



## FIFTY YEARS OF LANDMARKING

New York City's landmarks law was enacted in 1965 as a way to preserve buildings or neighborhoods with: "special character or a special historical or aesthetic interest or value and [those] representing the **finest architectural products** of distinct periods in the history of the city."



**Empire State Building** 



Remsen Street (Brooklyn Heights Historic District)



Lever House



## FOUR TYPES OF LANDMARKS

#### **Individual Landmarks:**

The exteriors of individual structures, ranging from farmhouses to skyscrapers. Examples include the Woolworth Building, the Pieter Claesen Wyckoff House in Brooklyn, and the Cyclone roller coaster in Coney Island



Rockefeller Center

#### **Historic Districts:**

Areas of the City that possess architectural and historical significance and a distinct "sense of place." Examples include the Brooklyn Heights, Greenwich Village, and Tribeca historic districts

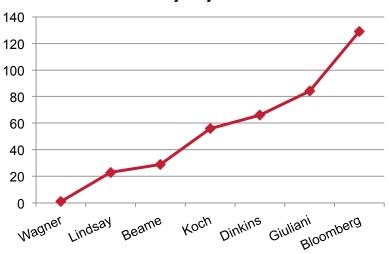


SoHo-Cast Iron Historic District

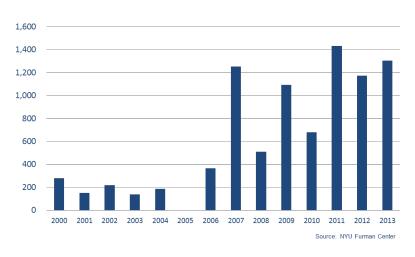


## HISTORIC DISTRICTS ON THE RISE

#### **Total Number of Historic Districts Designated** by Mayor



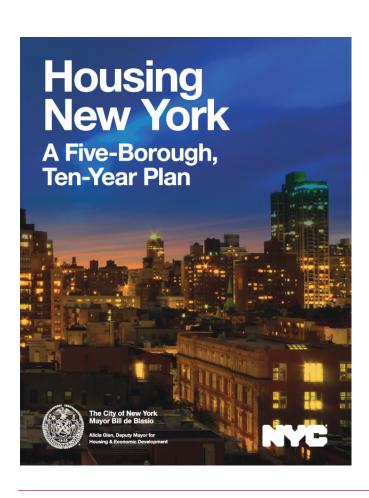
#### **Number of Lots Added to Historic Districts**



45 of the 129 historic districts in NYC were designated in last 12 years, resulting in a 54% increase in the number of historic districts, and a 40% increase in landmarked properties



## NYC'S AFFORDABLE HOUSING PLAN



2013 plan to create or preserve 200,000 new affordable housing units in 10 years.

An additional 100,000 units of market-rate housing would be needed to meet expected demand.

#### Affordable Housing for Every New Yorker

Every New Yorker deserves a safe and affordable place to live, in a neighborhood that provides opportunities to get ahead. The market alone is not always able to meet that need, and, accordingly, governments of all levels must work together to help. Mayor Bill de Blasio has made affordable housing a top priority of his administration and has committed the City to "build or preserve nearly 200,000 affordable units, and help both tenants and small landlords preserve the quality and affordability of their homes.



## PENNSYLVANIA STATION

Designed: McKim, Mead, and White

Completed:1910

**Demolished:** 1963

Catalyst for NYC Landmarks Law, 1965











## GRAND CENTRAL AND SUPREME COURT

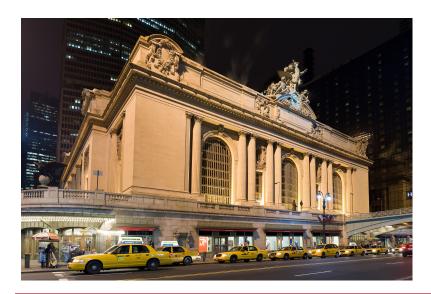
**Designed**: Warren and Wetmore

Completed: 1913

Landmarked: 1967

**Plan**: Multi-story building above the station designed by Marcel

Breuer; denied by LPC



**Lawsuit**: Penn Central sued NYC citing that Landmark Law was a taking.

**Decision**: Supreme Court affirmed LPC authority.

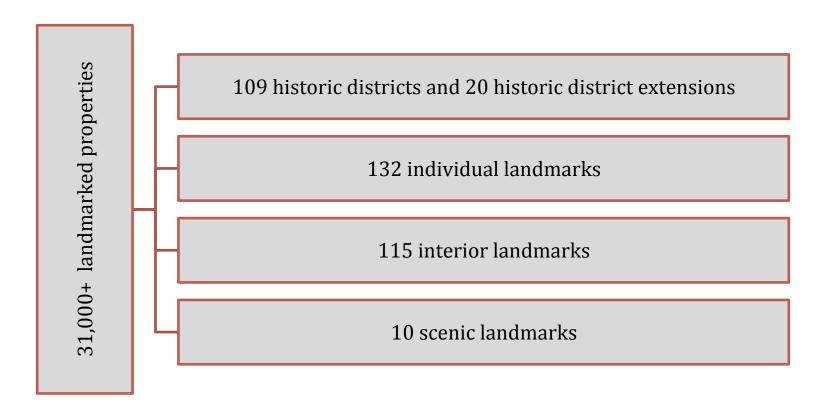
- Landmarking under "Police Powers" benefited the public welfare
- Terminal still functioned as a station
- Transfer of Air rights





