

Michelle, Ruth, Afifa, Leah

Artemis Project 2017

WHAT IS WEB DESIGN?

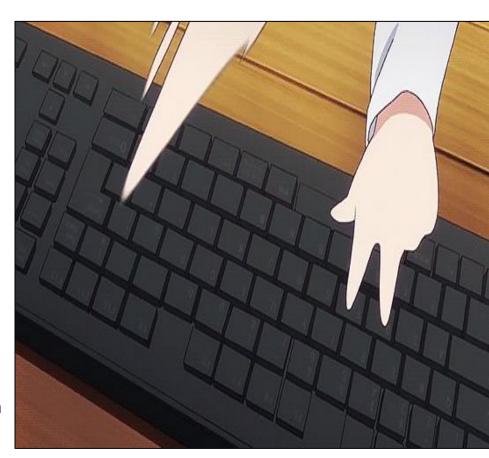
- Web design is the process of creating websites.
- It includes many different aspects such as web page layout, content production, and graphic design.
- Web design uses HTML and CSS program languages to create the website.





HTML

- HTML stands for
 - Hyper
 - o Text
 - Markup
 - Language
- HTML is the layout of web pages.
- Structured using tags such as
 - Paragraphs
 - Lists
 - Headings
 - o Footers
- This programming language is used to indicate how each piece of information is displayed on a website



HOW TO USE HTML

In HTML, the page is displayed or structured using tags.

Tags are very important because they tell the computer where to start and end

For example, if you type...

```
Once upon a time, there was tomato. The End.
```

```
    ul>
        Bird (Michelle)
        Llama (Leah)
        Cat (Ruth)
        Tiger(Afifa)
```

<footer>Artemis 2017</footer>

You get...

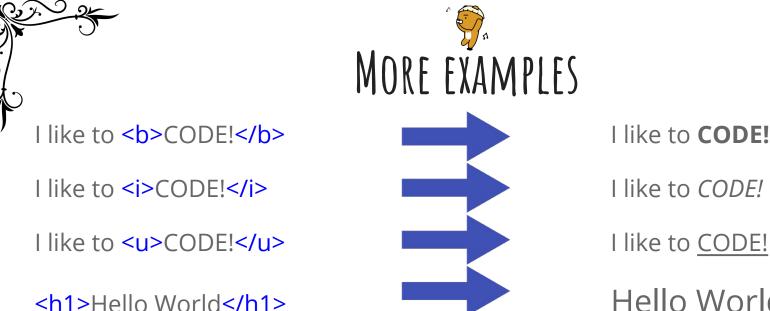
Once upon a time, there was tomato. The End.

- Bird (Michelle)
- Llama (Leah)
- Cat (Ruth)
- Tiger(Afifa)

Artemis 2017









I like to CODE!

