CH101 Fall 2018 Take Home Discussion Quiz #5

Name:	TF's Name:	Time:
Name	11 3 Name.	1 IIIIC

Work must be present to receive any credit. All work has to be done individually.

1. (3 points) If 501 grams of $Cu(OH_2)_6^{2+}$ reacts with 108 grams of ammonia, two products are formed. One product is water and the other is unknown. How many grams of the unknown compound will be formed? Assume 100% yield. *Hint: You do not need to know the formula for the unknown compound.*

Cu(OH₂)₆²⁺(aq) + 5 NH₃(aq) (LR)
$$\rightarrow$$
 Unknown (aq) + 5 H₂O (*I*)

Initialy: 501g or 2.92 mol 108g or 6.34mol 0g/0mol 0

Used/ -217.6g or -1.27mo -108g or -6.34mol ? +114.2g or 6.34mol Formed

End 283.4g 0g 114.2g

Amount of unknown=(501+108) -289-114=**211.4g or 211g or 212g**

Amount of Unknown = 211g or 212g g

2. (3 points) 80. grams of iron(III) oxide and 54 grams of aluminum react to form an elemental iron and aluminum oxide. In the lab you only manage to get 75% yield.

Initially:	Fe ₂ O ₃ (s) 80.g or 0.50mol	+ 2Al (s) 54g or 2mol	⇒ 2Fe(s) 0	+ Al ₂ O ₃ (s)
Change (100%yeld):	-0.5mol or -80g	-1mol or -27grams	+1mol or 56g	+0.5mol or 51g
Change (75%yeld):	$-80g \cdot 0.75 = -60g$	-27g·0.75=-20.25g	56g·0.75=42g	51g·0.75=38g
End:	20g	33.75g	42g	38g

- a. How many in grams of the non-limiting reagent remains? $\frac{24\pi}{3}$
- b. How many in grams of the limiting reagent remains? 20. g
- c. How many in grams of an elemental iron is formed?

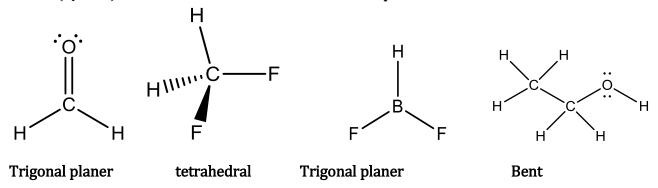
42g

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3. (2points) For each molecule write the **molecular shape** in the box below:



4. (2 points) Consider the combustion reaction for butane:

$$C_4H_{10}(I) + O_2(g) \rightarrow CO_2(g) + H_2O(g)$$

If only 132 grams of CO_2 was formed and it has a 75% yield what was initial amounts of the reagents in grams?

132g is a 75% at 100% yield:
$$\frac{132}{75} \cdot 100 = 176g$$
 of CO_2
 $176gCO_2 \cdot \frac{1molCO_2}{44gCO_2} \cdot \frac{13molO_2}{8molCO_2} \cdot \frac{32g}{1molO_2} = 208g$

$$176gCO_2 \cdot \frac{1molCO_2}{44gCO_2} \cdot \frac{2molC_4H_{10}}{8molCO_2} \cdot \frac{58g}{1molC_4H_{10}} = 58g$$

Amount of $C_4H_{10}(l) = 58g$

Amount of $O_2(g) = 208=210 \text{ g}$