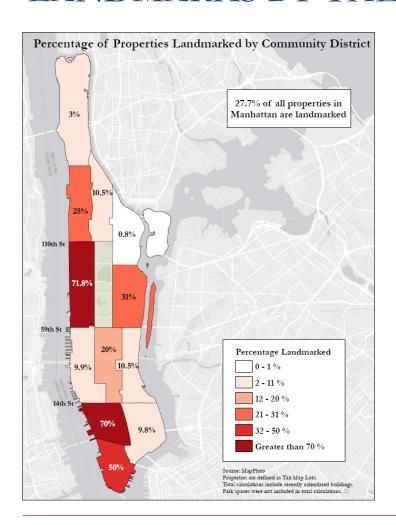
## LANDMARKS BY THE NUMBERS

According to the Landmarks Preservation Commission (LPC), in 2013 there were:





## LANDMARKS BY THE NUMBERS



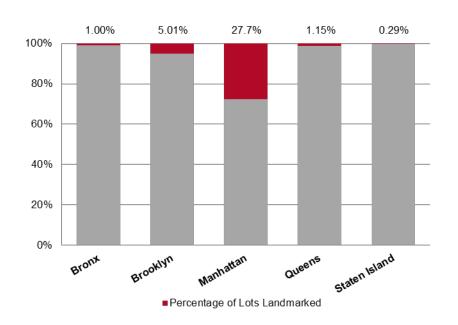
|  | Total<br>Properties | Total<br>Landmarked<br>Properties | % of<br>Properties<br>Landmarked |
|--|---------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| MANHATTAN  | 42,361              | 11,738                            | 27.7%                            |
| CD 1 - Tribeca, Seaport/Civic Center, Financial District, Battery Park City  | 1,466               | 743                               | 50.7%                            |
| CD 2 - Greenwich Village, West Village,<br>NoHo, SoHo, Lower East Side, Chinatown,<br>Little Italy                             | 4,729               | 3,338                             | 70.6%                            |
| CD 3 - Tompkins Square, East Village,<br>Lower East Side, Chinatown, Two Bridges   | 4,208               | 419                               | 9.9%                             |
| CD 4 - Clinton, Chelsea  | 3,465               | 346                               | 9.9%                             |
| CD 5 - Midtown   | 3,047               | 643                               | 21.1%                            |
| CD 6 - Stuyvesant Town, Tudor City, Turtle<br>Bay, Peter Cooper Village, Murray Hill,<br>Gramercy Park, Kips Bay, Sutton Place | 2,807               | 304                               | 10.8%                            |
| CD 7 - Manhattan Valley, Upper West<br>Side, and Lincoln Square  | 4,415               | 2,968                             | 67.2%                            |
| CD 8 - Upper East Side, Lenox Hill,<br>Yorkville, and Roosevelt Island   | 5,546               | 1,775                             | 32.0%                            |
| CD 9 - Hamilton Heights, Manhattanville,<br>Morningside Heights, and West Harlem   | 2,473               | 624                               | 25.2%                            |
| CD 10 - Central Harlem   | 4,361               | 462                               | 10.6%                            |
| CD 11 - East Harlem  | 3,140               | 27                                | 0.9%                             |
| CD 12 - Inwood and Washington Heights  | 2,704               | 89                                | 3.3%                             |



## LANDMARKS BY THE NUMBERS

### PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTIES LANDMARKED, BY BOROUGH

#### NUMBER OF PROPERTIES LANDMARKED, BY BOROUGH



|                  | Total<br>Properties | Total<br>Landmarked<br>Properties | % of<br>Properties<br>Landmarked |
|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| BRONX            | 89,797              | 900                               | 1.00%                            |
| BROOKLYN         | 277,543             | 13,898                            | 5.01%                            |
| MANHATTAN        | 42,752              | 11,847                            | 27.71%                           |
| QUEENS           | 324,151             | 3,723                             | 1.15%                            |
| STATEN<br>ISLAND | 123,364             | 363                               | 0.29%                            |
| CITYWIDE         | 857,607             | 30,731                            | 3.58%                            |

From 2003 to 2013, 79% of newly designated landmarks were in boroughs other than Manhattan



