WIN Pre-tenure Mentoring Event December 14, 2010 12PM 9th Floor Photonics

Panelists: Karl Ludwig (Physics); Kim McCall (Biology); Rick Averitt (Physics); Julie Sandell (APFD)

Welcome (Sheryl Grace)

• In the Spring 2011 there will a 1-on-1 CV feedback event.

Panelist Karl Ludwig (Physics)

Structure of the Review Process

- Review process is both departmental & university wide.
- During the university wide review the University Appointments, Promotion and Tenure (UAPT) committee serves as an independent review to see if the department "got it right".
- Each case gets assigned to a subcommittee.
- Application & case information is discussed at the subcommittee and then at the full committee level.
- At the UAPT level there are no classroom visits
- The UAPT writes a report that is advisory to the Provost, where as the department-level committee writes a report that is advisory to the Dean.

Elements of the Review

- Reviewers are looking for "reasonable service" at the department level and service to the profession.
- Diversity in the classes you have taught does not have to be too expansive but rather it is more important to demonstrate that you can teach a few classes successfully.
 - It is important to provide reviewers with context by explaining what the expectations are within your department as this varies across departments.
 - Ideally your chair should be providing this information but this is not always this case.
- Demonstrating active grant support for research and a high quality research program is most important.
- In addition publications, independent authorship, high quality articles without senior collaborators. Again it is important to provide reviewers with information concerning the order of authorship and for co-authored papers, information concerning your contribution.
- Independent outside letters of recommendation.
- Finally, doctoral students on their way to finishing their degrees.

Letters of Recommendation

- Candidates can only suggest three names for letter writers, and since these suggested individuals are generally considered biased it is best to list three obvious choices. Examples include post-doc advisors and collaborators.
- Dean requests all the letters and the department is able to make suggestions.
- One way the department seeks out letter writers by:
 - o Looking at papers in which you are cited most often
 - Abstracts from meeting booklets
 - o Calling a leader in the field
- Ideal letter writers are:
 - In your field
 - o Minimally an associate professor
 - o Peer in the industry
 - o Should be familiar with your work
- Guess who might be selected and network
 - o Go to conferences and meet leaders in your field
 - o Send papers to leaders in your field
 - o Invite leaders in your field here for seminars
 - o Say yes to reviewing papers and being on grant panels
- Make it easy for the letter writers
 - o Provide detailed context
 - o Explain the teaching load norms in your department
 - o List all of your papers & spell out your contributions
 - o Keep your website up-to-date
 - o List classes students take for research credit as courses
- In absence of departmental representation on the UAPT
 - Explain the norms for the position of your name on a publication in your field
 - o Explain the norms for number of publications for your field.
 - o Explain the role of collaborators on your papers.
 - o Explain the impact of the publication in your field
 - Keep in mind a reader who isn't in your field when explaining the significance of your accomplishments.

More on Letters of Recommendation

- Dean requests all the letters and the department is able to make suggestions.
- Be active in your field.
- Go to a lot of conferences.
- Publish high quality papers.
- Participate in activities that give you external visibility.
- Your dossier will be sent out by the Dean when soliciting letters so include as much CV information as possible.

Tips for Putting Part II Together

- Make Binders (or electronic folders): Teaching, Service, Grants, Publications
- Keep track of everything:
 - o Papers
 - o Abstracts
 - o Course Syllabi
 - Press Communications
 - o Conferences posters on which your name appears
 - o Grant Applications (for both funded and non-funded proposals)
- Be organized.
- Seek feedback along the way visits to the classroom.

Julie Sandell (Associate Provost for Faculty Development)

Julie is available to meet at any time for questions and suggestions.

Tenure Deadline Extensions

- If your lab isn't ready on time
- Maternity leave
- UAPT tries to contextualize productivity with in the time when leave wasn't applicable.

Rumors About New Standards for Tenure

- A group is looking at the tenure process at BU. Changes to the way cases are considered include:
 - College APT and UAPT will considering promotion to Full Professor cases first, followed by Assistant to Associate.
 - o This will not affect junior faculty members.
- Boston University continually strives to be a better University.
- The individuals promoted are selected to raise the bar for the University.
- Standards are always going up but this is happening on a long-term time scale.
- Denial rates have not been going up.

 New faculty are hired with the expectation that they will be tenured and that they will be successful.

Additional comments from the floor:

Committee Membership

• Whether people from your department are included or excluded from your committee depends on your School/College.

More on Part II

- You can update your Part II to reflect recent publications and citations.
- Explain the impact factor of journals
- Explain your contributions to a paper as well as your role in mentoring your students if the student is the first author: after citation, describe your efforts in a couple of sentences

Teaching

- A smaller number of demonstrated successful classes taught is more important than a huge list of courses taught
- o A blend of both graduate and under graduate courses
- o Don't wait until the last minute to teach an undergraduate course.
- Look at your teaching evaluations
 - If you don't get good evaluations the first time around, demonstrate improvement.

Networking

- Attend conferences and show leaders your work. Communicate what you are doing.
- Get yourself known.
- Look beyond national reputation to international reputation.