Karen Crowther University of Geneva

As Below, So Before

Synchronic and Diachronic Conceptions of Spacetime Emergence

https://www.flickr.com/photos/seamaster75/8454980399

- Spacetime is described by the theory of general relativity (GR)
- Gravity is the curvature of spacetime around massive bodies



https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:GPB_circling_earth.jpg public domain

- But, we expect that GR will be replaced by a theory of quantum gravity (QG) at extremely short distance scales (high energy scales)
- QG is not expected to describe spacetime; but the (unknown) quantum physics 'underlying' spacetime
- This physics is expected to be non-spatiotemporal to some extent
- GR, with its conception of spacetime, should be recoverable from QG
- NOTE: Currently there is no accepted theory of QG!
- Instead we have a number of incomplete approaches to QG



By NASA/WMAP Science Team - Public Domain, https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=11885244

QG is supposed to describe:

1. The physics 'underlying' spacetime

- Moving from the more fundamental non-spatiotemporal description to GR may be an example of 'synchronic' emergence

2. The physics near the big bang

- The evolution of the universe from a 'prior' non-spatiotemporal state to a spatiotemporal one, may be an example of 'diachronic' emergence

Today

- I explore how these two potential examples of spacetime emergence can be understood according to existing accounts of emergence in philosophy
- And what challenges these case-studies pose for such accounts

- 1. What is emergence?
- 2. Synchronic accounts of emergence
- 3. Synchronic emergence of spacetime
- 4. Diachronic accounts of emergence
- 5. Diachronic emergence of spacetime
- 6. Conclusions

Today

- 1. What is emergence?
- 2. Synchronic accounts of emergence
- 3. Synchronic emergence of spacetime
- 4. Diachronic accounts of emergence
- 5. Diachronic emergence of spacetime
- 6. Conclusions

What is emergence?

• An asymmetric relationship between two relata of the same nature: an emergent, E and its emergence basis, B

General schema (to be filled in by particular accounts):

- (DEPENDENCE): E is dependent on, determined by, constituted by, generated by B; and yet
- (NOVELTY): E exhibiting striking features not possessed by B, and,
- (AUTONOMY): E is unpredictable from B, irreducible to B, unexplained by B, robust against changes in B, etc.

• I am interested in emergence as a relation between (parts of) physical theories

Two varieties of emergence

- 1. Synchronic emergence:
- E and B represent different levels of description; i.e., theories that apply at different length scales
- These theories are supposed to apply to the same system at the same time, or otherwise under the same conditions
- No change except the 'level' at which you view the system (In physics: the energy at which you probe the system; typically, B describes higher-energy, and E lower-energy)

Two varieties of emergence

- 2. Diachronic emergence:
 - E and B describe the system at the same level of description, i.e., same energy scale
 - These theories are supposed to apply to the same system at different times, or otherwise under different conditions
 - The system has undergone some change; typically, B describes it before, E after

Two varieties of emergence



Figure: Guay & Sartenaer (2016) 'A new look at emergence. Or when after is different' EJPS



- <u>1. What is emergence?</u>
 - 2. Synchronic accounts of emergence
 - 3. Synchronic emergence of spacetime
 - 4. Diachronic accounts of emergence
 - 5. Diachronic emergence of spacetime
 - 6. Conclusions

2. Synchronic accounts of emergence: Crowther (2015, 2016)

- Inspired by the framework of effective field theory (EFT)
- EFT is a method ('toolbox') for constructing effective field theories.
- An effective field theory is

... valid only at a given 'level', i.e., at low energy scales compared to a given heavy mass, Λ

... framed in terms of the appropriate degrees of freedom for its 'level'

... is effectively independent of (autonomous from) the physics at higher energy scales

- Mathematical apparatus of the *renormalisation group* shows that most of the high energy interactions are irrelevant at low energy scales
- The effects that do filter down to low energy can be effectively absorbed into the low energy dof

Example of synchronic emergence in EFT: Analogue models of spacetime



 ρ is the density, and θ the coherent phase of the fluid

Linearly expand about their ground state values:

 $\rho = \rho_0 + \delta \rho$

 $\theta = \theta_0 + \delta \theta$

Substitute back in, integrate out the high-energy fluctuations, end up with:

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_0[\rho, \theta] + \mathcal{L}_{eff}[\delta\theta]$$
ground state
of the fluid
effective theory

