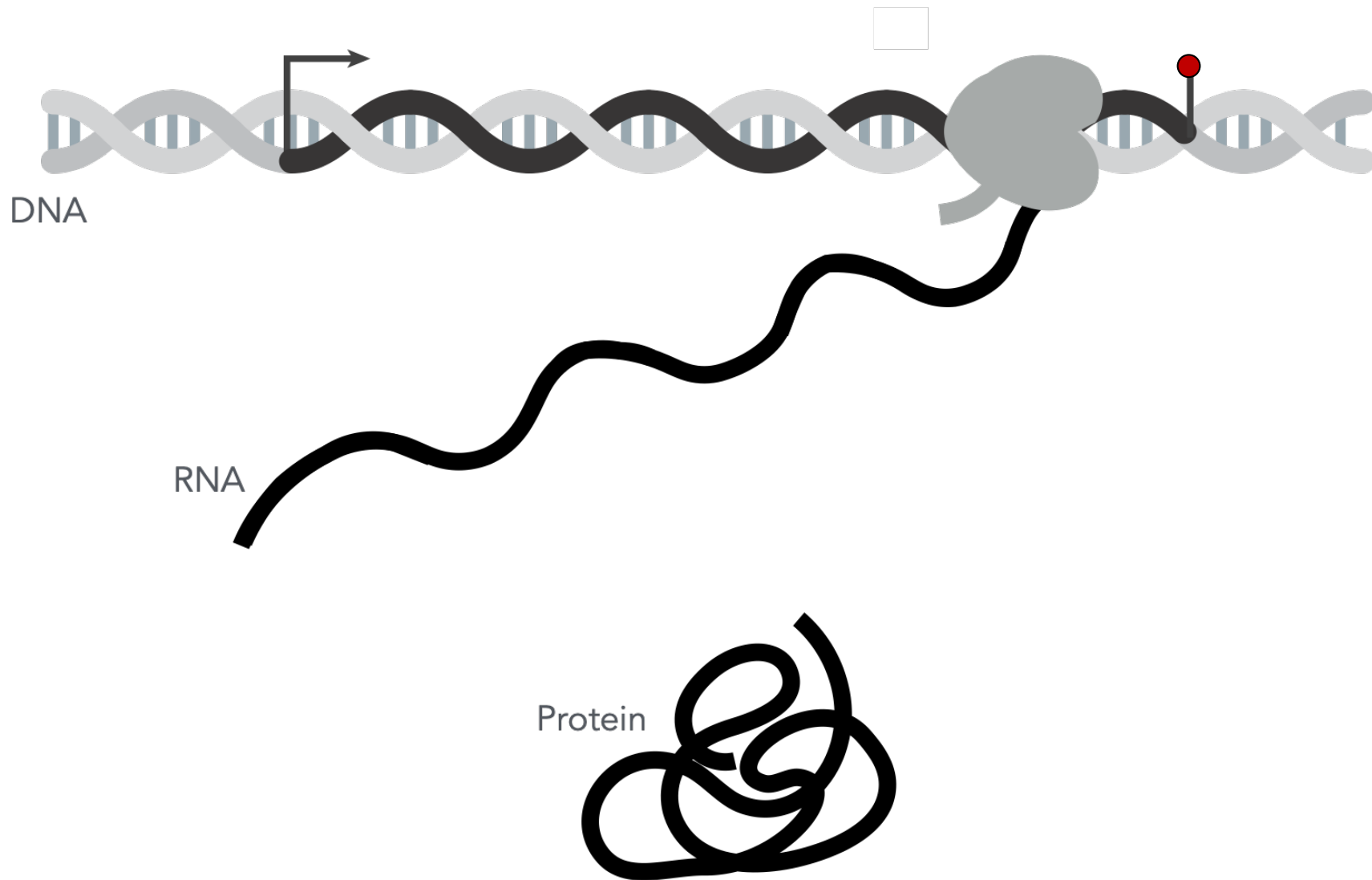
Ana Fiszbein

Assistant Professor

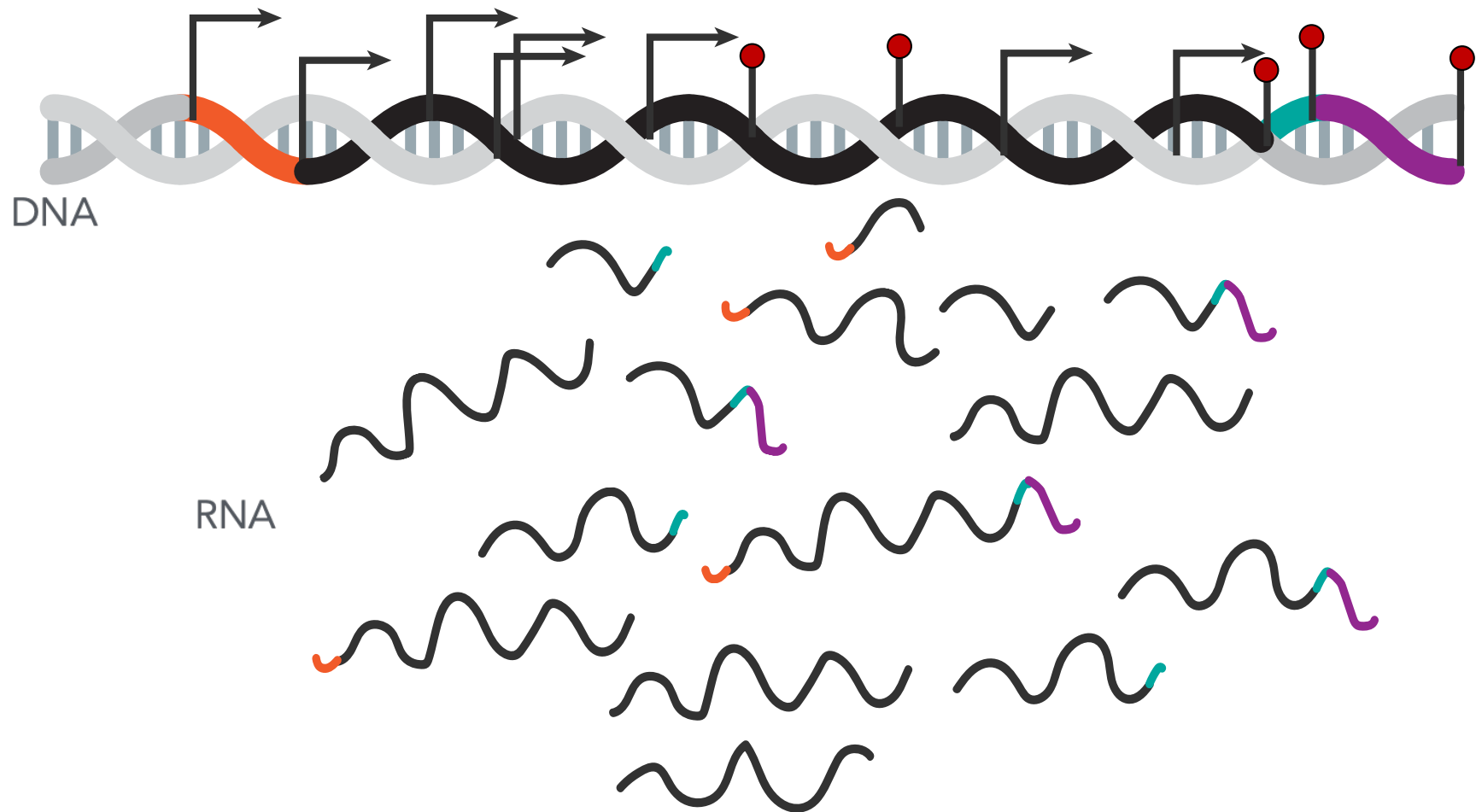
Biology Department, Computing & Data Sciences

