





safe connect network access control



Introduction

- Impulse Point
- Headquartered in Lakeland, FL
- Founded in 2004
- Exclusive focus on Network Access Control Solution for Education
- Over 300 College, University and K-12 customers
- 3.5 million devices under management
- SAS 70 Type 11/ SSAE 16 datacenter





Sample Customers Colleges and Universities











































































UNIVERSITY



NORTHERN

FLAGSTAFF

























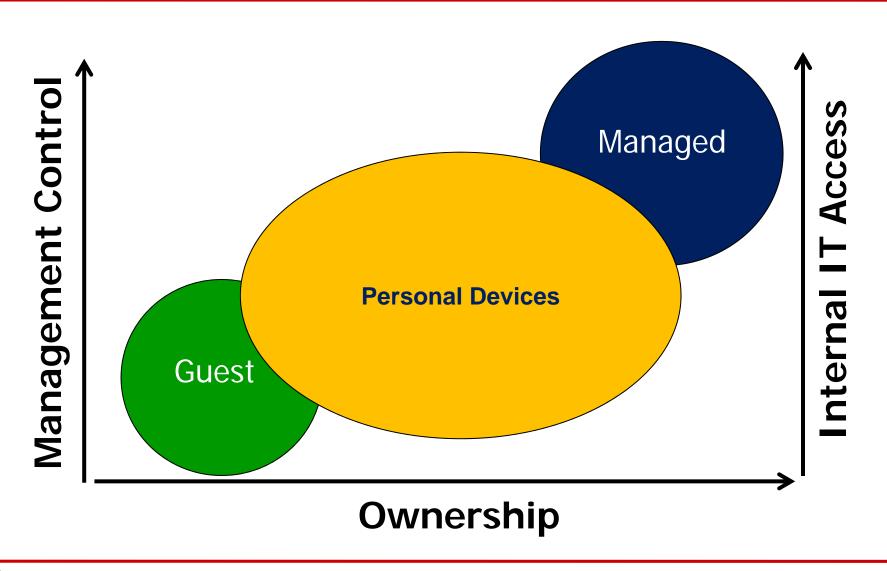
"We have met the enemy and they are us"



BYOD in Education Defined

The authorized access of nonmanaged (personal) devices to a network that serves as a conduit for computing resources and applications.

Bring Your Own Device (BYOD)



New World for HiEd

- Competitive environment
- Technology outpacing traditional controls
- Digital literacy is a universal requirement
- Institutional barriers to technologies
- Information collection



Source: Horizon Report 2012

Changes for HiEd IT

- Living Learning
- The new classroom
- More and bigger content
- Multitude of devices
- Lots of Sessions



Source: Horizon Report 2012

Key Trends

- Access whenever and where ever
- Cloud based technologies
- Decentralized IT Support
- Increase in Collaboration Tools
- Remote and Distance learning
- Internet influence on roles



Source: Horizon Report 2012

Considerations

- Data Loss
- Unwanted Users
- Unwanted Devices
- Un-desirable Activity
- Credential Sharing
- Getting to a Norm





Striking the Balance

- User buy in
- Academic freedom
- Faculty and Staff participation
- Overcoming institutional barriers to technologies
- Reaching a level of proportional security





NAC Access Control

Access Control Trends

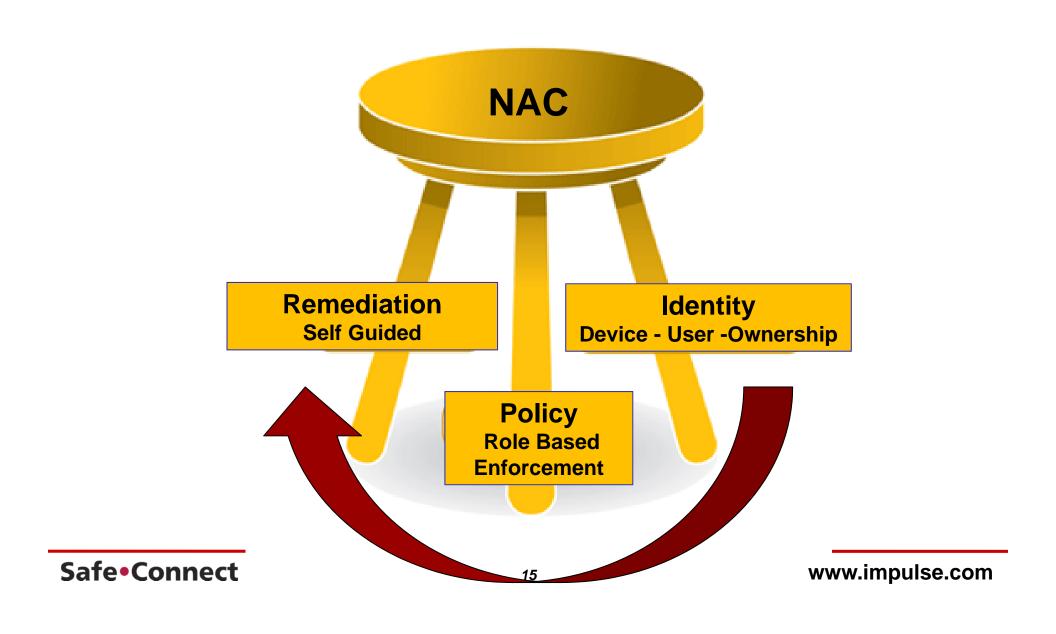
- Academic freedom argument being tempered
- Faculty and Staff is no longer off limits
- Device centric world the network is just transport
- Access to the Cloud
- Shift from Living to Learning