Example of synchronic emergence in EFT: Analogue models of spacetime



Effective *L* is formally identical to that of a massless scalar field in (3+1)-dimension spacetime with a curved effective metric

Effective curved spacetime is a generic feature of the linearisation process used in constructing the models

(just need a *L* depending on a single scalar field plus first derivatives)

2. Synchronic accounts of emergence: Crowther (2015, 2016)

(DEPENDENCE):

- Low energy theory E is constructed (derived) from the higher energy theory B (e.g., via EFT)
- The physics described by the laws of E may be said to supervene on those of B

(Supervenience: No change at the E-level unless there is a change at the B-level, but not vice versa)

2. Synchronic accounts of emergence: Crowther (2015, 2016)

(NOVELTY):

 The physics described by the low energy (macro) theory E differs remarkably from that of the higher energy (micro) theory B

(AUTONOMY):

- The physics described by E is robust against changes in the micro physics
- **B** is underdetermined by **E**
- Two senses of underdetermination, due to *universality* (multiple realisability):

1. Different micro states described by, or models of, B can correspond to a single macro state/model of E (e.g., statistical mechanics \rightarrow thermodynamics)

2. Different micro theories can correspond to the same macro theory (e.g., fluids of different micro-constitutions, different particles at micro scale \rightarrow thermodynamics/hydrodynamics)

Example of synchronic emergence in EFT: Analogue models of spacetime



(DEPENDENCE):

- *L*eff constructed from the high-energy theory
- Phonons are collective phenomena: low-energy excitations of the underlying particles/molecules

(NOVELTY):

- Theories characterised by different dof
- And different symmetries: *L_{eff}* is Lorentz-invariant, *L*₀ is Galilei-invariant (Bain, 2013)

(AUTONOMY):

- Effective curved spacetime is incredibly easy to obtain from a variety of different systems, with different micro-constitutions
- The high-energy theory is severely underdetermined



- 1. What is emergence?
- -2. Synchronic accounts of emergence
 - 3. Synchronic emergence of spacetime
 - 4. Diachronic accounts of emergence
 - 5. Diachronic emergence of spacetime
 - 6. Conclusions

3. Synchronic emergence of spacetime: In QG generally (Crowther, 2017)

- The reduction of GR to QG is a criterion of theory acceptance
 i.e., QG must be thought able to reproduce all of the successful results of GR
- This means establishing various formal correspondence relations between (parts of) the two theories, such that GR is believed to be deducible in principle from QG
- These relations are supposed to establish that GR depends upon QG
 - -- and, consequently, that spacetime depends upon the micro physics of QG
 - -- structures described by GR are supposed to be 'low energy' approximations to those of QG
- Thus, the (DEPENDENCE) condition of emergence must be satisfied

3. Synchronic emergence of spacetime: In QG generally (Crowther, 2017)

- There is no requirement that the (NOVELTY) and (AUTONOMY) conditions must be satisfied -- GR is not guaranteed to emerge from QG!
- And, in fact, there are approaches to QG where these may (apparently) not be satisfied
- Nevertheless, in many approaches, seems likely that there could be emergence

• Examples: loop quantum gravity, causal set theory, causal dynamical triangulations, group field theory, quantum graphity, ...

- LQG is a canonical quantisation of gravity
- Proceeds by casting GR in Hamiltonian form, splitting space and time apart, then quantising
- Involves setting up and solving the theory in the form of constraint equations, formulated in terms of loop variables
- The Hamiltonian constraint equation, which is supposed to describe the dynamics of the theory, resists solution (Wheeler deWitt equation)
- As such, only the kinematics of the theory is known
- (But there are different approaches towards understanding the dynamics!)

- LQG describes discrete 'blobs' of space
- Represented as abstract graphs: spin networks
- Nodes represent quanta of volume, which are adjacent if there is a link between them
- Links represent quantised area of the surface bounding the volumes







(DEPENDENCE) :

- Without a full dynamical theory, hard to know how spacetime might 'depend' on LQG
- Unclear how to 'recover' spacetime from LQG

But:

- Spin networks are the result of quantising spacetime
- Space is thought to correspond to a quantum superposition of spin networks

So:

• For the sake of this talk: suppose that GR reduces to LQG in the requisite way



(NOVELTY):

- Peculiar form of 'non-locality' (Huggett and Wüthrich, 2013)
- Generic states in LQG are superpositions: no clear notion of geometry
- 'Problem of time': no clear notion of time

(AUTONOMY):

