Sun-Earth Connections Virtual Conference Series

CAWSES, ILWS, IHY, eGY, ICESTAR, NSF, SEE

Our Goal is to Identify the "Grand Challenges" in Heliophysics

- We plan to hold the first of virtual conference series in 23-27 October 2006.
- This workshop is a testbed toward enabling the international community to address interdisciplinary "Grand Challenges"
 - We want to identify important science questions.
 - We want to identify the technology that must be present in our to carry out the workshop.
 - What works? How well does it work? What more do we need?

Needs Identified

The Big Problems

- Characterizing the simultaneous couplings & feedbacks - requires large (international) data sets
 - Need observations in a range of locations within the system
 - Micro- and macro- scales are both important in space & time
 - Need global specification of key parameters (snapshots not climatologies)
- Identifying the physical mechanisms that underlie the system behaviors accelerated by the use of high performance computers & cyberinfrastructure
 - Global & assimilative models are the best (and possibly only) means of exploring the system behavior
 - Close coupling between data and models is necessary

New Tools

- Cyberinfrastructure
 - Virtual observatories
 - Data mining
 - Mapping between regions
 - Information commons
 - Electronic journals
 - Software
 - Empirical models
- Virtual Conference/Workshop Facilities --> Distributed dynamic virtual collaborations - The Human Element/
 - Utilize cyberinfrastructure to accelerate the pace of scientific discovery
 - Catalyze interdisciplinary research
 - Educate researchers about the key questions in other disciplines
 - Provide global context
 - Educate international students
 - Build science capacity in developing countries

Our goal is not to run another event study.

- Our goal is to define those problems and locate and analyze the data that enable us to address grand challenges in the study of the interaction of the Sun and Earth.
- In the following slide we provide an example of an event.

Selecting a Grand Challenge Problem in Heliophysics Provides Focus

<u>Criteria</u>

- Problem is interdisciplinary and on a large enough scale that community collaboration using large distributed data sets, and high performance computing are needed to make progress
 - No one team can address the issues.

Preliminary Selection

- Preliminary analysis of CAWSES campaign & comparison events in small interdisciplinary workshops (CEDAR 2005, Stanford CAWSES Space Weather Workshop 2005)
 - We want to build on these pathfinding meetings.

Final Selection of Questions:

- Carried out soon based on inputs from CAWSES, ICESTAR, ILWS, IHY, eGY organizers via the Internet
 - We solicit input from the community.



Systematic Signature of Super Substorms





May 15, 2005

Min Bz ~ -40 nT Duration of -Bz ~ 3hrs Min Dst ~-250 nT Vsw ~ 900 km/s Max Pdyn ~ 40 nPa

Unusual Signatures throughout the Sun-Earth System

PRELIMINARY ANALYSIS

- AR 798 anemone active region.
 [Ayumi Asai, NSRO, 2005]
- Produced CME with high velocity; high dynamic pressure in the sheath
- A major substorm was triggered just as the IMF Bz reached it's minimum values
- Unusual auroral oval configuration with large vortex on the dawn side and double oval structures (possibly another vortex) on the duskside. Thick nightside oval & very thin dayside oval. [Kozyra et al., Spring AGU, 2006]
- Evidence for new type of stormsubstorm coupling



20 Aug 2005, 00:50 UT Anemone Active Region [Asai, Stanford Workshop, Dec. 2005]



Return to the Auroral Oval on a voyage of discovery that commemorates the 50th Anniversary of IGY- Be a Part of History

- Power of IGY's Past and Present: In 1957/58 during the International Geophysical Year (IGY) a global picture of substorm phases emerged
- Related New Discovery:
 - In 2005, an unusual auroral oval configuration, not previously reported.
 - Appears to occur systematically during large substorms in the main phase of superstorms ..
- What are the processes at the Sun that produce these extreme disturbances? In the May and August 2005 events, active regions on the sun were closely associated with coronal holes. How configuration produced? How effect CME release?
- Does the transit across interplanetary space cause significant modifications to the disturbance? Short-lived spike of extreme southward IMF
- Has geospace crossed the threshhold to a different state?
 - Extreme southward Bz Does short time frame changes how energy distributed throughout geospace?
 - Large vortex-like structure on the dawnside oval. If mapped to the equatorial plane has implications
 - For mass and energy transfer from the solar wind into the magnetosphere,
 - For new modes of coupling between storms and substorms,
 - For new types of stormtime energy dissipation within geospace,
 - Consequences throughout the coupled ionosphere/atmospheric system.