Hello World

Hello World



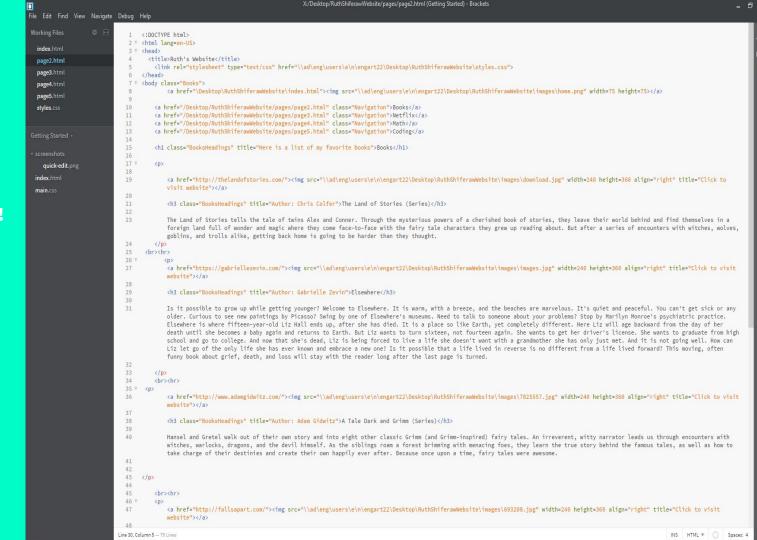
Google

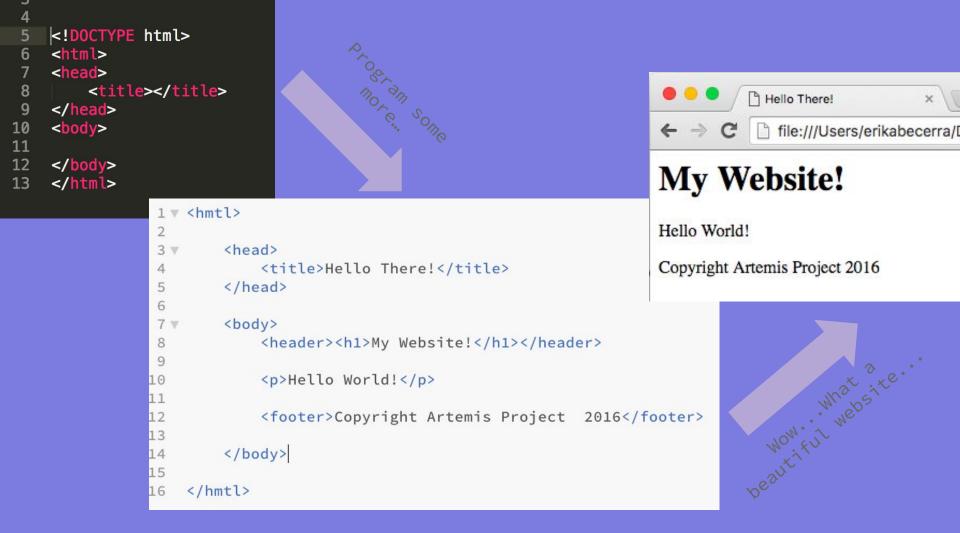
<h2>Hello World</h2>

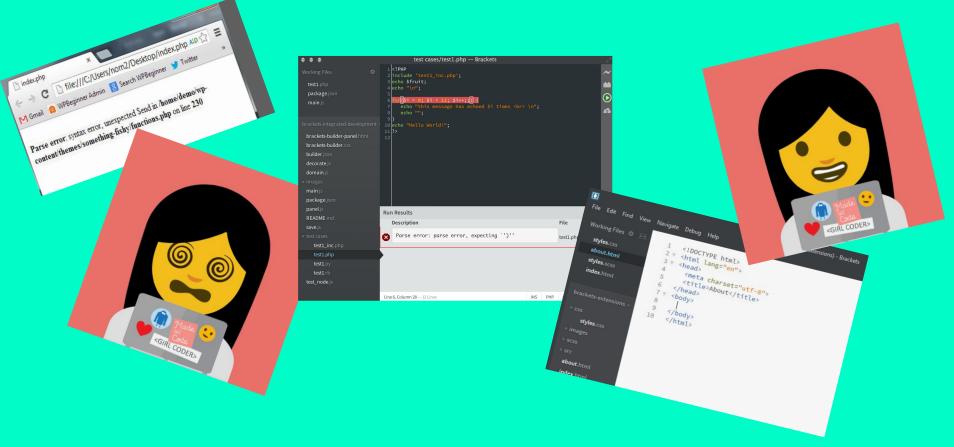


And this is what the website looked like!







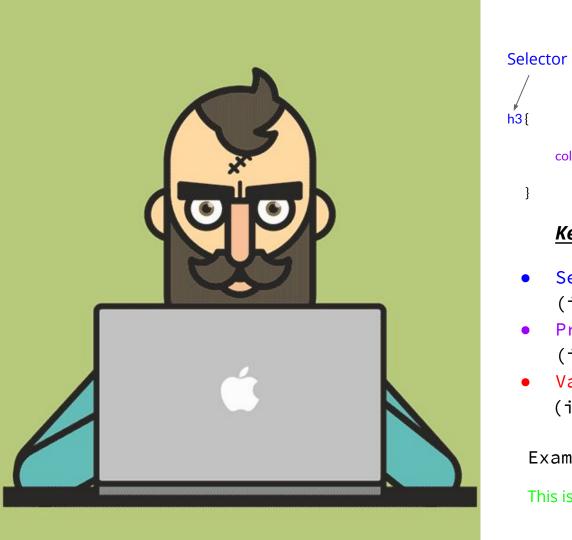


Messed up and don't know where?

Don't worry, HTML programs tell you where your error is.



- CSS is an acronym for Cascading Style Sheets
- It adds colors, fonts, borders and backgrounds to the website
- In HTML, you would have to specify every time you want a heading to be a different size or color; with CSS you can design a style for a specific section of your website.
- Your website design is easier to modify with CSS than HTML
- CSS makes the website look pretty!



HOW TO USE CSS

Value color: green; Property

Key:

- Selector: what to style (i.e. header 3 or h3)
- Property: what to change (i.e. Color)
- Value: What to see (i.e. turquoise)

Example:

This is Header 3

CLASSES AND IDENTIFICATIONS

- Anything you want to be read by the computer must be in between two curly brackets {}
- Use a semicolon at the end of each line
- The Selectors are usually HTML elements without the "<" and ">"
- Classes categorize specific elements.
 - Classes can be named and referred to later with that name.
 - If you want certain paragraphs to have the same font color, you would use classes.
- Div = Logical Divide
 - o It's like a container
 - Can use ID to refer to them
 - Div lets you style everything with the ID at once. (similar to Classes)

```
HTML
<html>
<body>
<div class = "Weird">
WOAH
Okay
Jelly
</div>
</body>
</html>
```



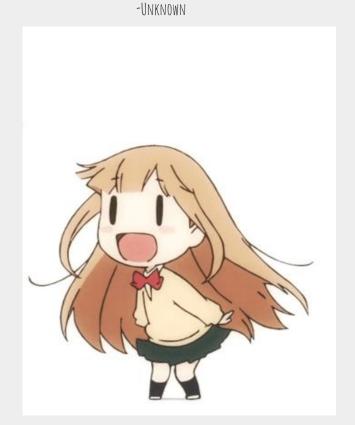
CSS
.Weird{
 color: blue;
}



Outcome WOAH Okay Jelly

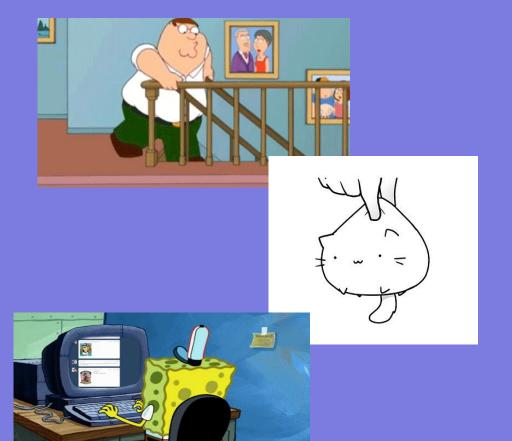


"BE WHO YOU ARE, NOT WHO THE WORLD WANTS YOU TO BE"





100% YOU
100% TRUE
THIS IS CODING



ANY QUESTIONS?

