























Lecture 11 CH102	A1 (MWF 9:05 am) Spring 2018	Copyright © 2018 Dan Dill dan@bu.edu	
[Quiz] When ammonium nitrate dissolves in water in a beaker, the beaker feels cold. The means that, relative to the magnitude of the enthalpy change of aquation, $ \Delta_{aq}H $, the magnitude of the lattice enthalpy, $ \Delta_{latt}H $ is			
25% 1.	larger		
25% <mark>2</mark> .	the same		
25% <u>3</u> .	smaller		
25% 4.	Further information required		
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Lattice enthalpy, $\Delta_{\text{latt}}H$		Lattice enthalpy, $\Delta_{\text{latt}}H$		
Key idea: Electrical attraction (Coulomb's law) between oppositely charged ions in lattice		Key idea: Electrical attraction (Coulomb's law) between oppo ions in lattice	Key idea: Electrical attraction (Coulomb's law) between oppositely charged ions in lattice	
Energy $\propto \frac{q_+ q}{\text{separation}}$		Energy $\propto \frac{q_+ q}{\text{separation}}$		
The larger charges the greater lattice enthalpy		The smaller ion size, the smaller the separation and so		
MgS > NaCl		the greater lattice enthalpy		
		NaF > NaCl		
$CaCO_3 > KNO_3$		LiCl > NaCl		
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