- Many different spin network states can correspond to the same (semiclassical) geometry
- There are models of LQG that do not correspond to spacetime



- (NOVELTY):
 - Peculiar form of 'non-locality' (Huggett and Wüthrich, 2013)
 - Generic states in LQG are superpositions: no clear notion of geometry
 - 'Problem of time': no clear notion of time

(AUTONOMY):

- Many different spin network states can correspond to the same (semiclassical) geometry
- There are models of LQG that do not correspond to spacetime

Figure from Wüthrich (Forthcoming) 'The Emergence of Space and Time' for Routledge Handbook of Emergence



- 1. What is emergence?
- -2. Synchronic accounts of emergence
- -3. Synchronic emergence of spacetime-
 - 4. Diachronic accounts of emergence
 - 5. Diachronic emergence of spacetime
 - 6. Conclusions

4. Diachronic accounts of emergence: Guay & Sartenaer (2016) 'Transformational Emergence'

E and B are different states of the same system, interpreted at the same level, but different times E and B are described by different models of the same theory

(DEPENDENCE):

• E is the product of a spatiotemporally continuous process going from B

(NOVELTY and AUTONOMY):

- E exhibits new entities, properties or powers that do not exist in B,
- and which are *forbidden* to exist in B according to the laws governing B

4. Diachronic accounts of emergence: More general proposal

E and B are different states of the same system, interpreted at the same level, but different times. E and B are described by different models of the same theory

(DEPENDENCE):

- E is the product of a spatiotemporally continuous process going from B
 -- No good: cannot depend on spatiotemporal notions!
- Also: even if we have a dynamics w.r.t. some continuously-varying parameter, the directedness or asymmetry seems conventional -- how is this 'dependence'?
- E is caused by B? What does it mean to say that one state of the system is caused by another?
- Need a non-temporal notion that provides a basis for a claim of priority:
 - -- something like 'flat supervenience'
 - Baron & Miller (2014; 2015) Tallant (2008; 2018) timeless account of counterfactual causation

4. Diachronic accounts of emergence: More general proposal

(NOVELTY):

- E describes new entities, properties or powers that do not exist in B
- Typically, novelty is relative and symmetric:
- just captures the substantive ways in which E and B differ from one another

4. Diachronic accounts of emergence: More general proposal

It is useful to have a notion of (AUTONOMY) that allows for an ascription of priority necessary for (DEPENDENCE), and thus the asymmetry necessary for emergence

A notion analogous to my synchronic sense of (AUTONOMY), which was based in underdetermination due to universality...

The corresponding diachronic notion is (backward) indeterminism:

(AUTONOMY):

• The B state is not determined given the E state (non-temporal, reverse notion of interderminism?)

4. Example of diachronic emergence:
Ferromagnetism (symmetry-breaking phase transition)



4. Example of diachronic emergence: Ferromagnetism (symmetry-breaking phase transition)



E and B are different states of the same system, at the same levelE and B are described by different models of the same theory

(DEPENDENCE):

- 'Flat supervenience'/counterfactual causation without time (NOVELTY):
 - **B** is a state where there is no preferred direction (symmetric)
 - E is a state where there is a preferred direction (broken symmetry)

(AUTONOMY):

- E can arise from many different B states
- B is underdetermined given E



- 1. What is emergence?
- -2. Synchronic accounts of emergence
- -3. Synchronic emergence of spacetime-
- -4. Diachronic accounts of emergence
 - 5. Diachronic emergence of spacetime
 - 6. Conclusions

- Recall: The dynamics of LQG is not well understood
- Loop quantum cosmology (LQC) begins by simplifying the system at the kinematical level by assuming spatial isotropy and homogeneity
- The effect is that LQC describes spatial geometry with just one degree of freedom: 'scale factor', *a*, with corresponding quantum operator, *p*
- The resulting simplified dynamical equation can (though not unproblematically) be interpreted as an evolution equation, with the scale factor as the 'time variable' (Huggett and Wüthrich, Forthcoming)
- We can run this backwards, and it turns out that the evolution near (what would otherwise correspond to) the big bang singularity is well-defined: singularity is resolved



- In this way, we can run p backwards through the 'big bang', and find out what LQC tells us about the 'pre big bang' universe
- What we find is a 'mirror world'
- Standardly interpreted as the universe undergoing a 'big crunch', collapsing to a maximally hot, dense state, then re-expanding



- Huggett and Wüthrich (Forthcoming), explain that this picture is not supported by LQC:
- There is no continuous notion of time that runs from the 'pre big bang' universe through to the 'post big bang' universe
- The intermediate structure 'during the big bang' is purely spatial, with no connected notion of time at all

Figure adapted from Wüthrich 'The Atemporal Big Bang'



- Huggett and Wüthrich (Forthcoming) thus argue that it more natural to interpret time as directed away from the big bang
- Thus, that this model could instead represent the 'twin birth of two universes' from a single non-temporal state
- H&W call this the 'temporal emergence of spacetime'

Figure adapted from Wüthrich 'The Atemporal Big Bang'

How to understand this as emergence?

