

Qualifying Exam: CAS MA 582

Boston University, Spring 2008

1. Let $X \sim \text{Pois}(\theta)$ with unknown $\theta > 0$ to be estimated.
 - a. Find the maximum likelihood estimator (MLE) $\hat{\theta}_{MLE}$ of θ .
 - b. Show that $\hat{\theta}_{MLE}$ is unbiased for θ .
 - c. Show that $\hat{\theta}_{MLE}$ is consistent for θ .
 - d. Show that $\hat{\theta}_{MLE}$ is asymptotically normal.
 - e. Compute Fisher's Information for θ .
 - f. Is $\hat{\theta}_{MLE}$ an efficient estimator of θ ?
 - g. Find the MLE of θ^3 and prove it is consistent and asymptotically normal.

2. Recall that $X \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda)$ if X has pdf $f(x) = \lambda \exp(-\lambda x)$, for $x > 0$, and 0 elsewhere. Recall, too, that $E(X) = 1/\lambda$ in this parameterization.
 - a. Find the mgf of X .
 - b. Let X, X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be iid $\text{Exp}(\lambda)$ RV's. Show that $S_n = X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_n$ has gamma distribution $\Gamma(n, \lambda)$, written $S_n \sim \Gamma(n, \lambda)$.
 - c. Suppose R and T are iid with common mgf $M(t) = 1/(1-t)^2$. Identify the distribution of $R+T$.
 - d. If $S_n \sim \Gamma(n, \lambda)$, show that $\sqrt{n}(\frac{S_n}{n} - \frac{1}{\lambda})$ converges in distribution, and identify its asymptotic distribution completely and explicitly. (Hint: Use (b).)
 - e. Show that $\sqrt{n}(\sqrt{\frac{S_n}{n}} - \sqrt{\frac{1}{\lambda}})$ converges in distribution, and identify its asymptotic distribution completely and explicitly.

(PLEASE TURN PAGE OVER FOR PROBLEM 3)

3. A random variable (RV) X is said to have a Pareto distribution with parameters $\alpha > 0$ and $\beta > 0$ ($X : \text{Par}(\alpha, \beta)$), if the cdf $F(x)$ of X is given by

$$F(x) = F(x; \alpha, \beta) = \begin{cases} 1 - \left(\frac{\beta}{x}\right)^\alpha, & \text{for } x \geq \beta \\ 0, & \text{for } x < \beta. \end{cases}$$

- a. Find the pdf $f(x)$ of X .
- b. Find the mean of X .
- c. Let $U : \text{Unif}(0,1)$ be a RV with uniform distribution on $(0,1)$. Find a transformation $g(u)$ such that the cdf of a RV $g(U)$ coincides with $F(x)$.
- d. Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be a random sample from the Pareto distribution $X : \text{Par}(\alpha, \beta)$. Find the distribution (cdf) of the first order statistic $X_{(1)} = \min(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n)$.
- e. Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be a random sample from the Pareto distribution $X : \text{Par}(\alpha = 3, \beta)$ with unknown parameter β . Show that the statistic $\hat{\beta} = X_{(1)} = \min(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n)$ is
 - e-1) a biased estimator for β (compute the bias of $\hat{\beta}$)
 - e-2) a consistent estimator for β (Hint: use part d.)
 - e-3) a sufficient statistic for β .
- f. Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be a random sample from the Pareto distribution $X : \text{Par}(\alpha, \beta = 3)$ with unknown parameter α . Show that $\hat{\alpha} = \prod_{k=1}^n X_k$ is a sufficient statistic for α .