College of Arts and Sciences

Gene expression controls cell identity

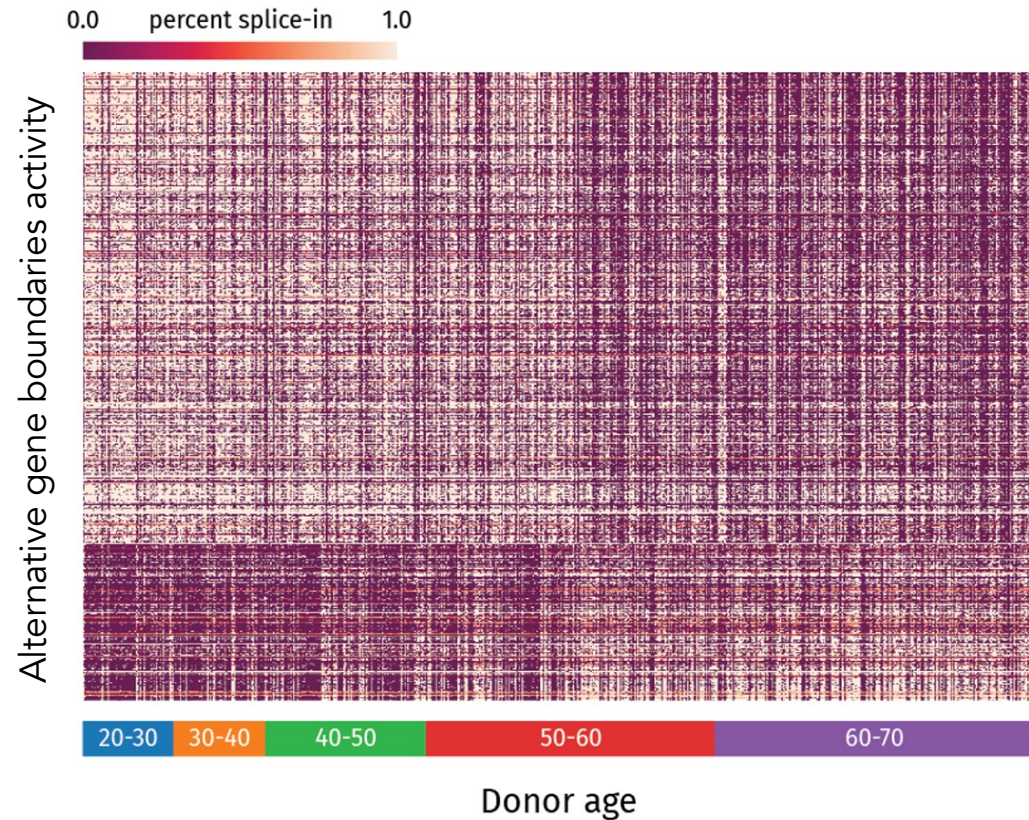
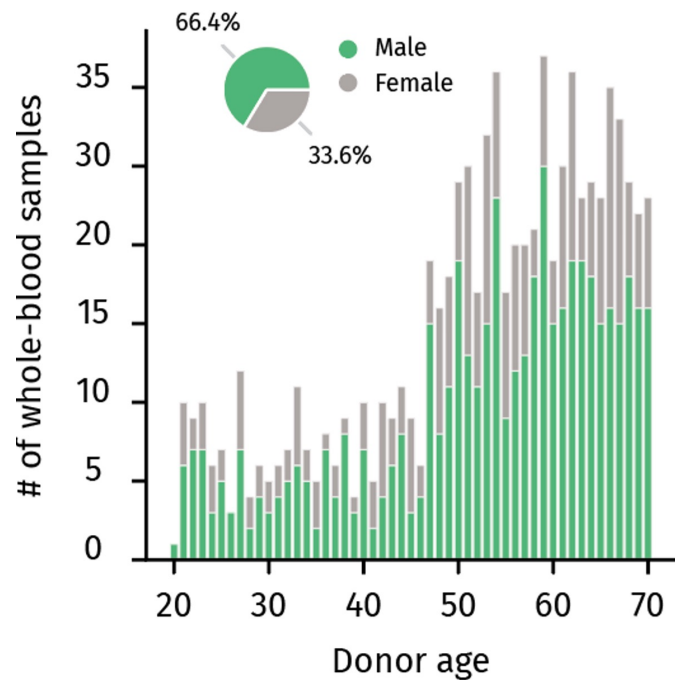


