In order to give you some guidance in deciding whether you should take Level 1 or Level 2, the instructors have created the following quiz. The questions below reflect knowledge that students would have acquired after having taken Level 1. The instructors recognize that some students may have acquired some or all of this knowledge already, and therefore these students may be ready to take Level 2. Other students may discover from taking this quiz that their interests would be better served by taking Level 1.

**Please do the following:**
1. Take the quiz.
2. Using the separate quiz answer sheet, grade your quiz, noting the total number of questions you answered correctly.
3. Use the comments at the end of the answer sheet to guide you in choosing to take Level 1 or Level 2.

1. Which country below is particularly noted for sizable plantings of Chenin Blanc (or as it is frequently called there, “Steen”)?
   - A. Australia
   - B. South Africa
   - C. New Zealand
   - D. Argentina

2. Which acronym (series of initials) identifies one of France's legal labeling classifications?
   - A. DOCG
   - B. AOP
   - C. AVA
   - D. DO

3. Madeira is a fortified wine made in which of the following countries?
   - A. Portugal
   - B. Spain
   - C. France
   - D. Italy

4. Spatlese is a subcategory of which German classification?
   - A. Pradikatswein
   - B. Qualitätswein
   - C. Landwein
   - D. Deutscher Wein

5. Tempranillo is an important grape variety used in the blend of which one of the following wines or wine types:
   - A. Rioja
   - B. St. Émilion
   - C. Meritage
   - D. Chianti
Level 1 vs. Level 2 Quiz

6. Which grape variety is grown in France’s Rhône Valley?
   A. Riesling   B. Sauvignon Blanc   C. Viognier   D. Sémillon

7. Vinho Verde is made in what country?
   A. France   B. Portugal   C. Spain   D. Italy

8. Pouilly-Fuissé is a white wine which is made from grapes grown in which one following areas of Burgundy?
   A. Chablis   B. Beaujolais   C. Côte d’Or   D. Mâconnais

9. Which of the following regions is not in northern Italy?
   A. Apulia   B. Veneto   C. Trentino Alto Adige   D. Friuli

10. Which one of the following countries produces the least amount of wine?
    A. Italy   B. Spain   C. United States   D. Chile

11. Sémillon generally dominates the blends of wines from which one of the following AOCs?
    A. Sauternes   B. Pauillac   C. St. Émilion   D. Pomerol

12. Cabernet Sauvignon dominates most blends in the ________ region of Bordeaux.
    A. St. Émilion   B. Pomerol   C. Haut Médoc   D. Barsac

13. Which one of the following is the most planted grape in Austria?
    A. Riesling   B. Grüner Veltliner   C. Welschriesling   D. Zweigelt
Level 1 vs. Level 2 Quiz

14. Which one of the following white grape varieties is most likely to be vinified and matured using some or all of the following methods: fermentation in barrel, aging in barrel, lees contact, second fermentation in a sealed bottle?
   A. Riesling  B. Chardonnay  C. Pinot Gris  D. Gewürztraminer

15. Which grape variety is used in the Piedmont’s Barolo and Barbaresco wines?
   A. Barbera  B. Dolcetto  C. Spanna  D. Nebbiolo

16. Which one of the following wine zones is in New Zealand’s South Island?
   A. Marlborough  B. Hawkes Bay  C. Gisborne  D. Wairarapa

17. The Gewürztraminer grape is grown extensively in which one of the following French regions?
   A. The Loire Valley  B. Alsace  C. The Rhône Valley  D. Provence

18. White Sancerre is made from the _____________ grape.
   A. Chenin Blanc  B. Riesling  C. Chardonnay  D. Sauvignon Blanc

19. The red grape used in Beaujolais is _____________.
   A. Pinot Noir  B. Cabernet Franc  C. Gamay  D. Grenache

20. Vino Nobile di Montepulciano is made mostly from the _____________ grape.
   A. Montepulciano  B. Nebbiolo  C. Refosco  D. Sangiovese