CAWSES Focus for IGY Celebration

- Join a Historical Effort: Contribute to the historical 50th anniversary by
 - Joining with other scientists worldwide to investigate the state of the Sun-Earth system during extreme events.
 - Test how the human element in science can join together and use cyberinfrastructure to attack grand challenge issues.
 - Explore new electronic capabilities: virtual conference, virtual observatories, assimilative models, global sun-to-Earth models, etc.
- The IHY presents an important opportunity to explore this state using international assets and scientific talent
- Join in a worldwide effort to define the state of the sun-Earth system crossing the threshold to super substorms

What is the state of the Sun-Earth System during Extreme Events?

SUN & HELIOSPHERE

- What effect does close proximity to an coronal hole have on the release & propagation of CMEs?
- Does an active region leave a "fingerprint" on the CMEs? Do they have common characteristics?
- How important was propagation in producing extreme spike of IMF Bz?

MAGNETOSPHERE

- How important is the duration of the IMF Bz in how energy is apportioned?
- Do vortices have implications for mass & energy transport from solar wind into magnetosphere
- Do super substorms reflect a new state of the magnetosphere

- Underlying physical processes?
- Explain some of the unusual features of superstorms?
- New form of storm substorm coupling? New energy dissipation?

IONOSPHERE - ATMOSPHERE

- How do these large current vortices effect the state of the ionosphere-atmosphere
- Strong sources of Joule heating?
- Produce upwelling or other feedbacks to the magnetosphere?
- Dawnside neutral wind vortices?

Crossing the Threshhold to Superstorms



International and Interdisciplinary Sun-Earth Connections Online Conference Series Grand Challenge Issues and Critical Underlying Processes in Sun-Earth System Science

Session 1: 23-27 Oct 2006. The state of the Sun-Earth system during extreme events. Data Exchange. Return to the Auroral Oval for the 50th Anniversary of the International Geophysical Year.

Other sessions in series

Welcome to Session 1 of the SEC Virtual Conference, Return to the Auroral Oval. This event was designed to bring together researchers worldwide to investigate the state of the sun-Earth system during extreme space weather events in celebration of the 50th anniversary of the International Geophysical Year. The focus of this session is on understanding Sun-Earth interactions in the context of a complex natural system- from micro to macro level, in both space and time. Transformative science in this area lies at the edges and intersections of individual elements (the Sun, heliosphere, magnetosphere, ionosphere and atmosphere) whose collective behavior determines the global system response.. Continuing progress requires access to a vast developing cyber-infrastructure of large international data sets, high-performance computing and advanced visualization, and the development of new types of interdisciplinary and international research interactions (the human side).

Sponsored by: CAWSES, NASA/LWS, eGY, IHY, NSF, and ICESTAR

Goal: To catalyze interdisciplinary investigations among large groups of researchers worldwide in celebration of the 50th anniversary in 2007 of the International Geophysical Year during which worldwide resources will again be focused on accelerating the pace of discovery in Sun-Earth system science.

International and Interdisciplinary

Sun-Earth Connections Online Conference Series

Grand Challenge Issues and Critical Underlying Processes in Sun-Earth System Science

Draft Series Schedule

- Oct 2006: Conf 1. The state of the Sun-Earth system during extreme events. Return to the Auroral Oval for the 50th Anniversary of the International Geophysical Year: Data Exchange.
- Feb 2007: Conf 2. The Quiet Sun and the Geospace Ground State: Data Exchange. (Collaboration with atmospheric coupling - Oct/Nov 2005: focus on wave influences on IT system mesosphere-stratosphere meteorology on auroral NOx transport)
- Jun 2007: Conf 3. The state of the Sun-Earth system during extreme events. Return to the Auroral Oval for the 50th Anniversary of the International Geophysical Year: Theory and Modeling
- Oct 2007: Conf 4. The Quiet Sun and the Geospace Ground State: Theory & Modeling

Include standing session in all of these on analysis of CAWSES campaign results ?

Online Conferencing - Apply lessons learned by other groups

Pros

- Cost effective way to bring together geographically dispersed group
- Maximize participation across nations and disciplines
- Easy to source and circulate new material to participants digitally
- Time for reflection: Asynchronous systems give participants the time to review previous messages, check references, and take any amount of time to compose a message.
- Freedom from time zones: Because asynchronous systems allow 24-hr access, people can participate in local time.