# **DEMOGRAPHICS**

#### HOUSEHOLD DEMOGRAPHICS IN MANHATTAN AND BROOKLYN

#### **Census Tract Analysis**

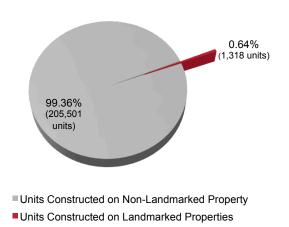
|  | Median<br>Household<br>Income | Racial<br>Diversity Index | Population<br>Change | Percent Renter<br>Occupied | Average<br>Household<br>Size |
|--|-------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| CITYWIDE                                       | \$48,743                      | .74                       | 2.10%                | 69%                        | 2.57                         |
| MANHATTAN                                      | \$63,832                      | .68                       | 3.20%                | 77%                        | 2.00                         |
| Census Tract with over 50% Property Landmarked | \$105,604                     | .43                       | -0.10%               | 75%                        | 1.81                         |
| Census Tract with over 80% Property Landmarked | \$113,665                     | .32                       | -2.70%               | 64%                        | 1.73                         |
| Census Tract with 100% of Property Landmarked  | \$123,800                     | .28                       | -5.00%               | 60%                        | 1.71                         |
| BROOKLYN                                       | \$42,143                      | .72                       | 1.60%                | 72%                        | 2.69                         |
| Census Tract with over 50% Property Landmarked | \$70,075                      | .56                       | -2.33%               | 73%                        | 2.20                         |
| Census Tract with over 80% Property Landmarked | \$95,045                      | .50                       | -3.22%               | 60%                        | 2.00                         |
| Census Tract with 100% of Property Landmarked  | \$111,066                     | .35                       | -3.35%               | 47%                        | 1.86                         |

U. S. Census Bureau. (2010). American FactFinder: New York County, Kings County, and NYC.



#### HOUSING CONSTRUCTION ON LANDMARKED PROPERTIES (2003-2012)

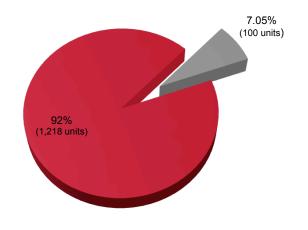
|               | Total New<br>Housing Units<br>Constructed | Housing Units<br>Constructed on<br>Landmarked<br>Properties | Percent of Housing<br>Units Constructed<br>on Landmarked<br>Properties |
|---------------|---|---|--|
| BRONX         | 29,403                                    | 194   | 0.66%  |
| BROOKLYN      | 62,743                                    | 120   | 0.19%  |
| MANHATTAN     | 53,220                                    | 998   | 1.88%  |
| QUEENS        | 49,570                                    | 6   | 0.01%  |
| STATEN ISLAND | 11,883                                    | 0   | 0.00%  |
| CITYWIDE      | 206,819                                   | 1,318   | 0.64%  |

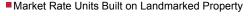


Although landmarked properties account for nearly 30% of all properties in Manhattan, less than 2% of all housing was created on landmarked properties.

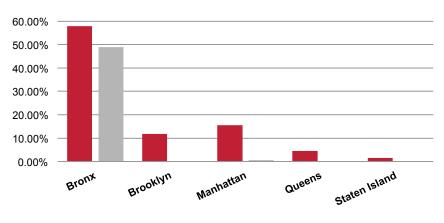


#### AFFORDABLE HOUSING CONSTRUCTION (2003-2012)





<sup>■</sup> Affordable Housing Units Built on Landmarked Property



■ Affordable Housing Constructed on Non-Landmarked Properties

■ Affordable Housing Constructed on Landmarked Properties

Removing the Cedars/Fox Hall Project lowers the percentage of affordable housing that was constructed on landmarked property from 7.05% to only 0.38% citywide.

As a comparison, the overall ratio of affordable housing constructed in the non-landmarked properties throughout the City during this period is 17%.