Human genes have alternative boundaries

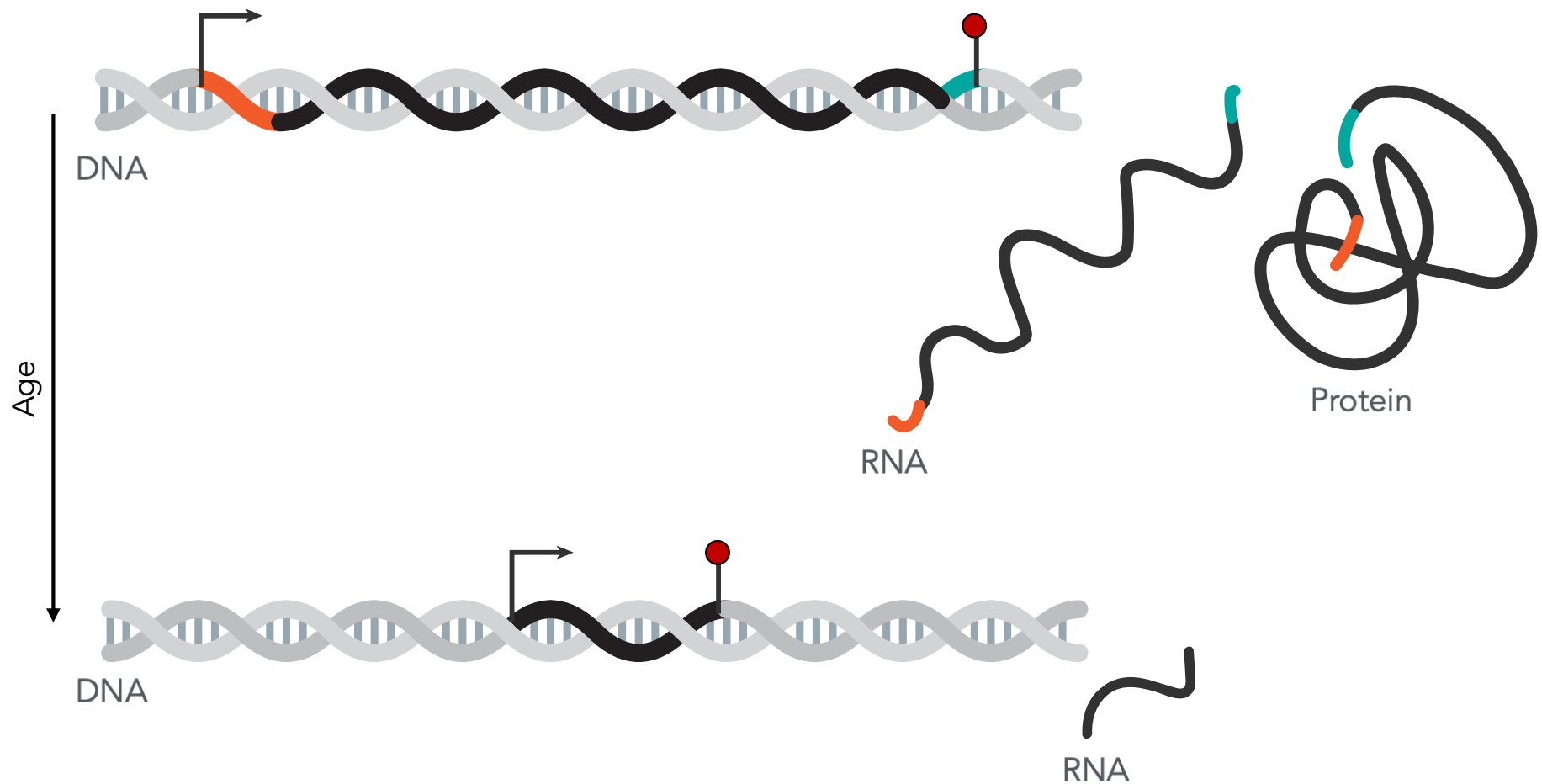


>>> Protein

Gene boundaries change during aging



Aberrant gene isoforms are activated during aging





Deconvolving Aged Wound Healing

Jeroen Eyckmans

Research Assistant Professor
Biomedical Engineering, School of Engineering

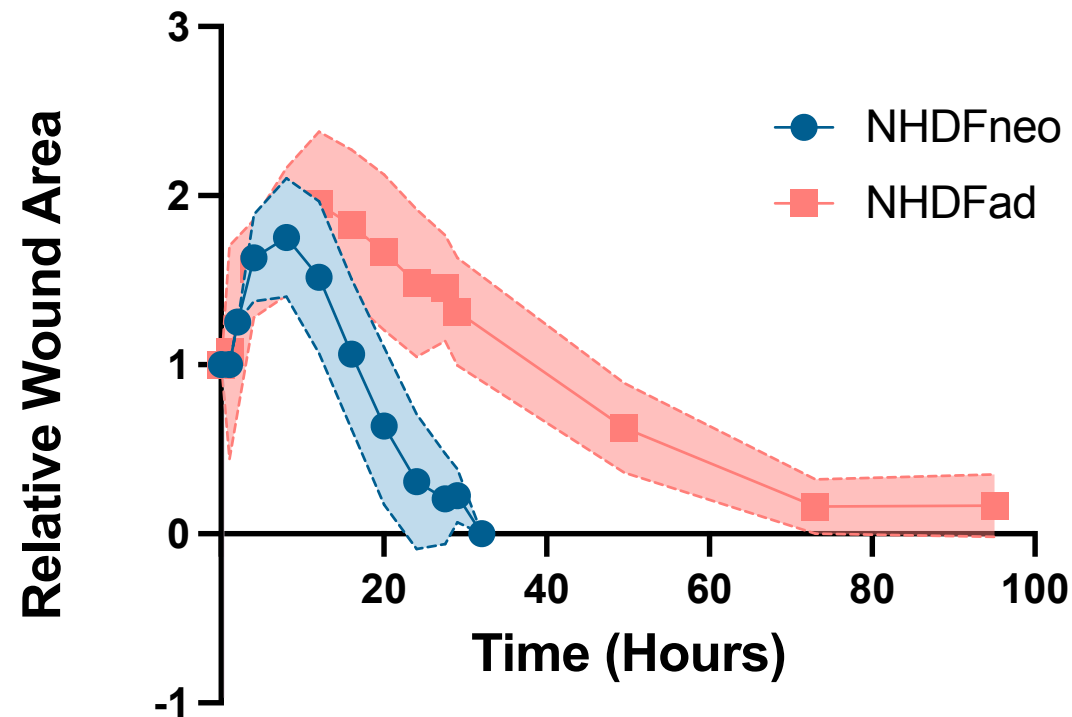
Eyckmans@bu.edu

Wound Healing and Tissue Repair



Hemostasis &
Inflammation

Wound-on-Chip Model

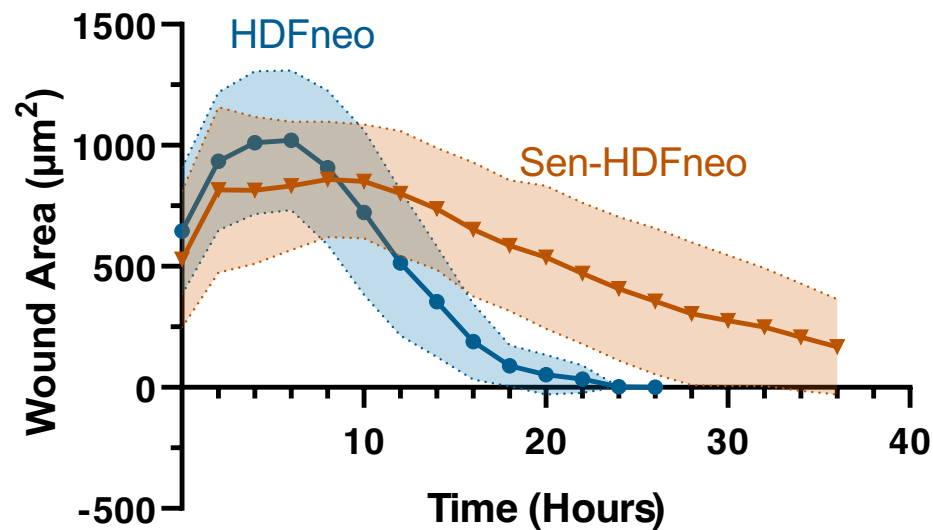


Senescent Cells and ECM Delay Gap Closure

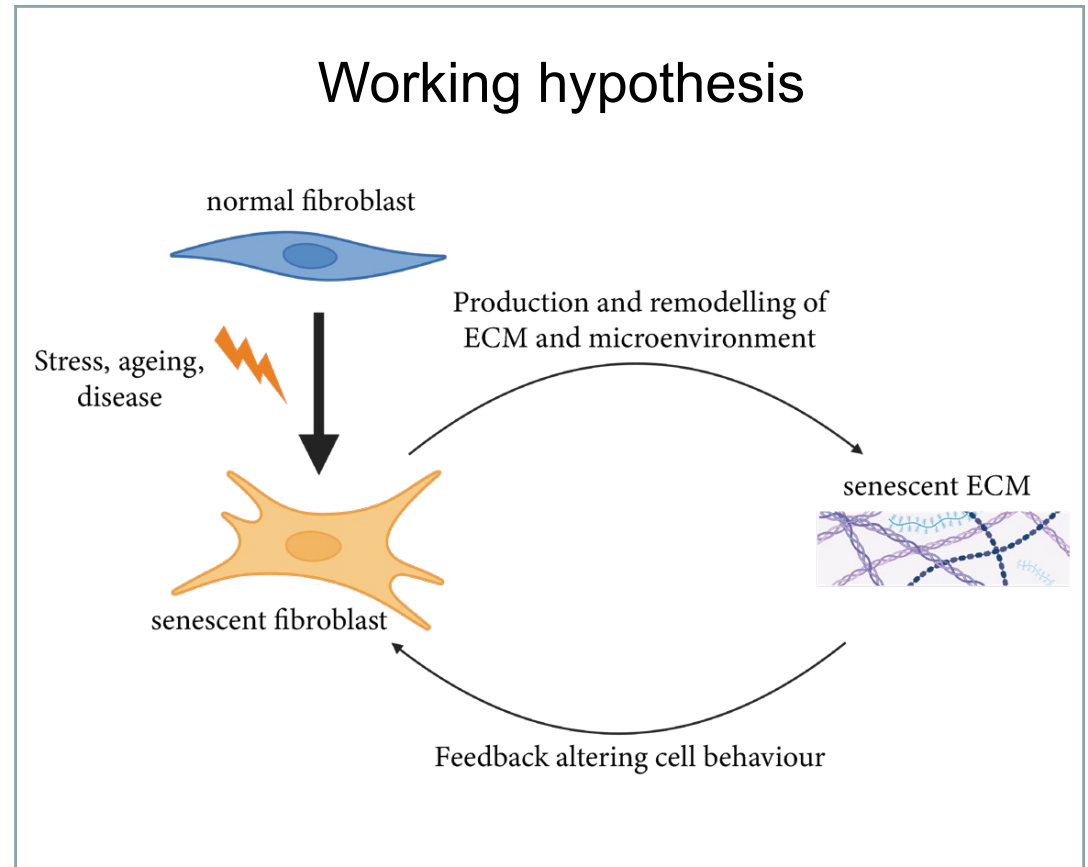
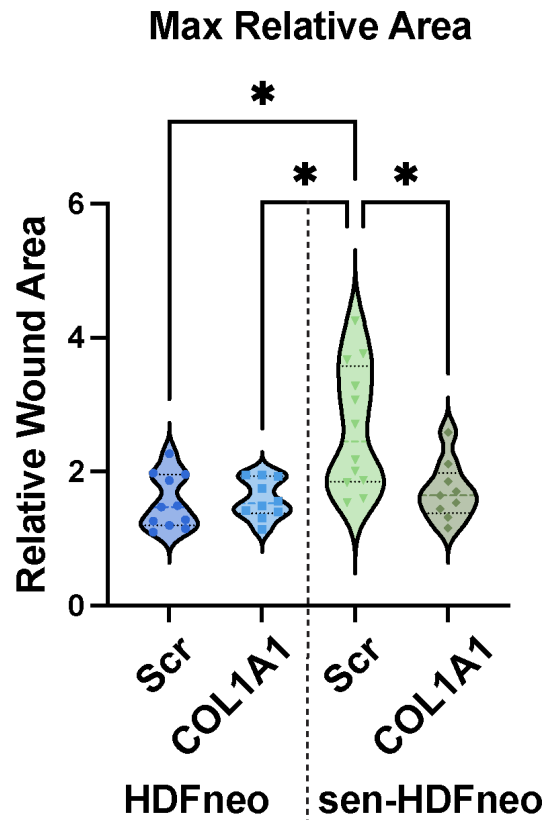


Anish Vasan

Wound Area vs. Time



Modulating the ECM to Increase Resilience to Injury



Unlocking the secrets of the ubiquitin-proteasome system and its role in age-related diseases

Daniel Dempsey

Assistant Professor

Departments of Pharmacology, Physiology, & Biophysics, and Dermatology
Boston University Chobanian and Avedisian School of Medicine

Mission statement

The mission of our lab is to understand the basic biological mechanisms of proteins that are essential to human health and disease. We use protein chemistry, biophysical, and cellular approaches to elucidate mechanisms of how chemical changes to proteins regulate their function. We are also interested in advancing new chemical strategies to investigate how proteins function and the regulatory purpose of these chemical changes.

Research area 1

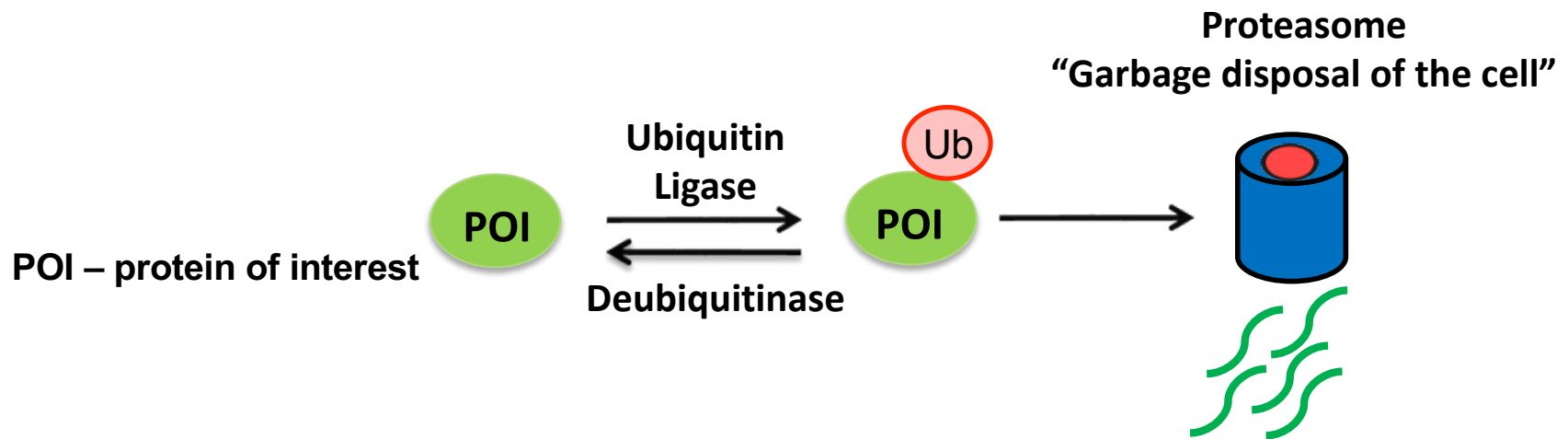
Unlocking the secrets of the ubiquitin-proteasome system and its role in in age-related diseases

