



Exercises: Isaga 7, Inkomo ingazala umuntu

Umbuzo 1

*Write a summary of the story in isiZulu.
Bhala isifinyezo sendaba ngesiZulu.*

Umbuzo 2

*Write the proverb in isiZulu. Translate into English. Explain the meaning.
Bhala isaga ngesiZulu. Humusha ngesiNgisi. Chaza ingqondo.*

Isaga ngesiZulu:

Proverb in English (Literal):

Meaning / Ingqondo:

Umbuzo 3

*Answer the questions.
Phendula imibuzo.*

1. Ekuqaleni, abasha badansaphi?
2. Abasha baphuzani?
3. Esontweni, ngubani ohlezi ngaphambili?
4. Kungani emangele amakhosazana esontweni?

5. Ucabanga ukuthi insizwa iphendukile? Chaza.

Umbuzo 4

Chose the correct answer.

Khetha impendulo elungile.

1. Sibona abasha endaweni yokuphaka izimoto. Benzani?

Bayadansa

Bagibela isithuthuthu

Bangabalindi

2. Abasha baphuzani?

Baphuza ubisi

Baphuza ubhiya notshwala

Abaphuzi lutho

3. Ingxenywe yesibili, insizwa ihleziphi?

Esikoleni

Esiteshini samaphoyisa

Esontweni

4. Umfundisi ukhuluma ngabantu

abanika imali

abaphendukayo

abadla amaswidi amaningi

5. Amantombazana amangalisiwe ngoba

Inkomo ingena esontweni

Insizwa iphenduke kwimikhuba emibi

Umfundisi ucula umculo kaMichael Jackson

Umbuzo 5

Listen to the video clip and fill in the blank with the Zulu word used by the speakers.

Lalala ividiyo bese ugcwalisa izikhala. Sebenzisa amagama asetshenziswa ngabantu abakhulumayo.

1. Umfundisi: Sihlangene lapha ngendaba enkulu, i _____ yethu eyasifelayo esiphambanweni.

2. Umfundisi: Eee...Ngokuphuthuma nje isikhathi, ngizophuthuma laphayana eZwini eNcwadini eNgewele, isahluko lesiyana, hho incwadi kaZikhronike isahluko esesikhombisa, ngizo _____ ivesi nje libe linye , ivesi lika-14, elifundeka kanje: “Bazithobe abantu ababizwa nge _____ lami”

3. Umfundisi: Liyakhuluma izwi bazalwane. Likhuluma ngento enkulu yoku _____. Uma sikhuluma ngokuphenduka bazalwane, sikhuluma ngento enkulu.

4. Umfundisi: Umuntu ahambe ezindleleni ezi____, kuze kube uyosithela phansi e_____.

5. Inkosazana: Hhayi, inkomo ingazala _____!

Umbuzo 6

Find the pairs.

Thola amabhanqa.

1. Inkosi yethu
2. Ingoma
3. Isondo
4. Umfundisi
5. Ibandla
6. Ukuthandaza
7. Ivesi
8. Ububele
9. Isono
10. Ameni
- A. Compassion, generosity
- B. Church
- C. Minister
- D. Amen
- E. Hymn
- F. To pray
- G. Sin
- H. Verse
- I. Congregation
- J. Our Lord

Umbuzo 7

Use the words or phrases to create complete sentences in isiZulu.

Sebenzisa amagama nezisho ukwenza imisho ephelileyo.

1. Ukuphuthuma
2. Ivesi
3. Ukuphenduka
4. Izindlela ezimbi
5. Obephethe abantwana ngala nangala

Umbuzo 8

Review of the passive: *Zalwa is a passive voice form that comes from -zala. Make the verbs passive. Then translate into English. Don't forget that in the passive voice, there are sound changes when the consonant clusters 'mb, ph, b, and m' occur in the middle or end of the verb.*

Hlaziya impambosi yokwenziwa: *U-zalwa yigama elikwimpambosi yokwenziwa elivela ku-zala. Yenza izezo zibe sempambosini yokwenziwa, bese usihumushela esiNgisini. Mus'ukukhohlwa ukuthi empambosini yokwenziwa kukhona ukushintsha kwemisindo lapho ongwaqa '-mb, ph, b no-m' bephakathinoma ekugcineni kwegama.*

1. ukuthanda
2. ukubona
3. ukufunda
4. ukupheka
5. ukudlala
6. ukumema
7. ukusebenzisa
8. ukuqoqa
9. ukukhombisa
10. ukuhamba

Umbuzo 9

Debate: *It appears that this young man has made a dramatic change in his lifestyle. Do you think he will go back to his old ways or has he changed for real? Create two teams and debate.*

Ingxoxo: *Kubonakala sengathi impilo yale nsizwa iphendukile kakhulu. Ucabanga ukuthi uzobuyela umuva ezindleleni zakhe ezindala noma ucabanga ukuthi useshintshile ngempela? Yenzani amaqembu amabili nixoxe.*

Umbuzo 10

Other Proverbs: *There are many proverbs and expressions in English about a person changing or not changing. For example, one might say, "you can't teach an old dog new tricks". In isiZulu, write about this expression or any similar one you may come up with. Write as if you are explaining the proverb to a isiZulu speaker who may have never heard it before.*

Ezinye Izaga: *Kukhona izaga nezisho eziningi esiNgisini ngokuphenduka noma ukungaphenduki*

komuntu. Ngesibonelo, umuntu angathi, “angekhe ufundise inja endala imikhuba emisha.” Bhala ngesi saga ngesiZulu, noma esinye esifana naso ongasicabanga. Bhala kube ngathi usichasisela umZulu ongakaze asizwe lesi saga ngaphambili.