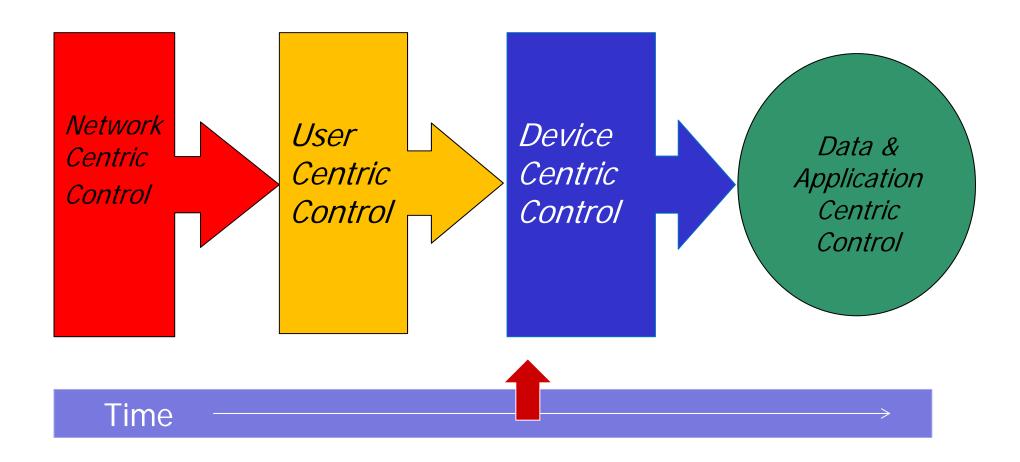
Promise of NAC

- Security solution
- Intended to three things:
 - Identity Who and What is on your network
 - Mechanism for creating a security policy
 - 3. Initiate corrective action
- Automatic user guided
- Change behavior

Visibility and Control



Evolution of NAC



User Centric Security

- Role/Identity Based
- Devices
- Location
- Application
- Bandwidth
- Address computing behavior/habits



Changing Role of NAC

- Top of the mountain "watch the watchers"
- Central repository of user identity, device type and role
- Enforcement mechanism
- New control points and levers
- New NAC "feeder mechanism"
- Move to User & Device Centric Security

Why NAC?

- Dramatic Increase in unmanaged devices
- Need to know who is on the network (Authentication)
- Need to know what is on the network (Device Identity)
- Need for management and control (Policy Enforcement)
- Different approach to Users and Device types
- Who gets what and how much (Bandwidth allocation)
- Decision based on Information
- Baseline for Mobile Device Management (MDM)

Network Access Security Threat

- Data Loss
- Unwanted users
- Unwanted devices
- Un-desirable activity
- Credential sharing

Changing Role of NAC

- Traditional NAC Review "watch the watchers"
- Central repository of user identity, device type and role
- Different methods of enforcement
- Integration with Mobile Device Management (MDM)
- New NAC "feeder mechanism"
- Move to User Centric Security Less Network Centric
- Different methods of enforcement
- Application control
- Bandwidth allocation



NAC Options

- Do nothing
- Audit
- Warn users
- Device identity and authentication
- Policy enforcement (quarantine)
- User group control and assignments
- Location based control and assignments
- Device based control and assignments
- Application based control and assignments
- Combine to other security elements



Decision Point

- Limit Risk
- Time
- Freedom
- The Network
- User Experience
- Access vs. Control
- Visibility
- Support



Scenarios

BYOD Scenarios

- 1. Limited Open
- 2. Secured Wireless
- 3. Authorized Access

Approach #1

Limited Open

- Approach
 - An open wireless SSID created for student and guests
 - User authentication or system checking not required
 - Separate from primary network
 - o Internet only
- Considerations
 - Unwanted users have access
 - o Users are unknown Anonymous copyright infringement
 - o Forum for the spread of Viruses
 - Obligation/burden of support
- NAC Security
 - o Identify what devices are connected
 - Force users to authentication
 - Match user identity to device

Approach #2

Secured Wireless

- Approach
 - Secured Wireless with user authentication required
 - Student and Guest access
 - Separate from wired network segment
 - o Internet only
- Considerations
 - Does not account for wired or VPN access
 - Access to internal resources
 - No Security policy checks
- NAC Security
 - Match user identity to device (ownership)
 - Limit or set restrictions by device type
 - Ability to trace DMCA violators
 - Allocate bandwidth by identity and device
 - Time based credentials for Guests

Approach #3

Authorized Network Access

- Approach
 - User authentication required
 - Wired and wireless network access
 - o Role based access Student , Staff, Faculty and Guests
 - Access to internal and external resources (data and applications)
- Considerations
 - Device landscape Knowing what devices are on your network
 - Device Control providing limits or restricts by device type
 - Security policy enforcement common security settings access those gaining access
 - Focus on learning Prohibiting certain applications
- NAC Security
 - Identify what devices are connected
 - Force users to authenticate
 - Match user identity to device
 - Security policy checks
 - Enforcement Action Audit, Warn or Quarantine
 - o Remediation

Recommend BYOD Best Practices

- Users authentication (all users)
- Identification of all devices
- Correlate the devices and their owners
- User role assignment based a directory group(s) setting
- Standardized security settings (all users)
- Limits/restrictions on non-learning applications
- Real time/automated notification
- Administrative Controls and Reporting

Questions