Research area 2

Elucidate how protein modifications regulate RNA biology

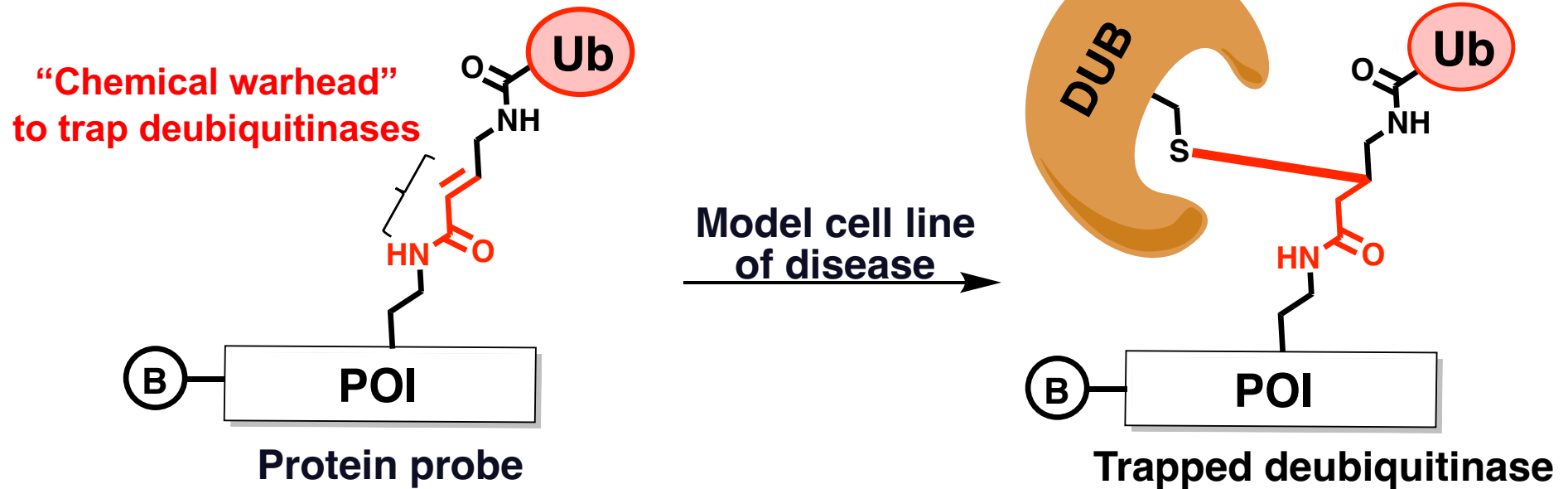
Unlocking the secrets of the ubiquitin-proteasome system and its role in age-related diseases

Research goal – Identify vulnerabilities in the ubiquitin-proteasome system (UPS) to target with novel therapeutics.



Can we leverage this system to destabilize proteins that drive age-related diseases?

Development of protein traps to discover deubiquitinases that stabilize disease causing proteins



Future goals of research program

1. Advance innovative chemical approaches to identify and characterize deubiquitinases that target proteins that cause disease.
2. Evaluate the contribution of deubiquitinases to the pathogenesis of the disease.
3. Assess other protein substrates of the deubiquitinases.
4. Begin screening and designing selective inhibitors of the deubiquitinases.

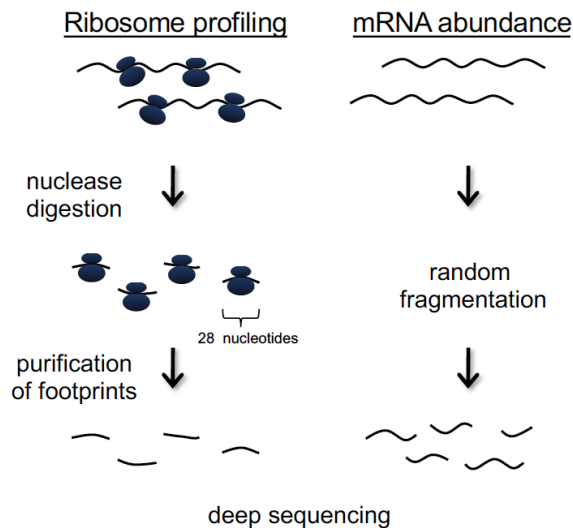
Targeting iron homeostasis to promote healthy lifespan

Slava Labunskyy

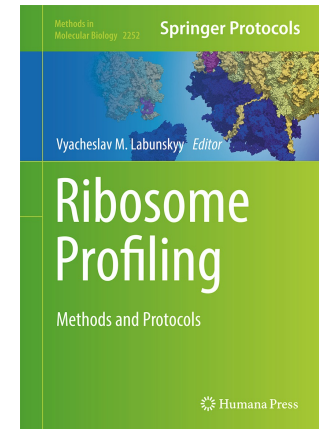
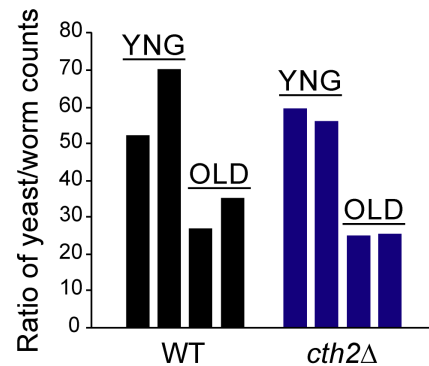
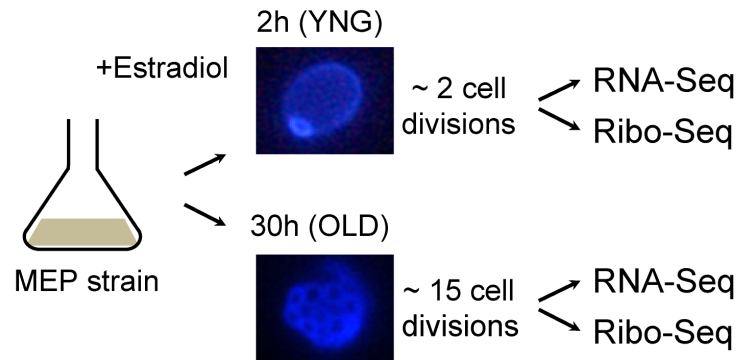
Co-Director
BUMC Center for Aging Research

Systems Biology of Aging and Longevity

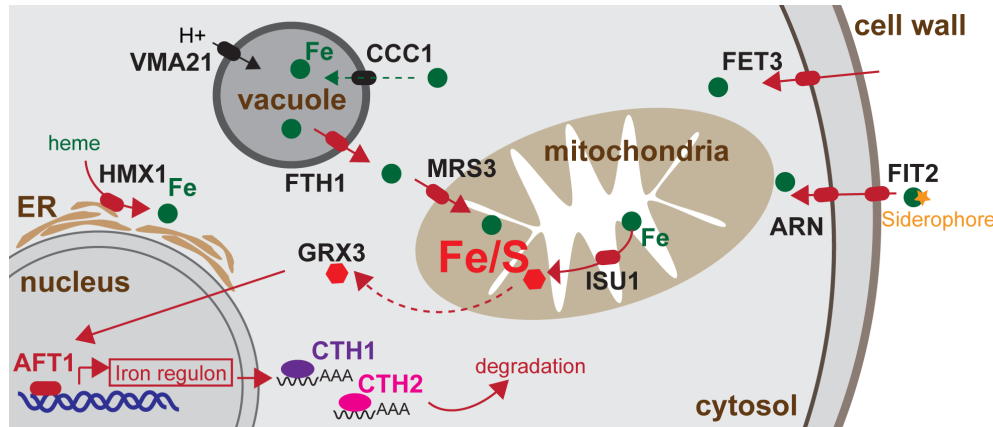
Genome-wide quantification of protein translation



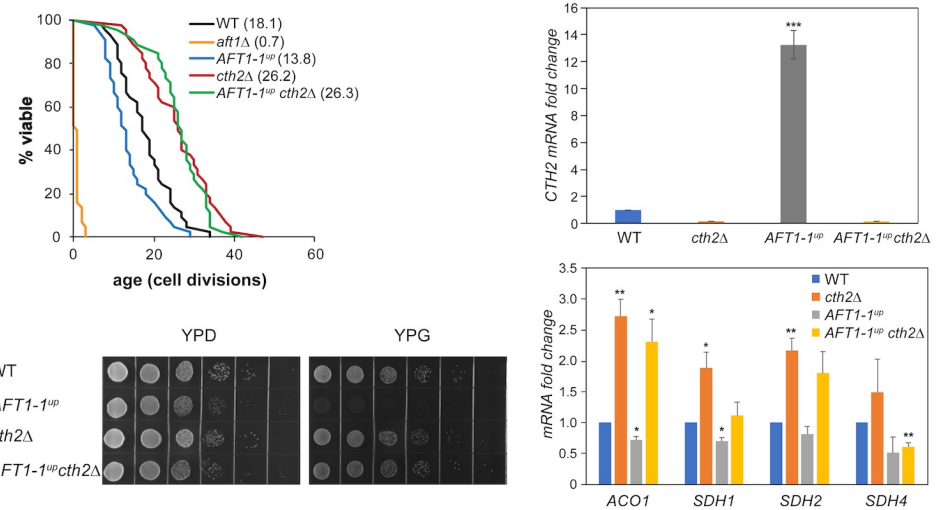
Changes in protein synthesis with age



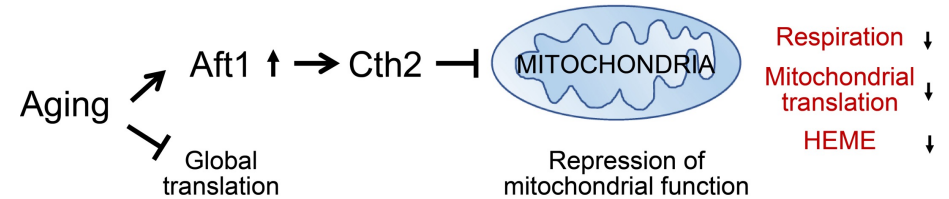
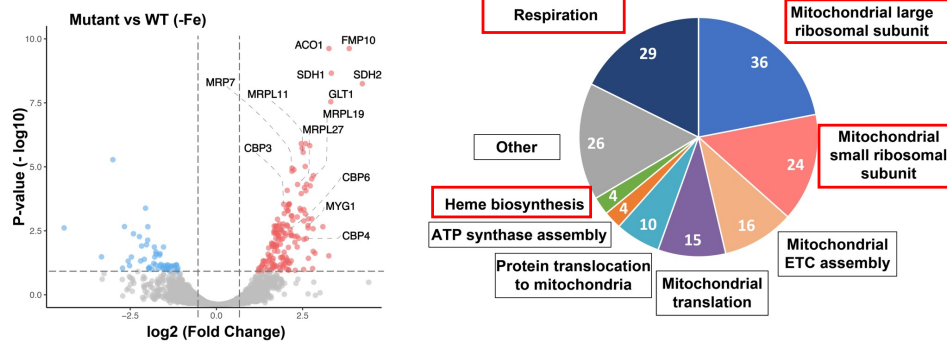
The Role of Iron Homeostasis in Aging



