Free-Space Optical Communications

SNC May 8, 2008 Thomas Little

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In collaboration with
J. Carruthers and the ERC Team (BU--UNM--RPI)

"Illumination and Communication"

Three key messages

- 1. Solid State Lighting is coming
 - It brings an opportunity to embed <u>networking</u>
- 2. Pervasive Computing is upon us
 - Mobile wireless devices, embedded networked sensors, RFID, WiFi hotspots
 - Never far from the Internet (a) indoors and (b) outdoors
- 3. LED-based communication and networking has important advantages:
 - Bandwidth, bandwidth density
 - Privacy--security
 - Ubiquity if piggybacked on lighting
 - Unregulated spectrum
- ⇒ Incredible opportunity to affect new medium for ubiquitous network access











Free-Space Optical Networking: Where it Matters





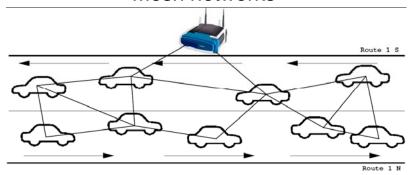
Deliver HD video to individual seats

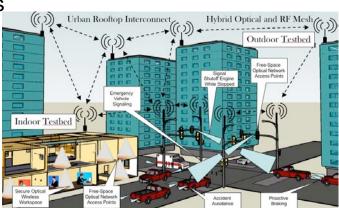
From Airbus (www.airbus.com)

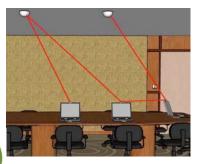
- Airbus holds > 500 people; HD requires 13 Mb/s; short range personal lighting/communication for channel isolation; copper is heavy. High bandwidth density (>10 Mb/m³)
- Localized communication between vehicles
 - Emerging safety-oriented technology: active braking, traffic monitoring; warning message propagation.
 - Directional transmission, PRF < 1%, < 100ms latency



- Finding roaming patients and doctors in a hospital; RF techniques can be problematic; lights can be uniquely modulated with ID; tagging bats; security in downlink channel. Data trickle.
- Providing opportunistic mobile access
 - Hotspots wherever there is illumination. Ubiquity.
 - Moving vehicles. Internet access
 - Mesh networks











RF (802.11) vs. Free-Space Visible Spectrum (LED)

Attribute		RF @ 2.4 GHz		LED FSO		Advantage	
Secur <mark>ity/privacy Promiscuous kno</mark>		Promiscuous, know	yn limitations, penetrates walls	Opacity, LOS, locality	locality		
Trans	Attribute		RF @ 2.4 GHz	LED FSO	Advant	age _F	
Availa	Security/privacy		Promiscuous, penetrates walls	Opacity, LOS, locality	FSC		
Point-	Available BW capacity		Limited by contention, degrades from peak	LOS permits spatial reuse	FSC	0	
Safety Interf	Cost of additional spectrum		Very high when available	None (yet)	FSO ies		
Aesth Data	Interference		Self, multipath, ISM sources	Visible natural and man made light	Varies o		
Data	Aesthetics		Additional item in room	Built into lighting	FSO °		
Data	Installation cost		Moderate - separate item	Low - piggybacked	FSC	0	
Instal Symn	Multipath		Destructive interference	Noise at receiver	FSO		
Multip Point-	Picocell deployment		Difficult to control trans. range	Directional, controllable intensity	FSO	О F	
Pico d Anter	Estimated comp.		< \$20	< \$2 (based on IrDA)	FSC	0	
Est. c	Performance under contention		Decreases with transmission footprint	Limited by no. sources, not a function of footprint	FSO 0		
Anter Volun Layer	Path redundancy		Achieved with multiple access points	Achieved with multiple LEDs	FSC	F F F	
Path redundancy Achieved with multiple access points Achieved with multiple LEDs						FSO	

Research Focus--Benefits

1. An opportunity to embed <u>networking</u>

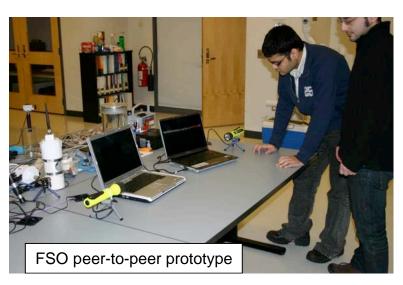
- Leverage power line modems, WiFi, lower energy use
- Networking where there is illumination

2. Ubiquitous communication is an enabler

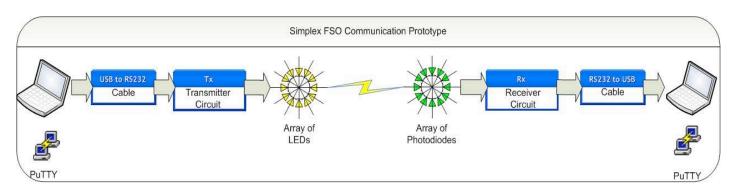
- Mobile wireless devices, embedded networked sensors, RFID, WiFi hotspots, transportation
- Never far from the Internet (a) indoors and (b) outdoors
- Better data and control from/to the physical world

3. LED-based communication and networking has important advantages:

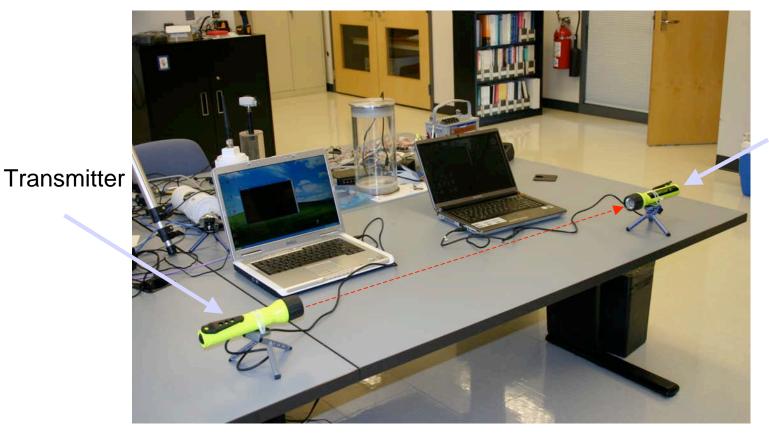
- Bandwidth, bandwidth density
- Privacy--security, bypassing RF
- Ubiquity if piggybacked on lighting
- Unregulated spectrum



Demonstration of FSO Communications using COTS Components



(PHO 445)



Receiver

- N. Barraford,
- P. Dib
- B. Gallagher
- K. Shah