## Discussion Quiz #2 10 minutes

## Thursday:

a) 3 molI<sub>2</sub> 
$$\frac{(1126.9g) \cdot 2}{1 molI_2}$$
 more than 1 gram

b) Amount of potassium containing  $5 \times 10^{50}$  more than 1 gram

$$5 \times 10^{50}$$
 electrons  $\frac{1 Katom}{19e^{-}} \frac{1 mol K}{6.002 \cdot 10^{23} atoms} \frac{39.1g}{1 mol K}$ 

c) 
$$\frac{6 \times 10^{15} \text{ u of Ba}}{1u} = \frac{\frac{1}{6.022 \cdot 10^{23}} g}{1u} = \frac{6 \cdot 10^{15}}{6.022 \cdot 10^{23}} g$$
 less than 1 gram

1. (3points) How many moles of hydrated ions are formed when 0.1 mol of calcium carbonate completely dissolves in water?

1 mol of CaCO<sub>3</sub>: 1mol of Ca<sup>2+</sup> and 1 mol of CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2</sup>-

$$0.1 mol \text{CaCO}_3 \frac{2 mol lons}{1 mol \text{CaCO}_3} = 0.2 mol$$

ions = 0.2 mol

- 2. A protein molecule has mass 12,000 u.
  - a. (2 points) Calculate the molar mass of the protein. Express your answer to the correct number of significant figures.

Molar mass = 12,000g/mol

$$12,000 \,\mathrm{u} \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{6.022 \cdot 10^{23}} \,g}{1u} = \frac{12000}{6.022 \cdot 10^{23}} \,g \cdot \frac{N_A}{mol} = \frac{12000}{6.022 \cdot 10^{23}} \,g \cdot \frac{6.022 \cdot 10^{23}}{mol} = 12000 \frac{g}{mol}$$

b. (3points) Calculate the mass of the single protein. Express your answer to the correct number of significant figures.

$$12,000 \,\mathrm{u} \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{6.022 \cdot 10^{23}} \, g}{1u} = 2.0 \cdot 10^{-20} \, g$$

mass =  $2.0 \times 10^{-20}$  g

## Discussion Quiz #2 10 minutes

## Friday

- 1. (2 points) For the following circle the one with the lightest mass?
  - a) 10 mol Br<sub>2</sub> more than 1 gram
  - d) Amount of calcium containing  $5 \times 10^{50}$  electrons more than 1 gram

e) 
$$\frac{6 \times 10^{15} \text{ u of Cs}}{1u} = \frac{\frac{1}{6.022 \cdot 10^{23}} g}{1u} = \frac{6 \cdot 10^{15}}{6.022 \cdot 10^{23}} g$$
 less than 1 gram

- 2. (3points) How many moles of hydrated ions are formed when 0.1 mol of sodium nitrate completely dissolves in water?
  - 1 mol of NaNO<sub>3</sub>: 1mol of Na+ and 1 mol of CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2</sup>-

$$0.1 \text{ mol NaNO}_3 \frac{2mols \text{ of lons}}{1mol \text{ NaNO}_3} = 0.2mols$$

ions 
$$=0.2 \text{ mol}$$

- 3. A protein molecule has mass 18,000 u.
  - c. (2 points) Calculate the molar mass of the protein. Express your answer to the correct number of significant figures.

$$18000u \times \frac{\frac{1}{6.022140857}g}{1u} \times \frac{6.022140857}{1mol} = 18000 \frac{g}{mol}$$

Molar mass = 
$$18,000 \text{ g/mol}$$

d. (3points) Calculate the mass of the single protein. Express your answer to the correct number of significant figures.

$$18000u \times \frac{\frac{1}{6.022140857}g}{1u} = 2.9 \times 10^{-20} \,\mathrm{g}$$

mass = 
$$2.9 \times 10^{-20}$$
 g