Cons

- Restriction of text-based communication:
 - Communication in such an environment, without visual or auditory cues that form70% of F2F communication, does not come naturally to most people.
- Challenges with group synergy: More difficult to socialize or form a connection with other participants than in an F2F forum. Use of photos helps with this.
- Lack of a captive audience: The greatest benefit of online conferencing- flexibility of access
 becomes a liability if you're trying to move to a more profound analysis of a topic.





Plenary Session

Keynote: Short history of auroral substorm observations beginning in the IGY 1957-58 and continuing up to new signatures 50 years later.

Focused Tutorials:

On processes and outstanding problems of the various system components from sunto-Earth with emphasis on aspects relevant to the topics of this conference.

Purpose:

To educate scientists in other disciplines

Resource for students worldwide



Parallel Sessions



Flexible session structure

Create cross-disciplinary sections where needed to attack major issues

Moderators create session summaries updated daily



The CCMC Has Made a Commitment to Support the Information Commons

Home Home

View Run Results Search Simulation Results Database

ССМС

Special Sun-Earth Connection Events

3D VRML Output for Selected Events

Sitemap

Suntor: <u>Mr. Anna Chulski</u> IASA Official: <u>Dr. Michael Hesse</u>

rivacy, Security, Notices

Special Sun-Earth Connection Events

The Community Coordina

Modeling Center

NAST

A Special Sun-Earth Connection Event is usually a big storm or a series of storms that attracts the attention of the space science community. Working groups such as Geospace Environment Modeling (GEM) sometimes identify Special Sun-Earth Connection Events. The CCMC provides model run results for these events.

Big Storms

NASA AFMC AFOSR A

- April 14-24, 2002 Storm
- March 31 April 1, 2001 Storm
- July 14-16, 2000 Storm

SHINE Campaigns events

- May 12, 1997
- May 1, 1998
- April 21, 2002
- August 24, 2002

CAWSES Internet Campaign events

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11000111111111111111111111111111111111	Longer Description Something like: My data is really cool it has groovy numbers about many groovy things.		
	Observatory: Instrument:		
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Sponsors/Partners



Planned Scientific Organizing Committee

- CAWSES Space Weather Panel and Subpanels, Gang Lu (CAWSES Atmospheric Coupling)
- IHY: Joe Davila, Alex Young
- eGY: Michele Weiss, William Peterson, Peter Fox
- NASA/LWS: Larry Zanetti, Nicola Fox, Danny Morrison, Robin Barnes
- ICESTAR: Kristi Kauristie, Alan Weatherwax, Aaron Ridley
- Others?



Library

• Journal articles about, and relevant to, the selected events & focus areas:

AGU journals, JASTP, Annales Geophysicae, etc.

- ✦Began discussions with Judy Holoviak at AGU about a limited conference subscription
- +Other journal discussions to follow
- List of relevant books with links to publishers
- Preprints from participants



Student Resumes & Information

Post of Student Resumes Student Job Opportunities Summer Schools University Space Science Programs Fellowship Opportunities Others



Example Participants Information

Break Room



Janet Kozyra

University of Michigan, AOSS Department, 1414A Space Research Bldg, 2455 Hayward, Ann Arbor, Michigan, USA 48109-2143 Email: jukozyra@engin.umich.edu, Phone: (734) 647-3550 Fax: (734) 647-3083, URL: http://aoss.engin.umich.edu

Research Interest: Geospace Coupling, Sun-Earth system science

- Interdisciplinary scientist, TIMED (Thermosphere, Ionosphere, Mesosphere Energetics and Dynamics) Mission.
- Co-Chair, CAWSES Space Weather Panel
- Moderator, Interdisciplinary Synthesis Sessions



Thomas Zurbuchen

University of Michigan, AOSS Department, 2429A Space Research Bldg, 2455 Hayward, Ann Arbor, Michigan, USA 48109-2143 Email: thomasz@umich.edu, Phone: (734) 647-6835 Fax: (734) 615-9723, URL: http://aoss.engin.umich.edu

Research Interest: Theoretical models for all major phenomena in solar atmosphere and its expansion into the heliosphere, instrumentation for composition of space plasmas

• Instrument Scientist, Mercury Messenger

Tentative Schedule



Next Steps

- CAWSES, ICESTAR, ILWS, eGY2007, IHY2007 committees develop plan for science topics, presenters and themes for the Virtual Conference. Community input.
- Collaborators and Presenters fill the Information Commons between now and the eWorkshop
- Key data sets are selected for the Virtual Observatories
- Key data analysis products, tuned to the chosen questions, are produced & made available in the Information Commons (i.e., assimilative maps of potential, field-aligned currents, and electric fields)
- Tentative dates for the campaign is 23-27 October 2006.