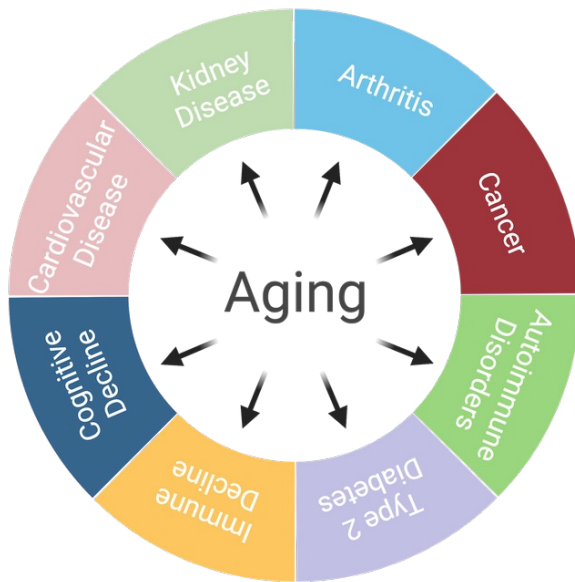
Iron starvation response is activated with age



mRNA-binding protein Cth2 mediates the negative effect of Aft1 on longevity



BUMC Center for Aging Research

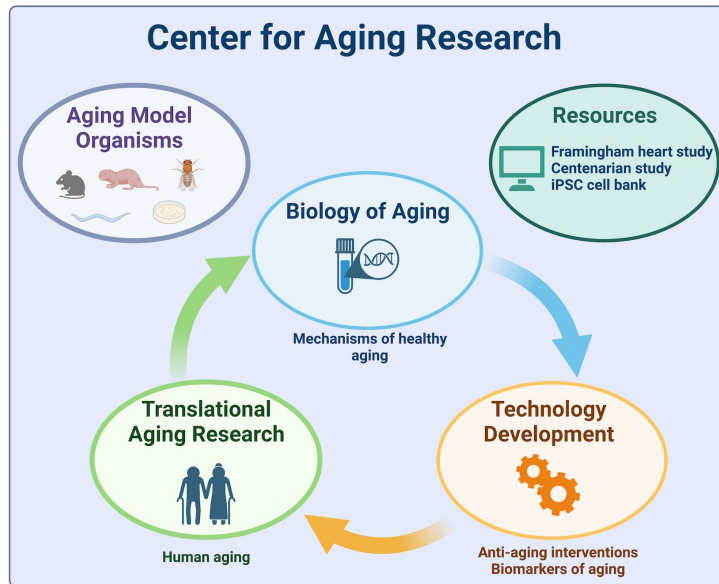


The **mission** of our Center for Aging Research is to advance our knowledge of basic mechanisms driving aging and to translate these discoveries to clinical practice, to promote healthy aging in humans.

The **long-term objectives** of the Center include:

- Establish BU as a leader in translational aging research
- Foster interdisciplinary research collaborations among BU faculty
- Provide university-wide access to new technologies and aging models
- <https://aging.bu.edu>

Uncovering the Mechanisms of Healthy Aging



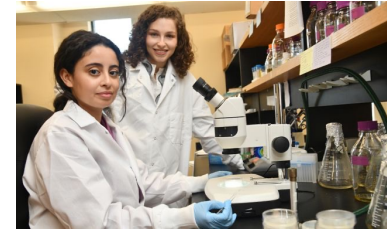
Communicating longevity science

- Monthly Seminar Series
- Annual Research Symposium
- Courses on Biology of Aging



Building critical infrastructure

- Aging Models
- Biomarkers of Aging



Bringing longevity innovations to people

Naked mole-rats as unique mammalian model for aging research

Vladimir Botchkarev, MD, PhD, FRSB

Professor and Co-Director
Center for Aging Research
Department of Dermatology
Chobanian and Avedisian School of Medicine

Naked mole-rats are centenarians in a rodent world: live over 30 years, which is equivalent of 800+ human years

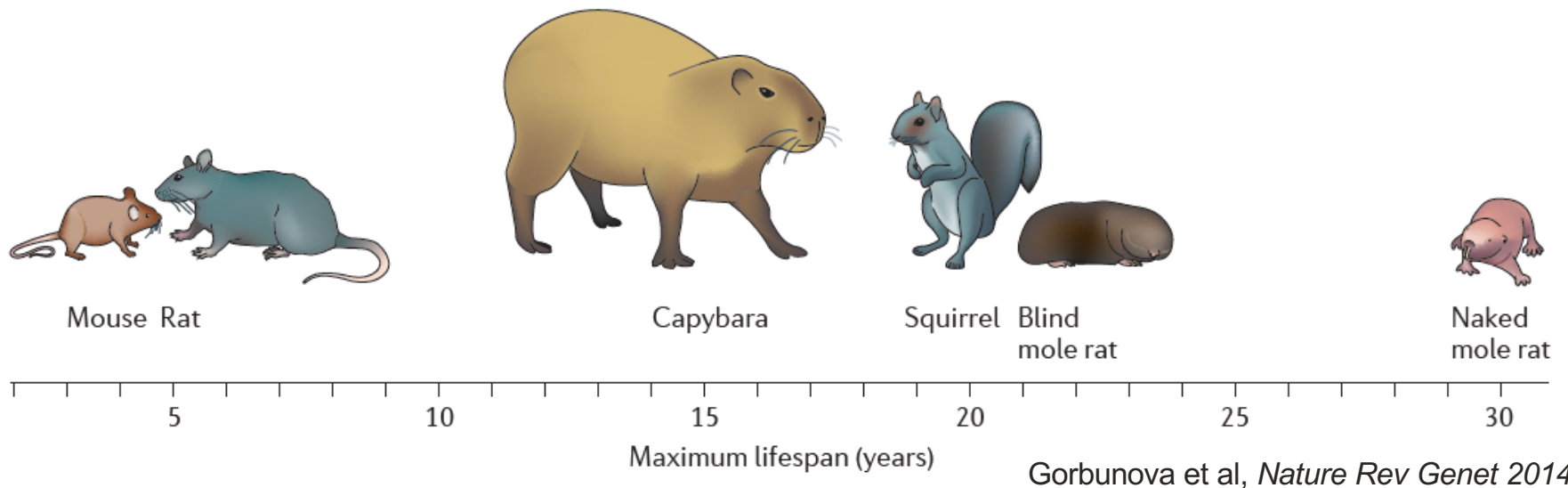
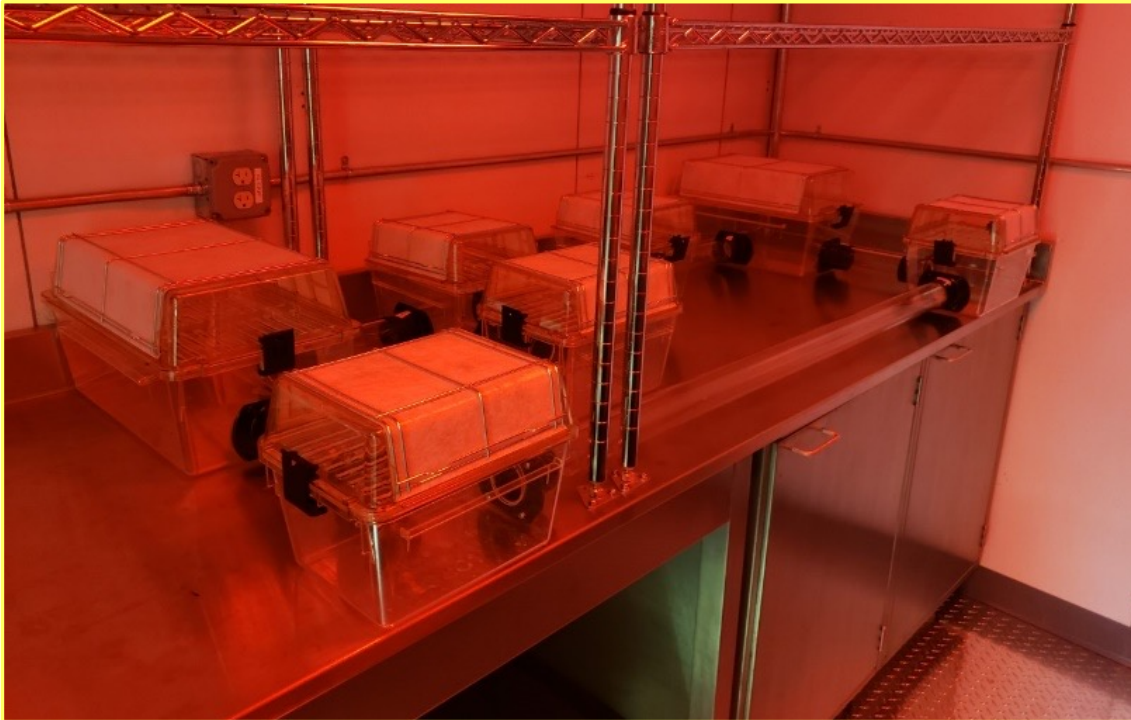