Options, options:

1a. (Spacetime dissolution -- emergence of an atemporal state on standard interpretation)

B is the (spatiotemporal) universe 'before the big bang'E is the timeless 'in between' state

1.b. (Spacetime emergence on standard interpretation)

B is the timeless 'in between' stateE is the (spatiotemporal) universe 'after the big bang'

2. (Spacetime emergence on Huggett and Wüthrich interpretation)

B is the timeless state 'before' the big bang

E is one, or both, of the (spatiotemporal) universes post big bang

E is the universe after the big bang (spatiotemporal)B is the universe 'before' the big bang (purely spatial, no time)

(DEPENDENCE):

- Which state 'depends' on which? Seems artificial to distinguish at the macro level, given that the same physics equally supports the emergence of spacetime or the dissolution of spacetime!
 (NOVELTY):
 - **B** is a state where there's no time (Galilean signature)
 - E is a state where there is time (Lorentzian signature)

(AUTONOMY):

- Cannot answer until we understand the (DEPENDENCE) connection
- We may rely on the notion of (AUTONOMY) to define the (DEPENDENCE) connection

E is the universe after the big bang (spatiotemporal)B is the universe 'before' the big bang (purely spatial, no time)

(DEPENDENCE);

Which state 'depends' on which? Seems artificial to distinguish at the macro level, given that we can interpret (1. & 2.) on previous slide as being the same as (3.)

(NOVELTY):

- **B** is a state where there's no time (Galilean signature)
- E is a state where there is time (Lorentzian signature)

(AUTONOMY):



- Cannot answer until we understand the (DEPENDENCE) connection
- We may rely on the notion of (AUTONOMY) to define the (DEPENDENCE) connection

E is the micro-state of the universe after the big bang (corresponds to a macro state with time)
B is the micro-state of the universe 'before' the big bang (corresponds to a macro state with no time)

(DEPENDENCE):

- E and B are different states, related by *p* ('time parameter'); they change with respect to one another
- Without a source of asymmetry grounding an ascription of priority, any notion of 'dependence' or 'directedness' seems artificial

(NOVELTY):

• No obvious sense of novelty distinguishing **B** and **E** at the micro-level

(AUTONOMY):

• Cannot answer until we understand the (DEPENDENCE) connection

E is the micro-state of the universe after the big bang (corresponds to a macro state with time)
B is the micro-state of the universe 'before' the big bang (corresponds to a macro state with no time)

(DEPENDENCE):

- E and B are different states, related by *p* ('time parameter'); they change with respect to one another

(NOVELTY).

- No obvious sense of novelty distinguishing B and E at the micro-level (AUTONOMY):
 - Cannot answer until we understand the (DEPENDENCE) connection



- 1. What is emergence?
- -2. Synchronic accounts of emergence-
- -3. Synchronic emergence of spacetime-
- 4. Diachronic accounts of emergence
- -5. Diachronic emergence of spacetime-
 - 6. Conclusions

Summary & Conclusions

- Emergence as (DEPENDENCE) plus (NOVELTY) and (AUTONOMY)
- Synchronic emergence: (AUTONOMY) based on underdetermination of B due to multiple realisability of E
- Examples of synchronic emergence:
 - 1. analogue models of spacetime (using EFT);
 - 2. (potentially) GR spacetime emergent from LQG;
- Criticism of diachronic emergence:
 - how to understand (DEPENDENCE) and (NOVELTY) when these notions are symmetric?
 my response: appeal to an asymmetric notion of (AUTONOMY)
- New account of diachronic (flat) emergence:
 - (DEP) as 'flat supervenience'
 - (AUTONOMY) as non-temporal (backward) indeterminism
- Example of diachronic emergence: ferromagnetism
- Unclear how LQC models can represent the 'temporal emergence of spacetime'!