## AFFORDABLE HOUSING

## CHANGE IN RENT STABILIZED UNITS, 2007-2014

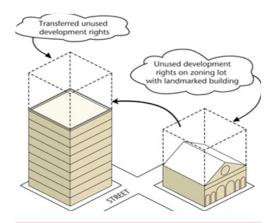
|                    | 2007 Rent<br>Stabilized Units | 2014 Rent<br>Stabilized Units | Difference | % Change |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------|----------|
| MN Landmark        | 30,308                        | 22,859                        | -7,449     | -24.58%  |
| MN Non-Landmark    | 265,989                       | 235,425                       | -30,564    | -11.49%  |
| Manhattan          | 296,297                       | 258,284                       | -38,013    | -12.83%  |
|                    |                               |                               |            |          |
| BK Landmark        | 8,675                         | 6,322                         | -2,353     | -27.12%  |
| BK Non-Landmark    | 233,066                       | 225,126                       | -7,940     | -3.41%   |
| Brooklyn           | 241,741                       | 231,448                       | -10,293    | -4.26%   |
|                    |                               |                               |            |          |
| QN Landmark        | 4,100                         | 3,892                         | -208       | -5.07%   |
| QN Non-Landmark    | 156,268                       | 147,242                       | -9,026     | -5.78%   |
| Queens             | 160,368                       | 151,134                       | -9,234     | -5.76%   |
|                    |                               |                               |            |          |
| BX Landmark        | 1,340                         | 1,378                         | 38         | 2.84%    |
| BX Non-Landmark    | 203,095                       | 206,806                       | 3,711      | 1.83%    |
| Bronx              | 204,435                       | 208,184                       | 3,749      | 1.83%    |
|                    |                               |                               |            |          |
| SI Landmark        | 11                            | 6                             | -5         | -45.45%  |
| SI Non-Landmark    | 7,093                         | 6,650                         | -443       | -6.25%   |
| Staten Island      | 7,104                         | 6,656                         | -448       | -6.31%   |
|                    |                               |                               |            |          |
| City Landmarks     | 44,434                        | 34,457                        | -9,977     | -22.45%  |
| City Non-Landmarks | 865,511                       | 821,249                       | -44,262    | -5.11%   |
| Citywide           | 909,945                       | 855,706                       | -54,239    | -5.96%   |

#### SPECIFIC HISTORIC DISTRICTS

| Historic District                      | Rent Stabilized<br>Units Lost | % Change |
|--|-------------------------------|----------|
| Upper West Side /<br>Central Park West | -2,730                        | -33.1%   |
| Greenwich Village / Extension          | -1,432                        | -25.4%   |
| Brooklyn Heights                       | -781                          | -35.6%   |
| Park Slope                             | -619                          | -40.8%   |



#### CHALLENGES IN LANDMARK DISTRICTS







Transfer of Development Rights

**Lengthy Public** Review

Costly Maintenance

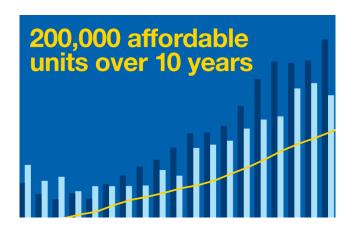




#### NYC is already at its 2020 Population Forecast

...the latest estimates pose a problem for city planners, as the new 2014 number falls just under 60,000 people shy of the previous 2020 projection, of 8,550,971 people.

If the previous year's increase of 52,700 people is matched in 2015 — and given construction permits, an even larger jump this year would not be surprising — New York's population will pass the 2020 estimates within the year, if it has not already.















SoHo-Cast Iron Historic District- Extension Almost 50% significantly altered; parking lots, gas stations





"When we were envisioning a landmarks law starting in 1958... nobody had in mind the 110 Historic Districts, we thought of maybe three or four. With 110 going on to 250 Historic Districts, one has step back a little bit and wonder just what exactly it is we are trying to achieve and what we are doing. Are we cheapening the brand or is this the correct thing to be doing?"

## Otis Pearsall, **Historic Preservation Pioneer**

2011 Fitch Forum on Landmarking at Columbia University







"I have seen how community activists use historic preservation as a way to limit development...

What I'm seeing more and more, which I think is a very unfortunate trend in sort of the historic preservation movement...is that people will see that designating a Historic District or designating a building can actually be a speedier way to eliminating a development possibility than convincing the City Planning Commission that it would be a wise planning move."

## Margery Perlmutter, Former LPC Commissioner

2011 Fitch Forum on Landmarking at Columbia University





- **Remove barriers** that constrain housing production and raise costs
- **Encourage better quality buildings** that contribute to the fabric of neighborhoods
- **Promote senior housing** to address the affordable housing needs of an aging population
- **Reduce unnecessary parking** requirements for affordable housing to avoid excessive costs that hamper the creation of affordable and senior housing

#### Vocal preservationist attacks de Blasio plan to allow taller buildings in some neighborhoods

In an op-ed last week, Carl Weisbrod, the chairman of the City Planning Commission and director of the Department of City Planning, defended a citywide rezoning proposed by the de Blasio administration and remarked. "We ... look forward to additional engagement with communities and the public."

But he surely does not look forward to engaging with Andrew Berman, an indefatigable opponent of any development that would overshadow what exists today.

Mr. Berman, the executive director of the Greenwich Village Historic Preservation Society, beat Mr. Weisbrod to the punch at the very opening of the rezoning fight, publishing an op-ed attacking the plan a full eight days before the planning chief got his defense into the Daily News...



# PRESERVATION IN THE 21ST CENTURY



**Hearst Tower** 



**Domino Sugar Factory**