PHOTO BY BRANDON VICK / UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER

- Highly resistant to cancer
- Can survive without oxygen for 18 minutes
 - Can barely feel pain
 - Anaerobic metabolism

Naked mole-rat facility at BUSM ASC is the only facility in New England harboring over 100 animals



Quantity of produce per one room

Sweet Potato	5, medium size
Apple	4 -5 , medium size
Corn	3 ears
Carrot	4-5, medium size
Carrot tops	1 medium bunch, tops and carrots together
Celery	4-5 sticks
Lettuce	1 medium bunch
Squash	1/3 of medium squash
White potato	5, medium size
Banana	3
Cucumber	2
Grapes	1 per animal, cut in half
Turnip	3-4, medium size

High temperature (90F)
Sensitive to noise & vibration
Water-enriched food

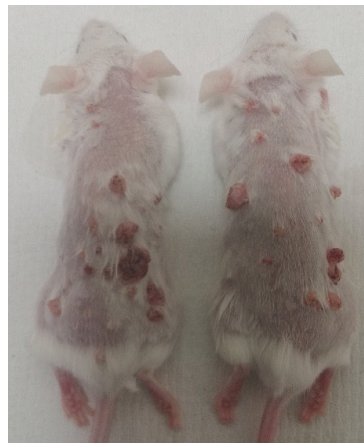
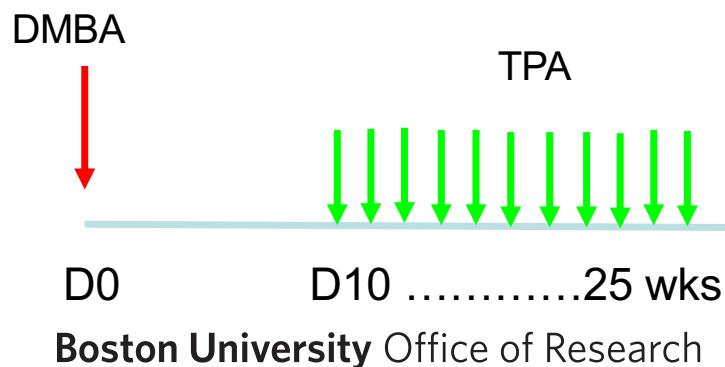
Skin aging in Naked mole-rats is accompanied by upregulation of anti-cancer genes

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Skin Aging in Long-Lived Naked Mole-Rats Is Accompanied by Increased Expression of Longevity-Associated and Tumor Suppressor Genes

Iqra Fatima¹, Guodong Chen², Natalia V. Botchkareva², Andrey A. Sharov², Daniel Thornton³, Holly N. Wilkinson⁴, Matthew J. Hardman⁴, Andreas Grutzkau⁵, Joao Pedro de Magalhaes³, Andrei Seluanov^{6,7}, Ewan St. J. Smith⁸, Vera Gorbunova^{6,7}, Andrei N. Mardaryev^{1,10}, Chris G. Faulkes^{9,10} and Vladimir A. Botchkarev^{2,10}

Naked Mole-rats are completely resistant to chemically-induced skin carcinogenesis



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Comparative biology helps in discovery of novel mechanisms underlying aging and disease resistance

Naked mole rat skin serves as innovative model
for studying mechanisms of aging
and cancer resistance

The power of comparative biology helps
in identification of novel solutions for human medical problems
by studying animals that naturally possess
resistance to diseases



U.S. Department of Health
and Human Services

Supported by the
**National
Institutes
of Health**



1R61AR078093

The skin of naked mole rats as a model for scar-free wound healing
BOTCHKAREV (Contact PI), GORBUNOVA, SHAROV, VEVES (BIDMC)

Crystal ribcage:

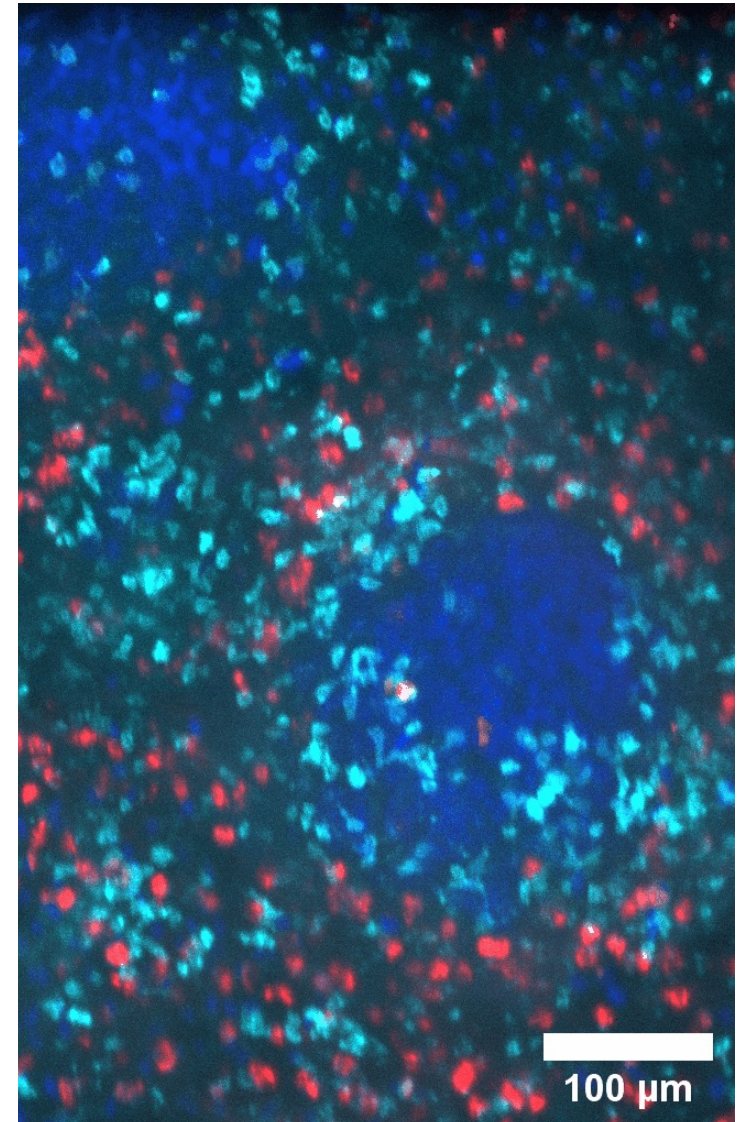
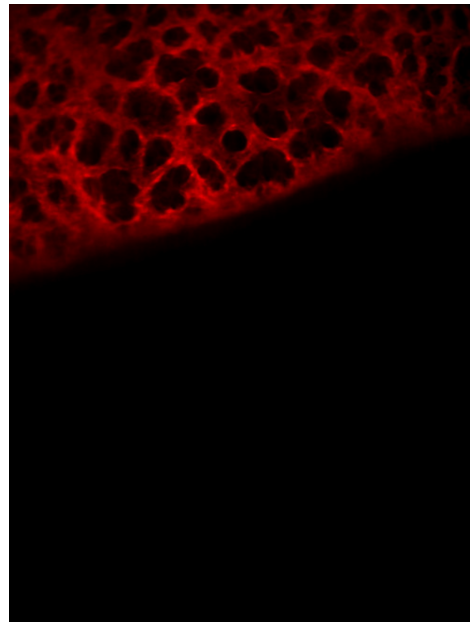
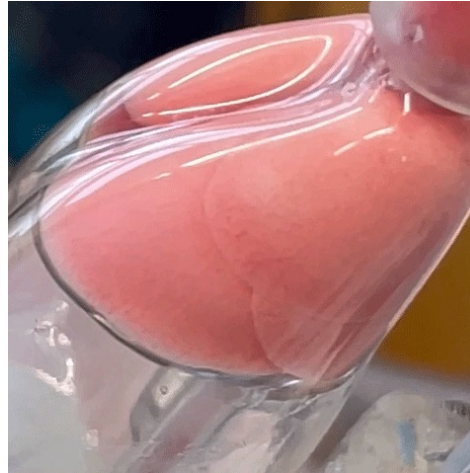
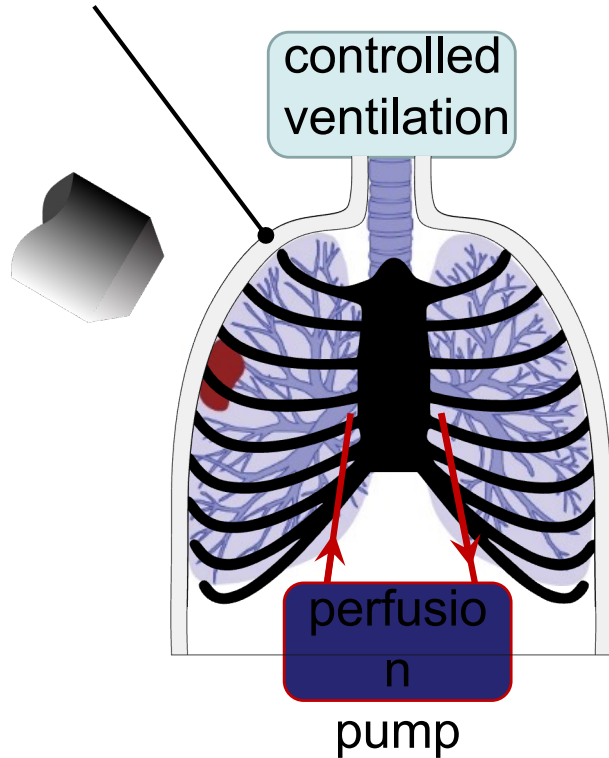
**A platform for probing the effect of aging on
lung function in health and disease**

Hadi T. Nia, Ph.D.

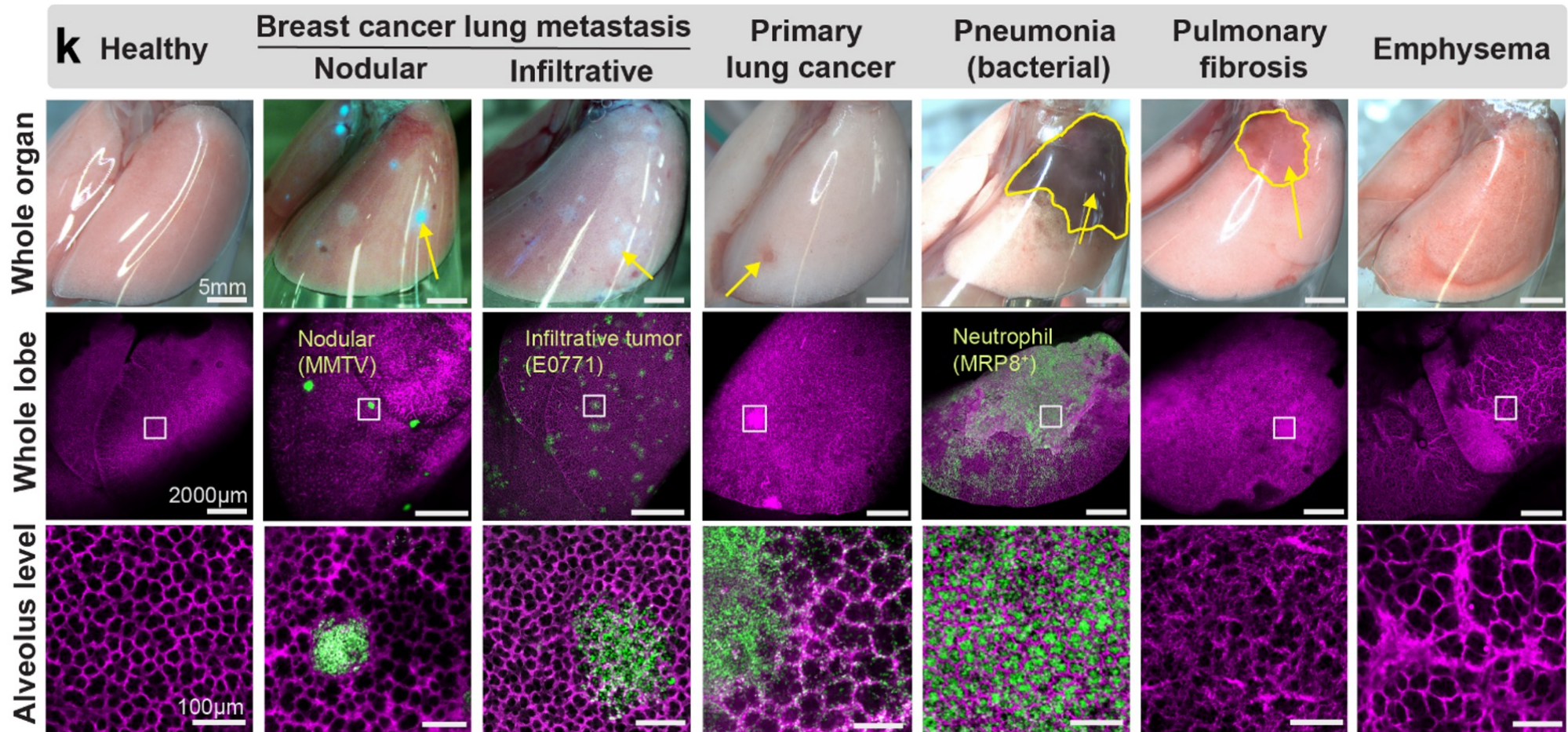
**Assistant Professor
Department of Biomedical Engineering
Boston University**

Proposed solution: Developing **crystal ribcage** to open the black box of the lung to **optical microscopy**

Crystal ribcage



Crystal ribcage to probe nearly any pulmonary disease with parenchymal presentation

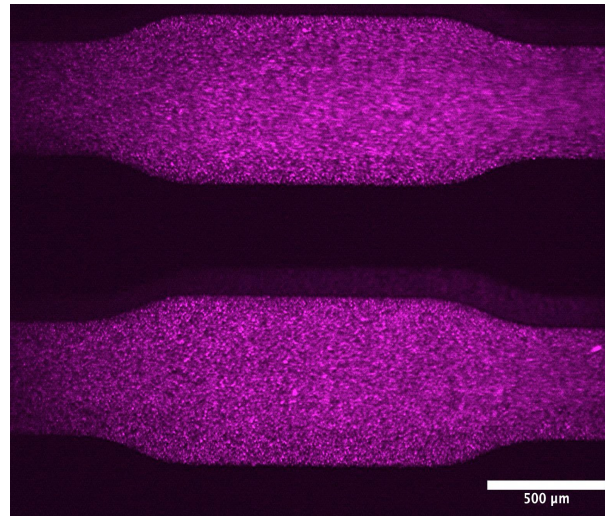
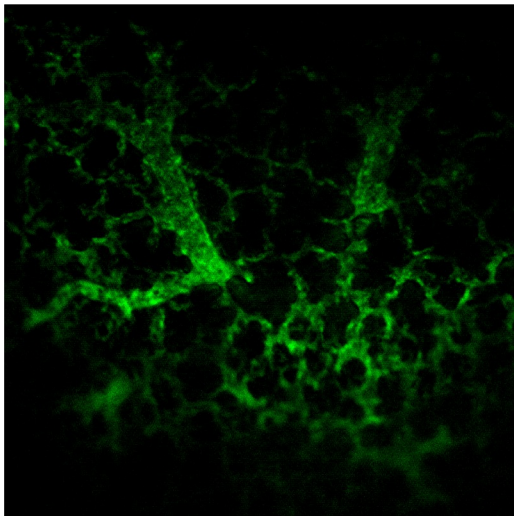
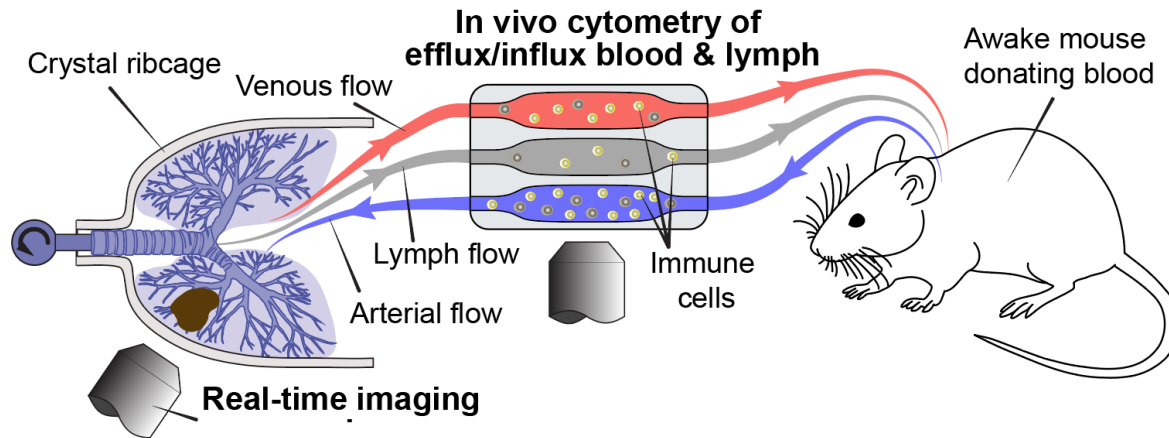


- R. Banerji*, G. Grifno*, ..., H. Nia, ***Nature Methods***, 2023 *: equal contribution
- S. Zhang, H. Nia, ***Nature Biomedical Engineering***, 2023

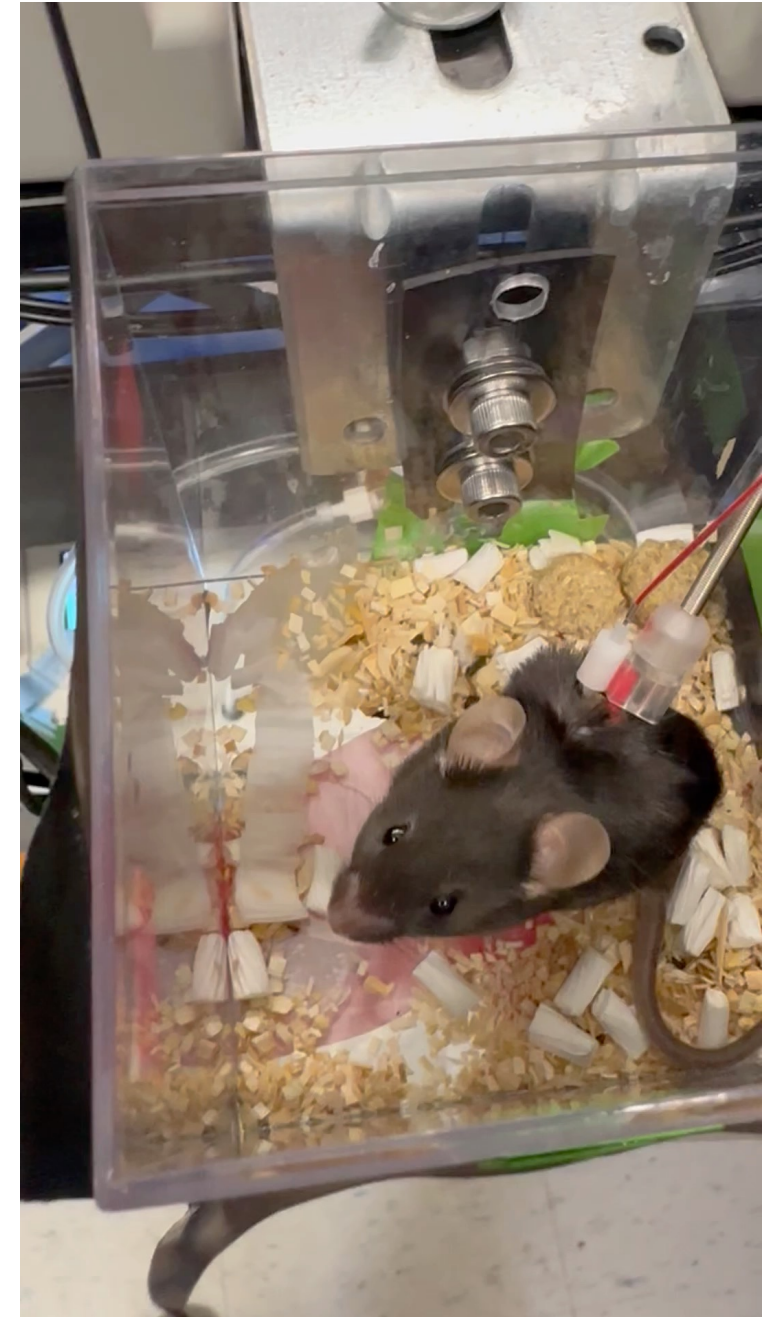
Boston University Office of Research



Crystal ribcage and cross-circulation of **aged** vs **young** mice

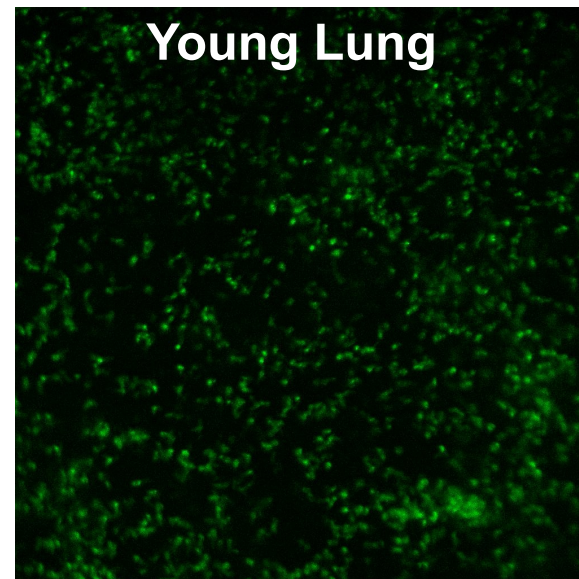
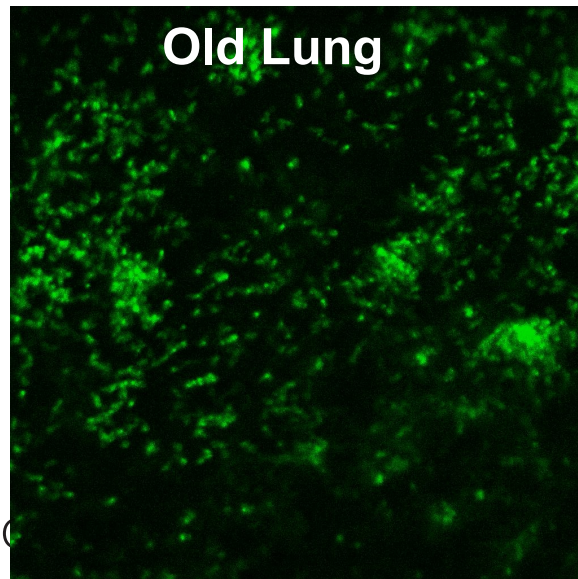
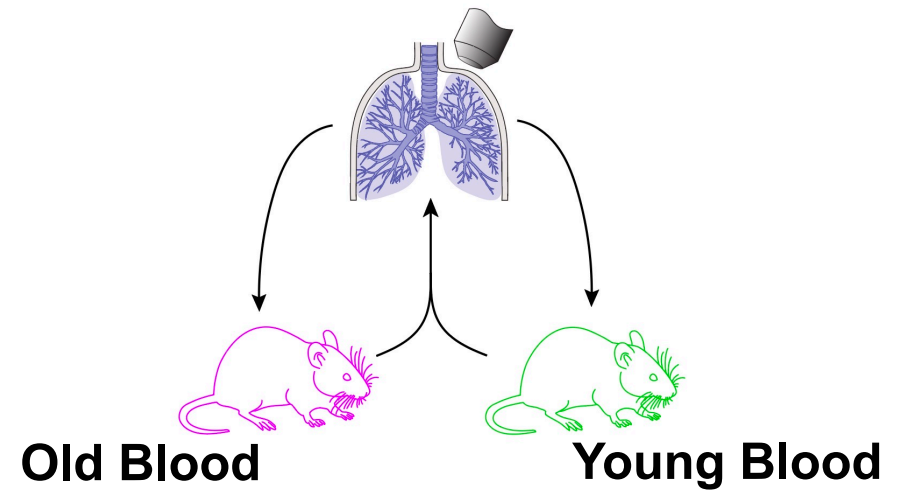
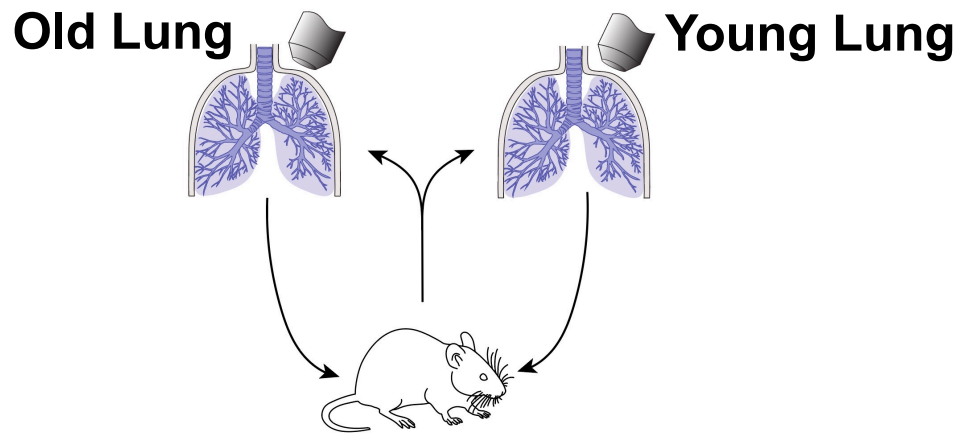


Boston University Office of Research



UNIVERSITY

Decoupling the effect of **aging** on the **resident vs circulatory** factors during pneumonia progression



Closing Remarks:

Glenn Foundation Centers in the Biology of Aging Research

- **Goal:** support centers of excellence in basic research into biology of aging and extension of healthspan with lifespan
- **Funding:** \$4M over 4-5 years
- **Key people:** Kevin Lee, PhD, Senior Scientific Advisor; funded PIs (see next)
- **Centers:**
 - *Buck Institute:* mechanisms of aging, relationship to chronic conditions of aging; **E. Verden, M. Hansen**; 2016-
 - *Harvard:* molecular basis of normal aging and age-related physiological decline; **B. Yanker, M. Haigis**; 2006-
 - *Mayo:* senescent cells' mechanistic contributions to aging-related decline, disease; **D. Baker, N. LeBrasseur**; 2013-
 - *Michigan:* multiple projects; **R. Miller, S. Pletcher**; 2014-
 - *Princeton:* quantitative aging: tools, techniques to measure phenotypes that change with age; **C. Murphy**; 2012-
 - *Salk:* genetic analysis, stem cell biology, metabolism; **J. Karlseder, G. Shadel**; 2009-
 - *Stanford:* biological processes that drive aging, w/ emphasis on stem cell; **A. Brunet, K. Cimprich, J. Frydman**; 2011-

Previously: *Albert Einstein* (2012-20); *MIT* (2008-22); *Berkeley/UCSF* (**S. Prusiner, A. Dillon**; 2014-17)
- **Next steps:** network in; confirm process



OFFICE OF RESEARCH

Upcoming Events

Research on Tap

4/2 Tackling Cancer Through
Multidisciplinary Research, **BUMC**

4/16 AI and the Humanities, CRC

Research How-to

3/31 Research Meets Policy: Engaging with
Federal Lawmakers, Virtual

4/3 From Insight to Impact: Crafting Op-
Eds That Amplify Your Expertise, Virtual



bu.edu/research/events